## Residential Retrofits in the Southeast: A Performance Update

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for

Building America Stakeholder Meeting 3/1/2012











## Project Goals

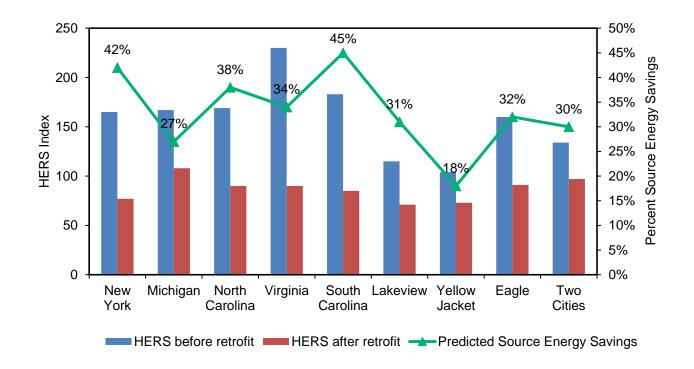
- 1. Can we retrofit existing homes to achieve energy savings of more than 30%
- 2. Can we **cost effectively** retrofit existing homes to achieve energy savings of more than 30%
- 3. Will homeowners pay for retrofits that achieve energy savings of more than 30%
- 4. Will reality (i.e. utility bills) match the projected energy savings
- In the event any of the answers to questions 1-4 is NO, what are obstacles to YES





## Project Overview

Nine homes received retrofits with projected source energy savings that ranged from 18% to 45%



Retrofit measures include: HVAC replacement and upgrade, water heater replacement and upgrade, wall cavity insulation (i.e. drill and fill), attic sealing and insulation, crawlspace sealing, air sealing, etc.





### Picking up from our Last Building America Meeting





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**Home Type:** Existing Single-Family

Location: Atlanta, GA

**Size:** 3,703 sq. ft. **Date Built:** 1920's

IECC Climate Zone: 3

**HERS**: 169

Air infiltration: 12,691 cfm50 (i.e. 20.6 ACH)

**Duct blaster test**: 22% (attic), ?? (crawlspace)

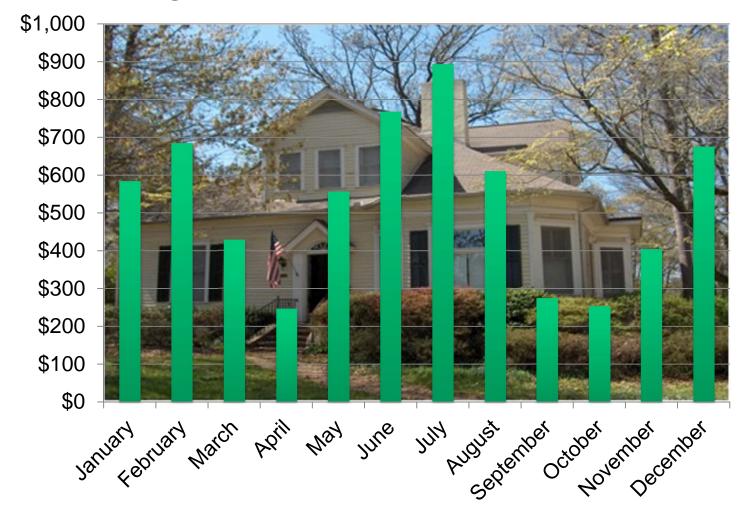
Cooling equipment: 3.5 ton, 9.3 SEER (crawlspace); 2.5 ton, 9.5 SEER (attic)
Heating equipment: 0.91 AFUE (x2)

