

RPSEA Onshore Program Overview and Research Highlights

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rpsea.org

Mission & Goals

- Small Producer Mission & Goals
 - Increase supply from mature resources
 - Reduce cost
 - Increase efficiency
 - Improve safety
 - Minimize environmental impact

Unconventional Gas Mission & Goal

- Economically viable technologies to allow <u>environmentally acceptable</u> development of unconventional gas resources
 - Gas Shales
 - Tight Sands
 - Coalbed Methane



Environmental Issues

- Hydraulic Fracturing
- Land Use
- > Air Emissions
- > Water Usage
- > Water Quality
- > Traffic
- > Road Damage
- Noise
- > Wildlife
- Image Deficit





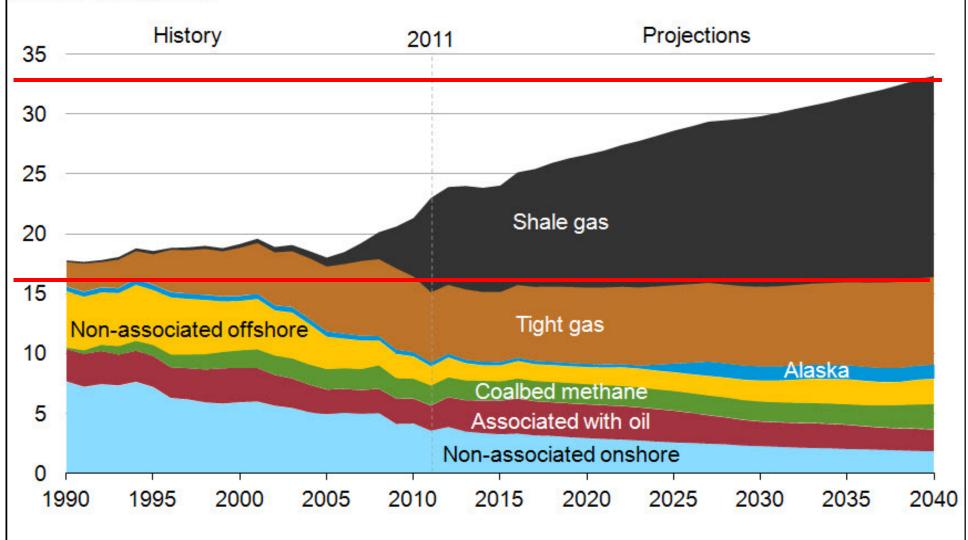






U.S Gas Production





Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration, Annual Energy Outlook 2013 Early Release

Onshore Projects

Unconventional Resources

60 Projects 27 Completed

Small Producers

30 Projects
11 Completed



| | Gas Shales | | Tight Sands | |
|---|---|--|--|--|
| Integrated Basin Analysis | New Albany (GTI) \$3.4 Marcellus (GTI) \$3.2 Mancos (UTGS) \$1.1 Technology Integration (HARC) \$6.0 | | Piceance (CSM) \$2.9 Piceance Permeability Prediction (CSM) \$0.5 | |
| Stimulation and Completion | Cutters (Carter) \$.09 Frac (UT Austin) \$.69 Refrac (UT Austin) \$.95 Frac Cond (TEES) \$1.6 Stimulation Domains (Higgs-Palmer) \$0.39 Fault Reactiviation (WVU) \$0.85 Cryogenic Frac Fluids(CSM) \$1.9 Geomechanical Frac Containment Analysis (TAMU) \$0.65 Frac Diagnostics (TAMU) \$0.76 Conductivity of Complex Fracturing in Unconventional Shale Reservoirs(TAMU) \$.88 Advanced Hydraulic Fracturing (GTI)\$6.2 | | Gel Damage (TEES) \$1.05 Frac Damage (Tulsa) \$.22 Foam Flow (Tulsa) \$0.57 Petrophysics and Tight Rock Characterization for the Application of Improved Stimulation and Production echnology in Shale (OSU) \$1.5 | |
| Reservoir Description & Management | Hi Res. Imag. (LBNL) \$1.1 Gas Isotope (Caltech) \$1.2 Marcellus Nat. Frac./Stress (BEG) \$1.0 Frac-Matrix Interaction (UT-Arl) \$0.46 Marcellus Geomechanics (PSU) \$3.1 | | Tight Gas Exp. System (LBNL) \$1.7 Strat. Controls on Perm. (CSM) \$0.1 Fluid Flow in Tight Fms. (MUST) \$1.2 | |
| Reservoir Engineering | Decision Model (TEES) \$.31 Coupled Analysis (LBNL) \$2.9 Shale Simulation (OU) \$1.05 | | Wamsutter (Tulsa) \$.44 Forecasting (Utah) \$1.1 Condensate (Stanford) \$.52 | |
| Exploration Technologies | Multi-Azimuth Seismic (BEG) \$1.1 | | | |
| Drilling | Drilling Fluids for Shale (UT Austin) \$0.6 | | | |
| 2007 Projects; 2008 Projects; 2009 Projects; 2010 Projects; 2011 Projects | | | | |

