Ault Substation Breaker and Switch Replacements and Transformer Removal Weld County, Colorado Project Numbers: 2014-108, 2014-109 and 2015-117

A. <u>Brief Description of Proposal</u>: Western Area Power Administration (WAPA) proposes to replace and remove aging equipment at its Ault (AU) Substation in Weld County, Colorado. The AU Substation is located on property owned by WAPA. The project is required to ensure reliability and provide for future load growth. This project would specifically include the replacement of the existing KU1A 345/230-kV 500MVA transformer. The associated 345-kV motor operated disconnect WU1A (191) and 230-kV disconnect switch WV1A (181), switch boards, and power and control cable, fiber and conduit between the control building and the KU1A would also be replaced. The existing KU1A transformer is currently made up of three, single phase 166.66MVA transformers mounted on three individual concrete slabs. WAPA would replace this with a single, three phase 600MVA transformer, including a new concreate slab. This project would also include the replacement of seven 230-kV oil circuit breakers (AU 1282, AU 1482, AU 1582, AU 1586, AU 1682, AU 1786, and AU 2082). The breakers would be replaced with more dependable SF₆ gas breakers.

In addition, this project would also include the removal and replacement of two oil filled 25 MVAR 13.8-kV reactors (KW1G and KW1F) and the associated oil filled reactor isolation breakers (AU 3324 and AU 3424). These oil filled reactors will be replaced with 25 MVAR air core reactors and the breakers shall be replaced with 15.5-kV vacuum breakers. All work would occur within the fenced perimeter of the AU facility. The work area would be accessed via existing access routes, no roadwork is authorized. All or part of this work may be performed by a contractor.

- **B.** Number and Title of the Categorical Exclusion Being Applied: (See text in 10 CFR Part 1021, Subpart D.)
 - B4.11 Electric power substations and interconnection facilities
- C. <u>Regulatory Requirements in 10 CFR Part 1021.410 (b)</u>: (See full text in regulation and attached checklist.)
 - 1) The proposed action fits within a class of actions listed in Appendix A or B to Subpart D.

For classes of actions listed in Appendix B, the following conditions are integral elements. To fit within a class, the proposal <u>must not</u>:

- Threaten a violation of applicable statutory, regulatory, or permit requirements for environment, safety, and health, or similar requirements of DOE or Executive Orders;
- Require siting and construction or major expansion of waste storage, disposal, recovery, or treatment facilities (including incinerators), but the proposal may include categorically excluded waste storage, disposal, recovery, or treatment actions or facilities;
- Disturb hazardous substances, pollutants, contaminants, or CERCLA-excluded petroleum and natural gas products that preexist in the environment such that there would be uncontrolled or unpermitted releases;

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- Have the potential to cause significant impacts on environmentally sensitive resources. An environmentally sensitive resource is typically a resource that has been identified as needing protection through Executive Order, statute, or regulation by Federal, State, or local government, or a federally-recognized Indian tribe. An action may be categorically excluded if, although sensitive resources are present, the action would not have the potential to cause significant impacts on those resources (such as construction of a building with its foundation well above a sole-source aquifer or upland surface soil removal on a site that has wetlands). Environmentally sensitive resources include, but are not limited to, those listed in paragraph B. (4) (see Attachment A).
- 2) There are no extraordinary circumstances related to the proposal that may affect the significance of the environmental effects of the proposal.
- 3) The proposal is not "connected" to other actions with potentially significant impacts, is not related to other proposed actions with cumulatively significant impacts, and is not precluded by 40 CFR Part 1506.1 or 10 CFR Part 1021.211.

D. Special Stipulations Pertaining to the Proposal:

- 1) If the scope of work of this project changes, WAPA's Environmental Division must be contacted to determine whether additional environmental review is required.
- 2) This Categorical Exclusion expires December 31, 2019. If all project work has not been completed by the expiration date, or if the need for an environmental compliance extension is anticipated, WAPA's Environmental Division must be contacted for an updated environmental review.
- 3) This substation is not subject to Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasures Plan requirements as prescribed in 40 CFR Part 112. However, all actions associated with this project shall comply with Section 7.3 of the RMR Spill Response Plan (SRP), which describes the handling of bulk storage containers [40 CFR Part 112.8(c)] at the substation. A copy of the SRP has been provided to the Project Manager to ensure compliance with regulations regarding such actions. Additional copies of the SRP may be obtained by contacting WAPA's Environmental Division.
- 4) Installation of equipment in substations must conform to WAPA's requirements and must be approved by WAPA. Oil-filled equipment, including bushings, shall not contain polychlorinated biphenyls (PCB). In addition, oil-filled equipment shall be permanently labeled by the manufacturer as non-PCB. Certification shall be provided to WAPA at or before the time of installation.