Water heating equipment: 0.59 energy factor





# Tenant has Significantly High Utility Bills (\$6,380/year\*)



Total







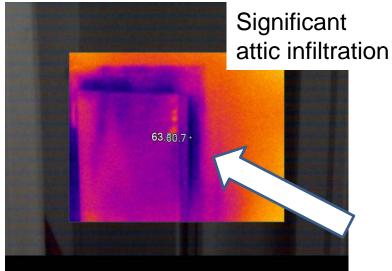


## Many Problems Exist













## The Solution,







Attic/	R-38 blown fiberglass and other air sealing measures / R-15 open-cell	
Knee walls	foam	
Foundation Walls	R-13 (close-cell foam on walls), R-11 (open-cell foam on band),	
Foundation waiis	New vapor barrier	
Cooling	4-ton, 16 SEER (first floor)	
Cooling	2.5-ton, 16 SEER (second floor)	
DHW	50 gal. Heat Pump Water Heater	



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Total Cost: \$35,750, Projected Source Energy Savings: 38%

## Impact on Home Diagnostics

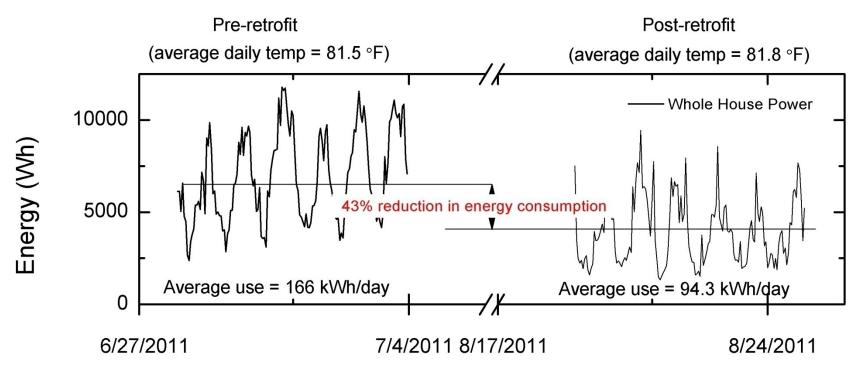
Retrofit Measure Tested	Blower Door Test Result (CFM <sub>50</sub> /ACH <sub>50</sub> )	Percent Reduction
Initial	12,690 / 20.6	
Attic Sealing on Ceiling Plane+ Knee walls Sealed with Open Cell Foam + Window Repaired	10,400 / 16.9	18%
Crawlspace Band Sealed with Open-Cell Foam	9,651 / 15.7	7%
Foundation Wall Sealed with Closed-Cell Foam	7,688 / 12.8	18%
Final	7,688 / 12.8	39%

Duct Leakage (% to outside) –					
Notes: (% to outside) – CFM <sub>25</sub> /conditioned area (ft <sup>2</sup> )					
	System 2		System 2		
	System 1		(first floor)		
	(second floor)				
	CFM <sub>25</sub>	% Leakage to Outside		CFM <sub>25</sub>	% Leakage to Outside
Initial	283	22%		Could not pressurize	
Post	43	3%		103	4%
% Reduction	85%	85%		%	%