| Water Management | Downett 9 Appelochion (CTI) #9.5 | | | |
|---|---|--|-------------------------------|--|
| water Management | Barnett & Appalachian (GTI) \$2.5 | | | |
| | Integrated Treatment Framework (CSM) \$1.56 | | | |
| | NORM Mitigation (GE) \$1.6 | | | |
| | Water Handling and Enhanced Productivity from Gas | | | |
| | Shales; (USC)\$1.7 | | | |
| | Development of GIS-Based Tool for Optimized Fluid | | | |
| | Management in Shale Operations(CSU)\$1.1 | | | |
| | Advanced Treatment of Shale Gas Frac Water to Produce | | | |
| | NPDES Quality Water (SRI)\$1.9 | | Frac Water Reuse (GE) \$1.1 | |
| | Cost-Effective Treatment of Flowback and Produced | | Engineered Osmosis | |
| | Waters via an Integrated Precipitative Supercritical | | Treatment (CSM) \$1.3 | |
| | Process(OhioU)\$1.9 | | Treatment (CSM) \$1.5 | |
| | Development of Subsurface Brine Disposal Framework in | | | |
| | the Northern Appalachian Basin(Battelle)\$1.9 | | | |
| | Development of Plasma Technology for the Management of | | | |
| | Frac/Produced Water (Drexel)\$1.5 | | | |
| | Advancing a Web-Based Tool for Unconventional Natural | | | |
| | Gas Development with Focus on Flowback and Produced | | | |
| | Water Characterization, Treatment and Beneficial | | | |
| | Use(CSM)\$.28 | | | |
| Environmental | Environmentally Friendly Drilling (HARC)* \$2.2 | | | |
| | Zonal Isolation (CSI) \$3.0 | | | |
| | Understanding and Managing Environmental Roadblocks | | | |
| | to Shale Gas Development: An Analysis of Shallow Gas, | | | |
| | NORMs, and Trace Metals (UTexas)\$1.3 | | | |
| | Reducing the Environmental Impact of Gas Shale | | | |
| | Development: Advanced Analytical Methods for Air and | | | |
| | Stray Gas Emissions and Produced Brine | | | |
| | Characterization(GSI Environmental)\$3.4 | | * | |
| | Development of Methods to Prohibit and Remediate Loss | | | |
| | of Annular Isolation in Shale Gas Wells: Prevention and | | | |
| | Remediation of Sustained Casing Pressure and Other | | | |
| | Isolation Breaches(CSI)\$4.0 | | | |
| | Relationships between Induced Seismicity and Fluid | | | |
| | Injection: Development of Strategies to Manage Fluid | | | |
| | Disposal in Shale Hydrocarbon Plays(UTexas)\$.96 | | | |
| Resource Assessment | Alabama Shales (AL GS) \$.5 | | | |
| nesource Assessment | Manning Shales (UT GS) \$.3 | | Rockies Gas Comp. (CSM) \$.67 | |
| 2007 Projects: | | | ator 2011 Droinate | |
| 2007 Projects; 2008 Projects; 2009 Projects; 2010 Projects; 2011 Projects | | | | |