- 5) To prevent spills of fuel, oil, hydraulic fluid, or other petroleum products into the environment during fueling or maintenance activities for vehicles, equipment, or tools, project site personnel shall maintain an appropriately sized containment device to contain incidental spills under any work area. All fueling activities shall take place over a drip pan lined with absorbent pads. Used absorbent pads shall be placed into an approved DOT container and removed from the project site for appropriate disposal. In addition, project site personnel shall have on hand sufficient supplies, such as absorbent mats, booms, socks, or other spill containment materials, to be available for immediate spill prevention, containment, and cleanup prior to commencing any refueling activities.
- 6) Lead-based paint, asbestos, PCB, and other environmentally regulated materials requirements shall be met.
- 7) No active avian nests will be disturbed or damaged. An avian nest becomes active when the first egg is laid, and remains active until all offspring have fledged and the nest is empty. Inactive nests that do not belong to threatened species, endangered species, or eagles may be removed and destroyed in accordance with WAPA's Avian Protection Plan (APP). Contact the RMR Environmental Department prior to nest removal to ensure conformance with the APP, Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act (BGEPA), Endangered Species Act (ESA), and Migratory Bird Treaty Act (MBTA).
- 8) Any injured or dead birds encountered on WAPA's ROW shall be immediately reported to the RMR Avian Protection Leads at (970) 593-8803 or (970) 278-7119. Additional documentation, such as photographs and GPS coordinates, may be requested to support WAPA's reporting requirements to the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service. Any active nests located on WAPA's transmission structures, substation equipment, or other areas that may threaten the safety of the nesting birds or pose a threat of fire hazard, mechanical failure, or power outage shall also be reported to the RMR Avian Protection Leads as soon as possible.
- 9) WAPA will design and construct transmission line and substation components in conformance with the most current editions of *Suggested Practices for Avian Protection on Power Lines* and *Reducing Avian Collisions with Power Lines*, both published by the Avian Power Line Interaction Committee (APLIC), to minimize avian collision and electrocution risk while maintaining safe and reliable electrical service.
- 10) If any cultural resources are inadvertently discovered during implementation of the proposed action, work within 100-feet of the discovery area shall halt immediately, WAPA's archaeologist shall be contacted immediately, and the resource shall be evaluated by an archaeologist or historian who meets the Secretary of the Interior's Professional Qualification Standards (36 CFR Part 61). Work in the area of discovery shall not resume until notification to proceed is provided by WAPA's archaeologist.

- 11) If any possible human remains are inadvertently discovered during implementation of the proposed action, work within 100-feet of the discovery area shall halt immediately and WAPA's archaeologist shall be notified immediately by telephone (no later than 24 hours from the time of discovery). A reasonable effort shall be made to protect the remains from looting and/or further damage. If the discovery is located on Federal or tribal lands, the provisions of the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act of 1990, as amended, and implementing regulations 43 CFR Part 10 shall be followed. In this situation, a mandatory minimum 30 day halt to construction activities in the area of discovery is required. If the discovery is located on State or private lands, the appropriate State laws regarding the discovery of human remains shall be followed. Work in the area of discovery shall not resume until notification to proceed is provided by WAPA's archaeologist.
- 12) WAPA has a clean vehicle policy intended to prevent the transport of non-native and invasive plants and animals, including noxious weeds and aquatic nuisance species. Operators will be required to thoroughly wash all vehicles and equipment (trailers, trucks, UTVs, etc.) before entering the action area and working on the project.
- 13) WAPA and its contractors shall exercise care to preserve the natural landscape and shall conduct this project to prevent any unnecessary destruction, scarring, or defacing of the natural surroundings in the project vicinity. Vegetation shall be preserved and shall be protected from damage by maintenance operations and equipment as much as possible. If operations or equipment cause terrain damage, the maintenance crew shall repair the damage.
- 14) To minimize impacts to the environment and prevent damage to access roads, operation of off-road equipment will not be permitted during periods of heavy rains, when soils are wet, or when excessive soil damage may occur due to unsuitable operating conditions. Project work shall not be conducted during periods when the soil is too wet to adequately support construction equipment. If equipment creates ruts in excess of six inches deep, the soil shall be deemed too wet to adequately support construction equipment.

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E. <u>Determination</u>: Based on my review of information provided to me and in my possession concerning the proposed action, I have determined that the proposed action fits within the specified class of actions, the other regulatory requirements set forth above are met, and the proposed action is categorically excluded from requirements for an EA or an EIS.