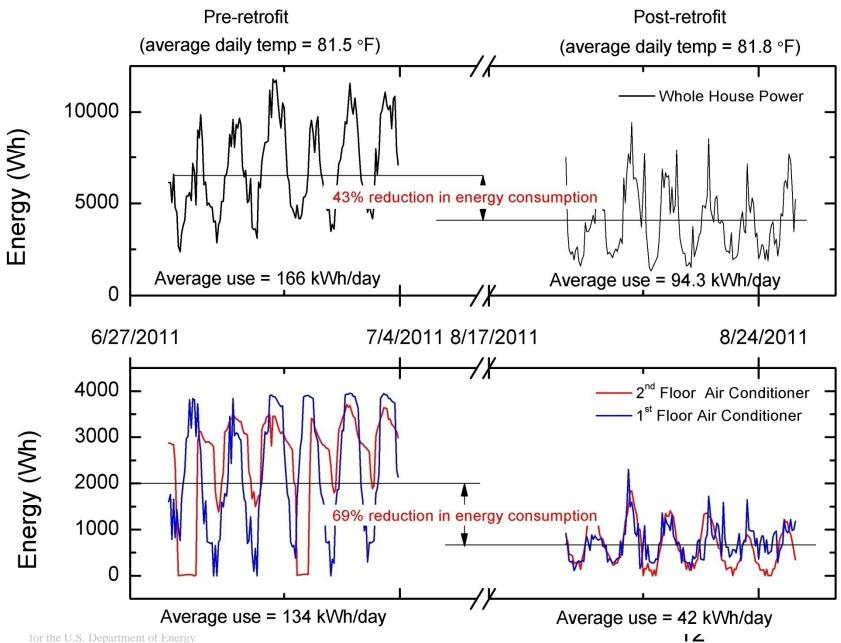


## **Energy Savings**

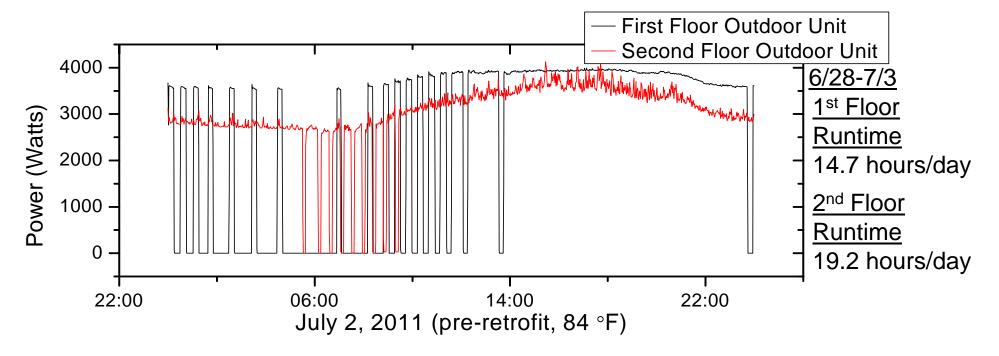




#### **Energy Savings**



#### A Closer Look at HVAC Performance



#### Retrofit included:

- Per Manual J determination, the first floor AC capacity was increased to 4 ton from 3.5 ton
- Decreased infiltration from 20.6 ACH to 12.8 ACH
- Added insulation to knee walls
- Sealed and insulated crawlspace
- Brought the first floor ducts into the conditioned space



#### Retrofit Results: Shorter runtimes, lower power consumption First Floor Outdoor Unit Second Floor Outdoor Unit 4000 6/28-7/3 1st Floor 3000 Power (Watts) Runtime 2000 14.7 hours/day 2<sup>nd</sup> Floor 1000 <u>Runtime</u> 0 19.2 hours/day 06:00 14:00 22:00 22:00 July 2, 2011 (pre-retrofit, 84 °F) First Floor Outdoor Unit 3500 Second Floor Outdoor Unit 3000 <u>8/19 – 8/24</u> 2500 Power (Watts) 2000 1<sup>st</sup> Floor <u>Runtime</u> 1500 6.6 hours/day 1000 500 2<sup>nd</sup> Floor <u>Runtime</u> 0 02:00 8.4 hours/day 02:00 06:00 10:00 14:00 18:00 22:00 22:00 Managed by UT-Battelle 14 for the U.S. Department of Energy August 20, 2011 (post-retrofit, 83 °F)

#### Residential Retrofit: Lakeview









**Home Type:** Existing Single-Family

Location: Duluth, GA

**Size:** 1,710 sq. ft. **Date Built:** 1985

IECC Climate Zone: 3

**HERS:** 115

Air infiltration: 2,670 cfm50 (i.e. 11.7 ACH)