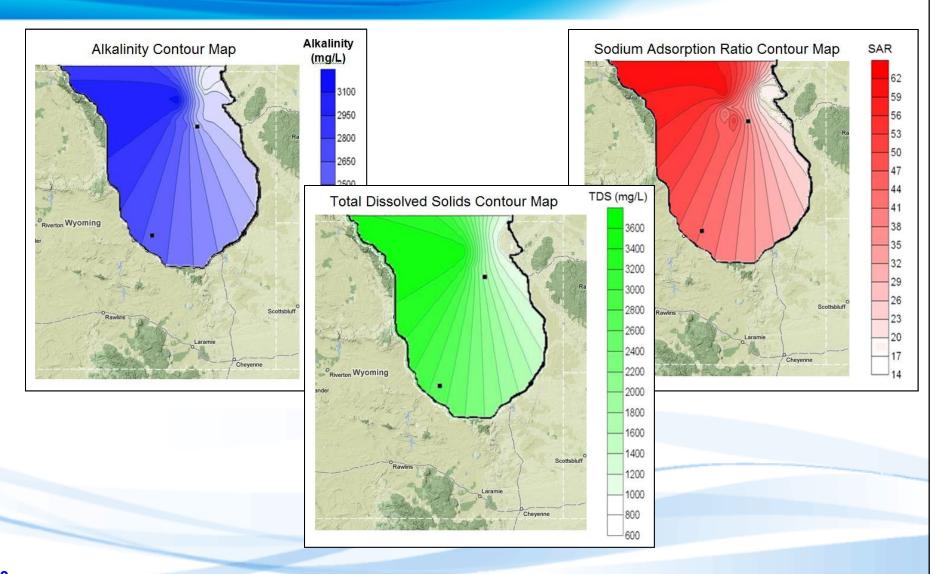
Selected Program Results

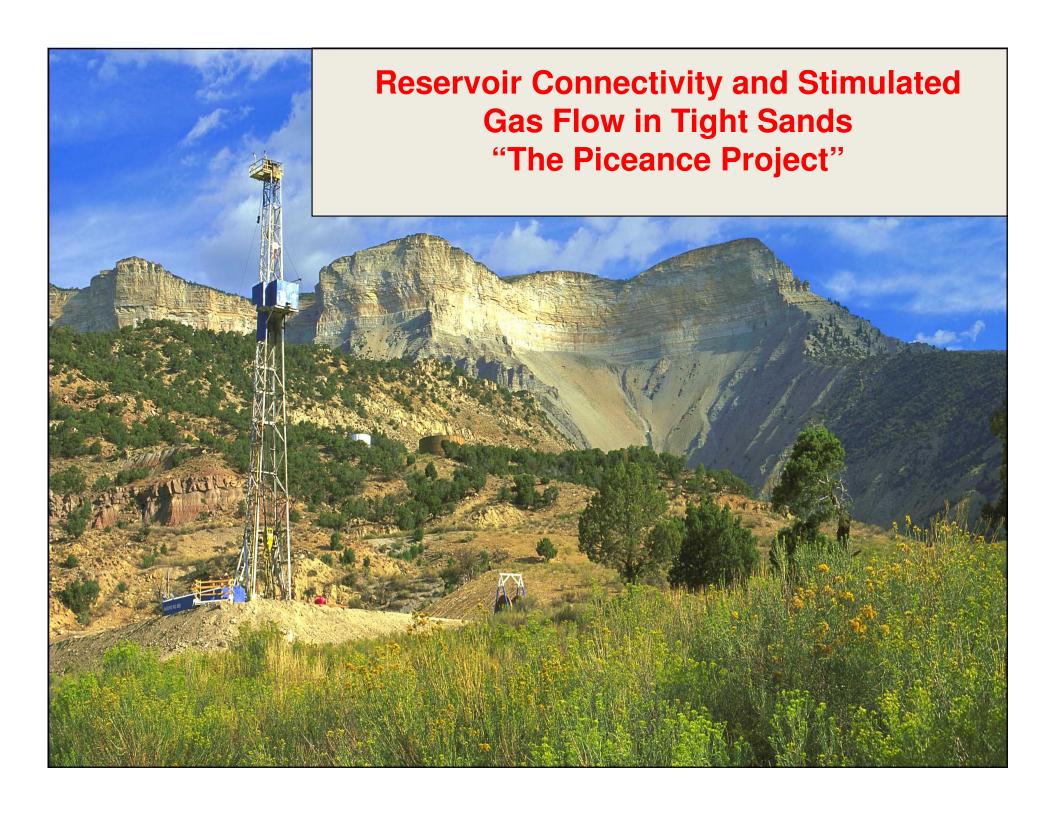


Cable Saw for Well Stimulation

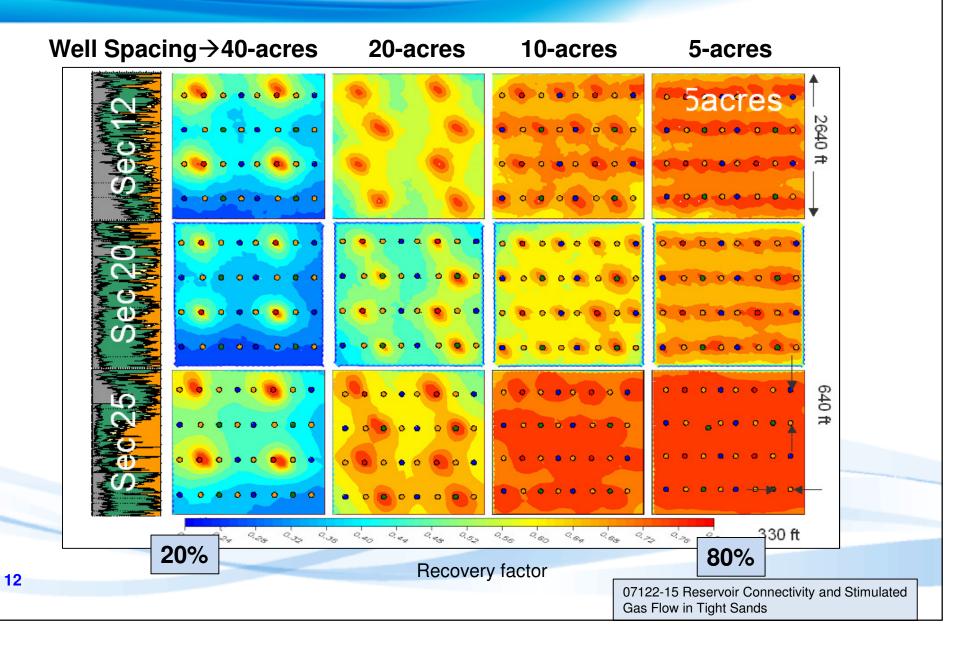


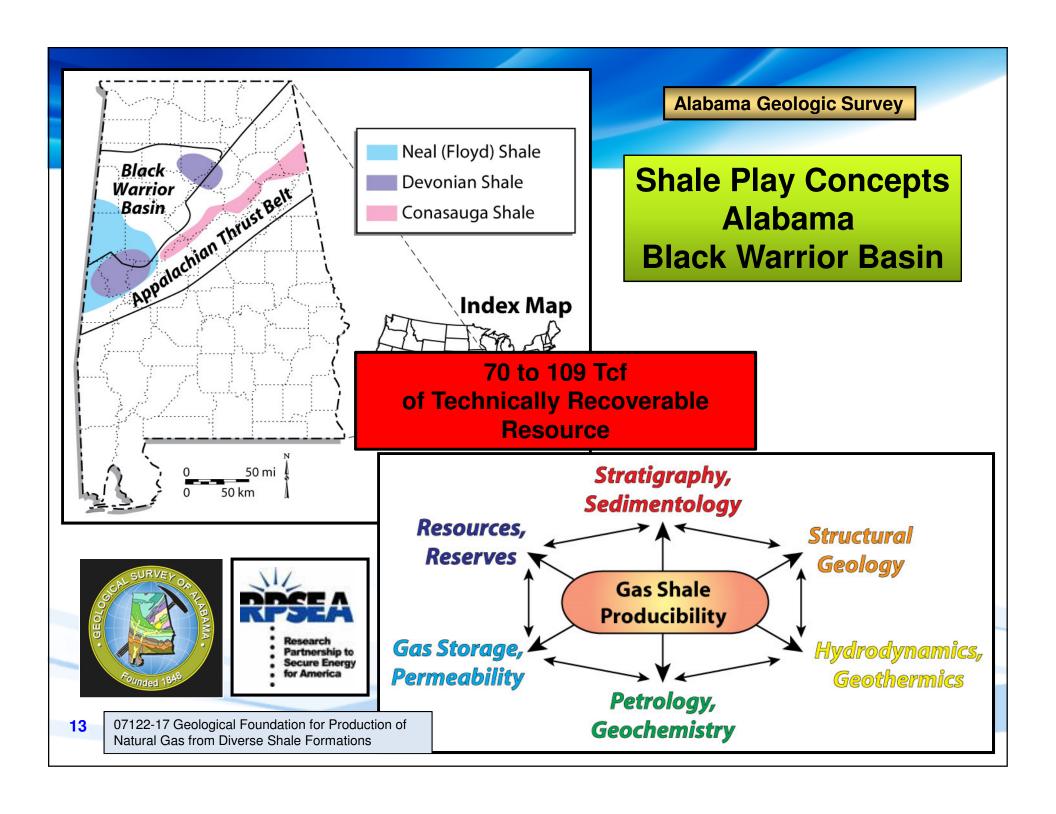
Produced Water Quality: Powder River





