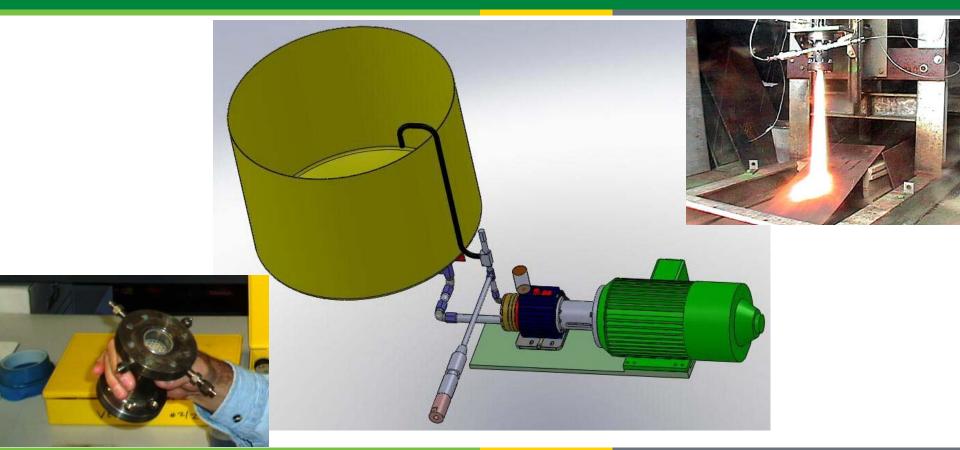
Geothermal Technologies Program 2010 Peer Review



Energy Efficiency & Renewable Energy



Controlled Rapid Pressurization Using Liquid Propellants for EGS Well Stimulation

May 18, 2010

This presentation does not contain any proprietary confidential, or otherwise restricted information.

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Chemistry, Reservoir and Integrated Models

Overview

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- Project Overview
 - Timeline
 - Project start date FY 2010, Project end date FY 2011

 Currently 5% complete
 - Budget
 - Non ARRA project funded by DOE Geothermal total budget, FY10-11 \$250k
 - Barriers
 - None Identified
 - Partners
 - None Identified

Why Use liquid propellants for well stimulation?

- Propellants can provide another option for reservoir stimulation
 - Injection and subsequent reaction of liquid propellants provides another potential method for enhancing formation permability
 - Surface control of reaction rates
 - Alternative load paths
 - Possible propellant reactions *within* reservoir
 - Conceptually suitable for initial and subsequent stimulations
- No liquid propellant injection system exists



Project objective

 Investigate the use of "non-toxic" or negligible environmental impact liquid propellants for the stimulation of geothermal fields.

Scientific/Technical Approach

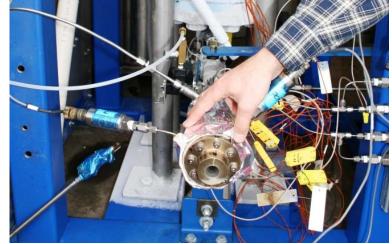
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF

- Approach
 - Review past efforts
 - Develop feasible stimulation scenarios where controlled propellant could have an advantage
 - Evaluate possible liquid propellants
 - Design a conceptual system (flow rates, equipment needs)
 - Determine feasibility today and in the future
- Milestones
 - Literature search on tailored pulse loading (June, 10, complete)
 - Stimulation scenarios / discussions with industry (Aug, 10)
 - Determine pressurization rate requirements, (Nov, 10)
 - Conceptual system design (Feb, 11)
 - Feasibility assessment (Mar, 11)

Project Subtopics Include:

- Identify propellants
 - Monopropellants & possible bi-propellants
- Leverage commercial components if possible
 - Pumps- Positive displacement high pressure diaphr
 - Gas generators- catalytic or thermal









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Project Management/Coordination



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- Schedule
 - Schedule based on previously discussed milestones
 - Currently 5% complete, (starting)
- Application of resources
 - Sandia Geothermal Department –
 - External explosives/propellant consultant- P.W. Cooper
- Coordination with industry
 - Industrial partner possibilities

Future Directions

- Propellants have been used by others, critical to determine if controlled propellant deflagration system is feasible, if so:
 - Move beyond the conceptual design phase
 - Component level testing (leveraging from other development programs)
 - Identify potential partners (operators, service companies, labs)
 - Design test plan
 - Perform field testing

Summary

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- Controlled Rapid Pressurization Using Liquid Propellants for EGS Well project funded
- Explosive/propellant consultant identified
- Preliminary SNL literature search completed
- Remaining tasks:
 - Estimate the pressure pulse requirements for stimulating a typical reservoir.
 - Identify candidate liquid propellants that could be used in a gas generator to produce hot high pressure gas.
 - Determine liquid propellants flow rates in order to size the overall system (pumps, tanks, feed lines, gas generator injectors, etc).
 - Develop a conceptual design of down-hole gas generator system and make recommendations as to the viability of producing the overall system.