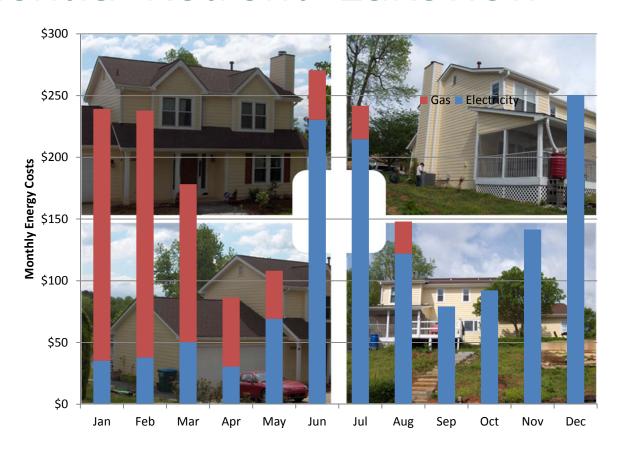
**Duct blaster test**: 31%

Cooling equipment: 3.5 ton, 12 SEER (attic)

**Heating equipment**: 0.80 AFUE **Water heating equipment**: 0.9 EF



#### Residential Retrofit: Lakeview



Total annual energy costs of \$2,074 (~80 MMBtu of site energy)



## Primary Retrofit Measures

Attic	Attic encapsulated with R-21 open-cell spray foam on roofline	
Cooling	2 ton, 18 SEER (original cooling unit was a 3.5 ton, 12 SEER unit)	
Heating	8.9 HSPF ducted inverter heat pump	
Water Heating	Solar Thermal Water Heater with a 80 gallon storage tank	









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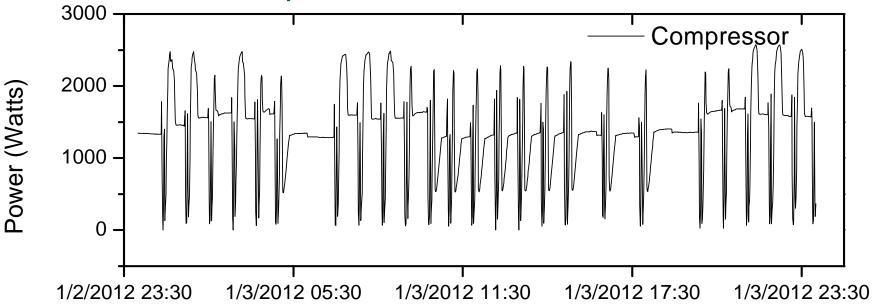




Retrofit Measure Tested	Blower Door Test Result (CFM <sub>50</sub> /ACH <sub>50</sub> )	Percent Reduction
Initial	2,670/ 11.7	
Final	2,110/ 10.1	21%

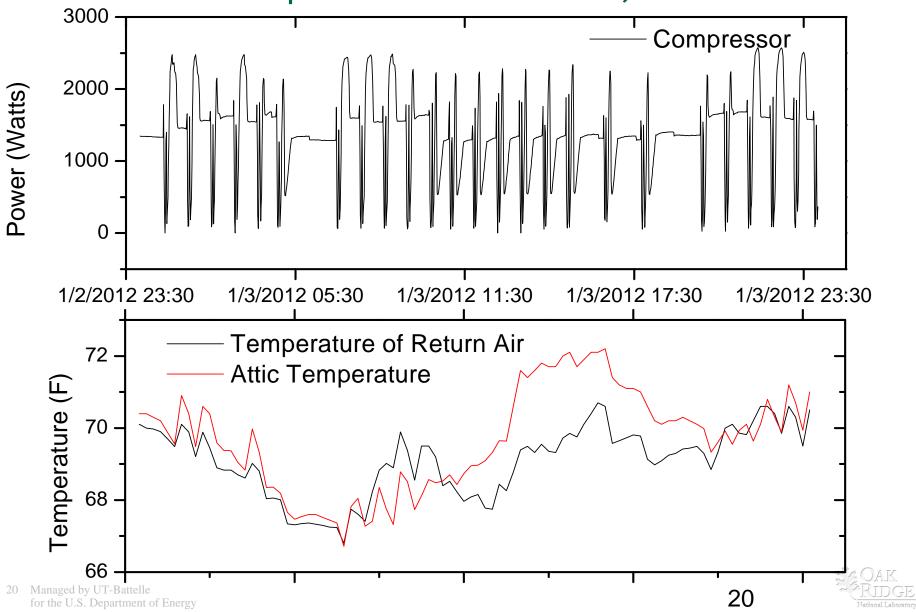
Duct Leakage (% to outside) –			
Notes: (% to outside) – CFM <sub>25</sub> /conditioned area (ft <sup>2</sup> )			
	CFM <sub>25</sub>	% Leakage to	
	CF1V1 <sub>25</sub>	Outside	
<b>Pre-Retrofit</b>	530	31%	
Post-Retrofit	110	6.4%	
% Reduction	79%	79%	