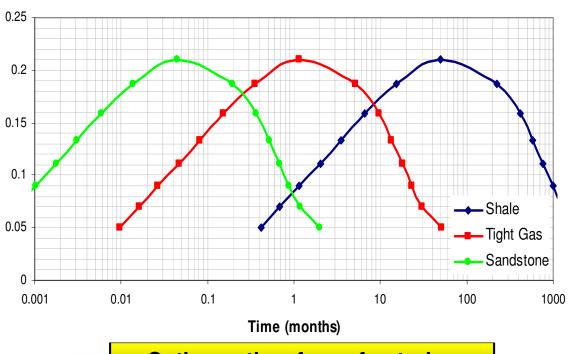
Reservoir Connectivity - Tight Sands





Identification of Refracturing Opportunities

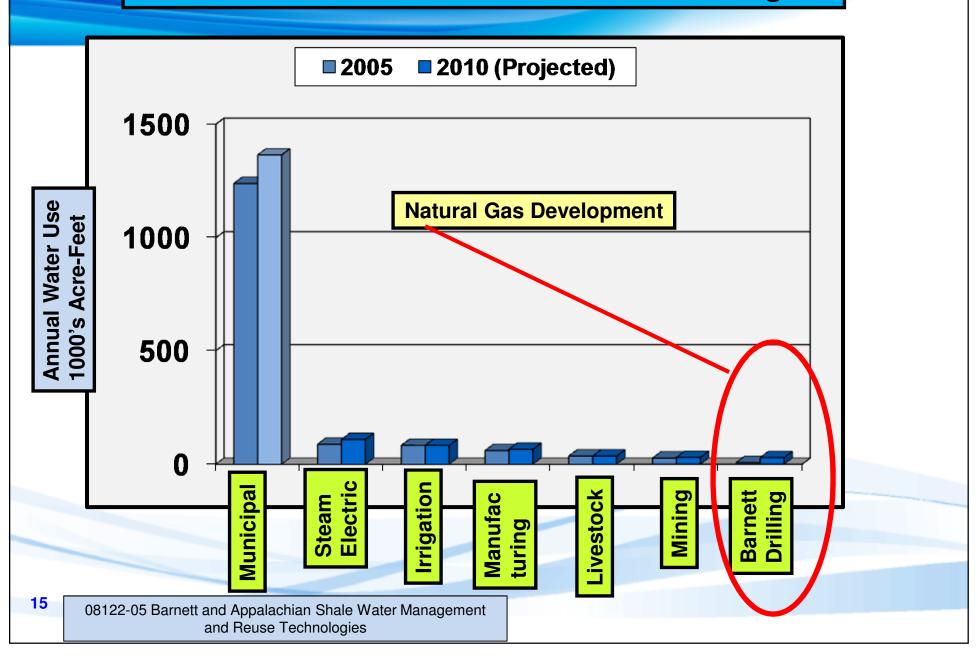
- Methodology for candidate selection based on poroelastic models and analysis of field data.
- Recommendations for the time window most suitable for re-fracturing
- Re-fracture treatment design for horizontal and deviated wellbores



Optimum time for re-fracturing



Freshwater Users in the Barnett Shale Region

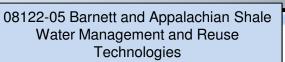


What Flows Out – Is it a Witch's Brew of Toxins?