Signature

Date: 9 NOV 2017

Brian Little

NEPA Compliance Officer

Rocky Mountain Customer Service Region

Western Area Power Administration

Prepared by: Erik Bray

Ault Substation

Breaker and Switch Replacements and Transformer Removal Weld County, Colorado

Project Numbers: 2014-108, 2014-109 and 2015-117

ATTACHMENT A

Conditions That Are Integral Elements of the Classes of Actions in Appendix B That Apply to This Proposal

Checklist for Categorical Exclusion Determination, revised Nov. 2011

Application of Categorical Exclusions (1021.410)	Disagree	Agree	Unknown
(b)(1) The proposal fits within a class of actions that is listed in		X	
appendix B to subpart D.			
(b)(2) There are no extraordinary circumstances related to the		X	
proposal that may affect the significance of the environmental			
effects of the proposal, including, but not limited to, scientific			
controversy about the environmental effects of the proposal;			
uncertain effects or effects involving unique or unknown risks; and			
unresolved conflicts concerning alternate uses of available			
resources.			
(b)(3) The proposal has not been segmented to meet the definition of		X	
a categorical exclusion. Segmentation can occur when a proposal is			
broken down into small parts in order to avoid the appearance of	u u		
significance of the total action. The scope of a proposal must	- 1		
include the consideration of connected and cumulative actions, that			
is, the proposal is not connected to other actions with potentially			
significant impacts (40 CFR Part 1508.25(a)(1)), is not related to			
other actions with individually insignificant but cumulatively			
significant impacts (40 CFR Part 1508.27(b)(7)), and is not			
precluded by 40 CFR Part 1506.1 or § 1021.211 of this part			
concerning limitations on actions during EIS preparation.	NO	7 mg	TT 1
B. Conditions that are Integral Elements of the Classes of	NO	YES	Unknown
Actions in Appendix B.	N/		
(1) Threaten a violation of applicable statutory, regulatory, or permit	X		
requirements for environment, safety and health, or similar	×		
requirements of DOE or Executive Orders.	37		
(2) Require siting and construction or major expansion of waste	X		
storage, disposal, recovery, or treatment facilities (including			
incinerators), but the proposal may include categorically			
excluded waste storage, disposal, recovery, or treatment actions			
or facilities.	37		
(3) Disturb hazardous substances, pollutants, contaminants, or	X		
CERCLA-excluded petroleum and natural gas products that			
preexist in the environment such that there would be			
uncontrolled or unpermitted releases.	N/		
(4) Have the potential to cause significant impacts on	X		
environmentally sensitive resources. An environmentally			
sensitive resource is typically a resource that has been identified			

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as needing protection through Executive Order, statue, or regulation by Federal, State, or local government, or a federally-recognized Indian tribe. An action may be categorically excluded if, although sensitive resources are present, the action would not have the potential to cause significant impacts on those resources (such as construction of a building with its foundation well above a sole-source aquifer or upland surface soil removal on a site that has wetlands). Environmentally sensitive resources include, but are not limited to:	A		
(i) Property (such as sites, buildings, structures, and objects) of historic, archaeological, or architectural significance designated by a Federal, State, or local government, or property determined to be eligible for listing on the National Register of Historic Places;	X	v	
(ii) Federally-listed threatened or endangered species or their habitat (including critical habitat) or Federally-proposed or candidate species or their habitat (Endangered Species Act); State-listed or State-proposed endangered or threatened species or their habitat; Federally-protected marine mammals and Essential Fish Habitat (Marine Mammal Protection Act; Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act); and otherwise Federally-protected species (such as under the Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act or the Migratory Bird Treaty Act);	X		
(iii) Floodplains and wetlands (as defined in 10 CFR Part 1022.4, —Compliance with Floodplain and Wetland Environmental Review Requirements: "Definitions," or its successor);	X		
(iv) Areas having a special designation such as Federally- and state-designated wilderness areas, national parks, national monuments, national natural landmarks, wild and scenic rivers, state and Federal wildlife refuges, scenic areas (such as National Scenic and Historic Trails or National Scenic Areas), and marine sanctuaries;	X		
 (v) Prime or unique farmland, or other farmland of statewide or local importance, as defined at 7 CFR Part 658.2(a), —Farmland Protection Policy Act: Definitions, or its successor; 	X		
(vi) Special sources of water (such as sole-source aquifers, wellhead protection areas, and other water sources that are vital in a region); and	X		
The state of the s	X	 	

(5) Involve genetically engineered organisms, synthetic biology, governmentally designated noxious weeds, or invasive species, unless the proposed activity would be contained or confined in a manner designed and operated to prevent unauthorized release	X	н	
into the environment and conducted in accordance with applicable requirements, such as those of the Department of Agriculture, the Environmental Protection Agency, and the National Institutes of Health.			