# No Resistance Heat Needed!!!! (Mean Outdoor Temperature = 27°F)



The Daikin variable capacity heat pump is able to maintain homeowner comfort levels on one of the coldest days of the year.

# No Resistance Heat Needed!!!! (Mean Outdoor Temperature = 27°F)



#### But What About Behavior???



#### But What About Behavior???

## 10 homeowners volunteered for deep retrofit research project in east TN

- Despite motivation, the level of retrofit activity varied widely
  - 5 households installed most or all recommended measures
  - 2 households installed some measures
  - 3 households have done nothing to date





### Homeowners' perspectives: key to developing a market for deep home retrofits

#### Why do they participate? Multiple motivations

- Opportunism
  - Undertaking major renovations, so why not incorporate measures?
  - Marginal costs, disruption, time
- Enhance efficiency, reduce bills
  - In preparation for retirement
- Align with their principles
- Demonstrate and educate

Main drivers often are NOT energy or sustainability, or desire to lower utility bills

#### What do they choose to do? Bases for choices vary

- Desired outcomes *plus* energy
  - Windows as example: aesthetics + weak link in buttressed envelope
- Rough cost/benefit calculation
  - May *not* expect financial payback
  - Make their own 'calculations'
    - No observed problem, so not worth the cost— but information can alter choice
- Disruption/mess
  - Not a problem when major renovation

Many measures are INVISIBLE (insulation, sealing ducts, etc.) and not easily amenable to showing off



## Interim findings from homeowners implications for expanding the market?

- Point of entry—major renovations or repairs (timing of appeal may matter)
  - How to gain that entry via information, incentives, etc.?
  - How to expand?
    - To less major renovations or repairs (e.g., new siding)
  - Don't ignore energy/sustainability, lower utility bills
- Unbiased expertise is valued highly
  - Understanding rationale, 'negotiating' which measures to adopt
    - Individual measures plus portfolio of measures
- Quality of work is major issue
  - Who assures that work is done properly?
    - Credibility of contractors
    - Variability in quality of work done...even via same contractor



#### Retrofit Lessons Learned:

- 1. Can we retrofit existing homes to achieve energy savings of more than 30% --- I think so
- 2. Can we **cost effectively** retrofit existing homes to achieve energy savings of more than 30% --- Not today (more research is needed ©)
- 3. Will homeowners pay for retrofits that achieve energy savings of more than 30% --- Maybe
- 4. Will reality (i.e. utility bills) match the projected energy savings - I don't know yet

#### **Questions remaining**

- Are "deep energy" retrofits the right approach?
  - Would a "phased" approach where envelope measures are completed first so that equipment can be better sized
  - Inconvenience to homeowners of extensive work (i.e. time away from work/pleasure)
- How can we cost-effectively commission retrofits
- How do we bring down the costs of deep energy retrofits



#### Thank You

#### **Acknowledgements:**

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#### North Carolina Power Consumption