Sampling and Analysis of Flow back Water

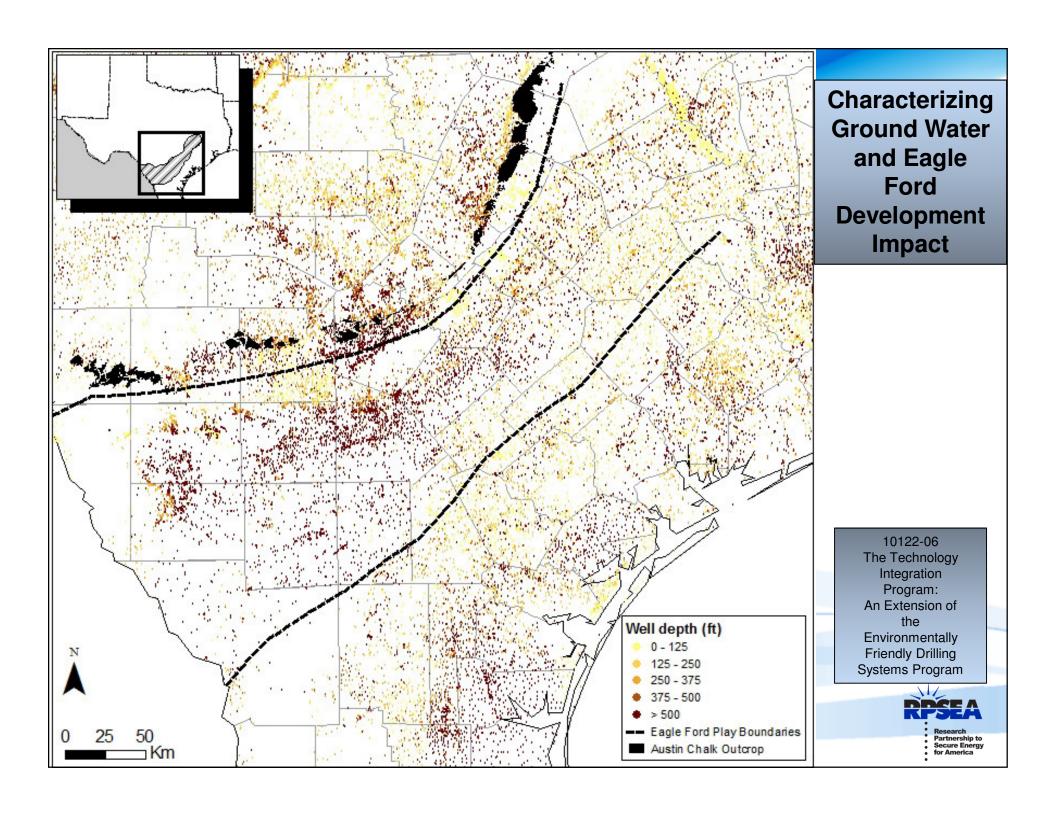
- Sampling from 19 Marcellus Locations.
- Includes Chemistry and Analysis of Constituents of Interest.
- Lists of Constituents Provided by USEPA, WV-DEP and PA-DEP.
- Over 250 Determinations Performed on Samples.



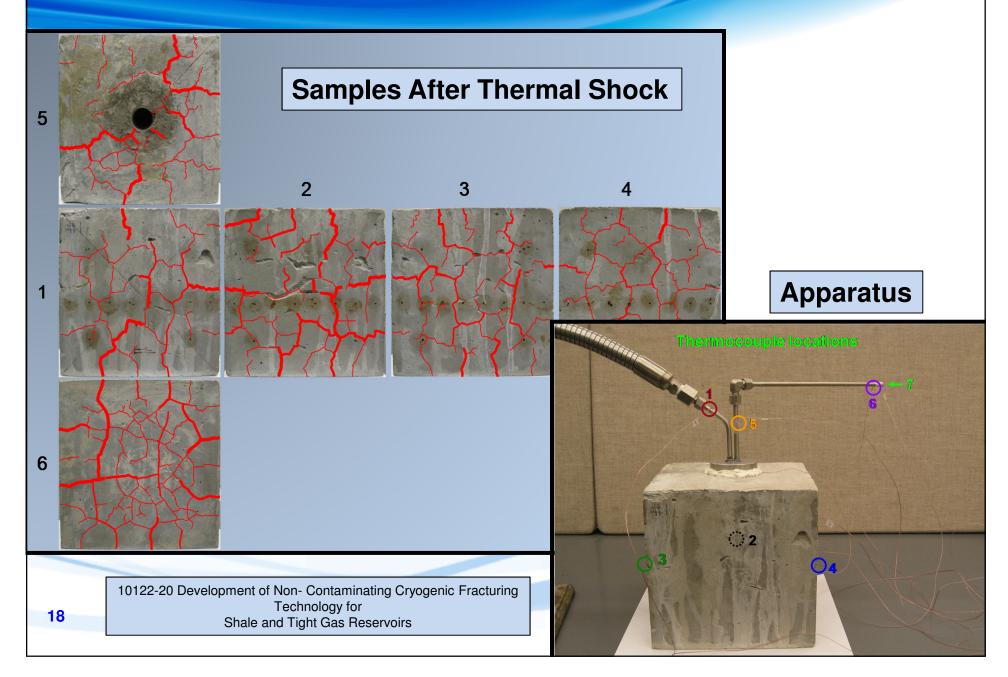


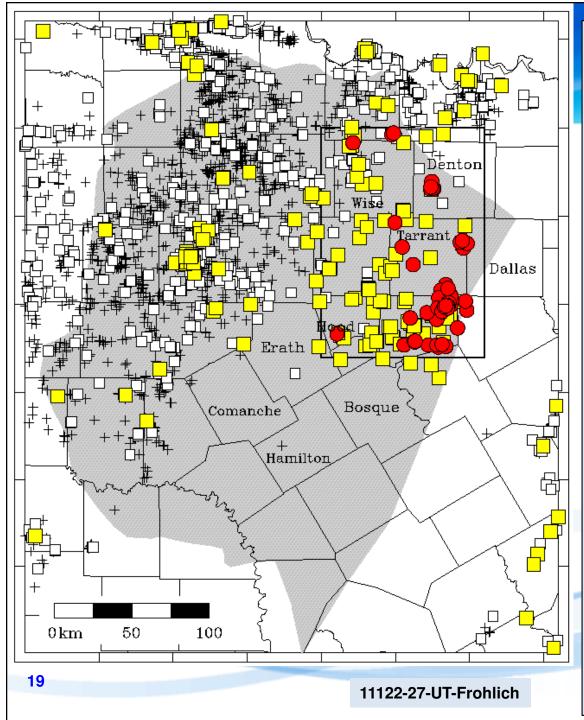
http://www.rpsea.org/attachments/contentmanagers/5820/08122-05-FR-Barnett_Appalachian_Shale_Water_Management_Reuse-Technologies-03-30-12_P.pdf





Cryogenic Fracturing Fluids





NE Texas Survey

- Red Circles: Seismic Events
- Yellow Squares: High-Volume Wells

Events are near wells... e.g., Johnson County

But many wells/counties have no events... e.g., Parker County Stephens County

Will events occur near highvolume injection wells elsewhere?

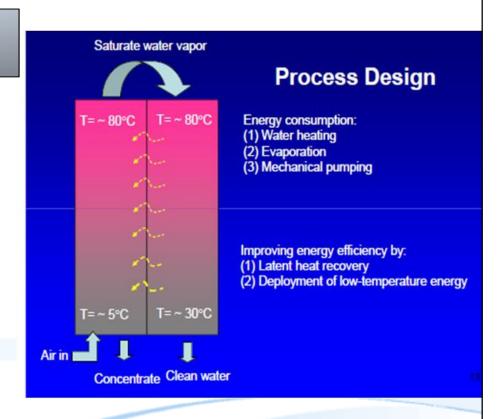
Cost-Effective Treatment of Produced Water Using Co-Produced Energy Sources for Small Producers

Environmental, Safety and Regulatory

Development of distillation for produced water purification at wellhead.

Prototype design capacity 20 bbl/day

Purified produced water is suitable for alternative uses, such as agriculture, irrigation and industrial processing.



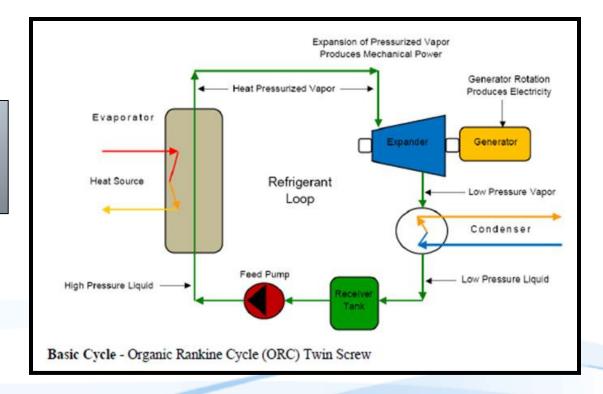
Harvard Petroleum Company

New Mexico Institute of Mining & Technology

Electrical Power Generation from Produced Water

Project Goal: using heat in produced water to create electricity.

Minimize the environmental impact by creating green electricity using produced water and no additional fossil fuel.



Denbury Resources, Inc.,

Seismic Stimulation to Enhance Oil Recovery

Increased Recovery

Test seismic stimulation in EOR

A seismic wave is to "shake the stuck oil loose" and get it flowing again toward a production well.

flow direction

flow cell
in the reservoir

Before Seismic Wave

During Seismic Wave

seismic

source

oil (light grey) is stuck

SandRidge to Field Test

oil is mobilized and oil bubbles coalesce

2102 Request for Proposals

Status

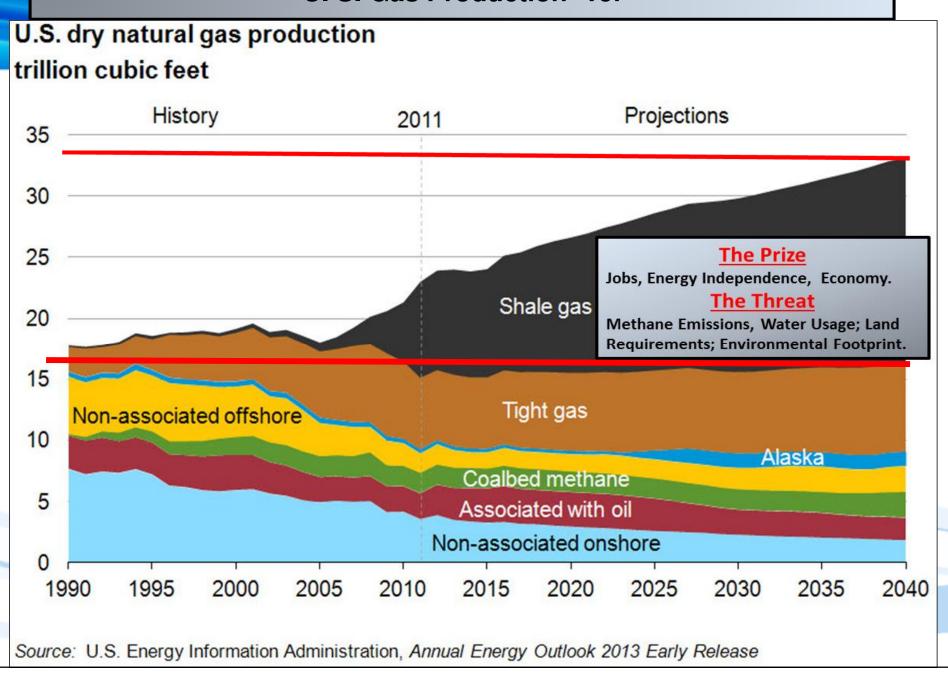


"Specific URTAC Topical Recommendations"

- "Refocus the R&D component of the Subtitle J program to include other unconventional resources such as tight oil, and oil shale."
- "Research should be conducted to improve well construction that ensures long-term wellbore integrity during and beyond the operational life of the well."
- "Pursue research and communication among multiple government agencies and industry that addresses air quality concerns specific to the exploration and production of natural gas from shale deposits and other unconventional resources."







Thank You Kent F. Perry

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