### Curecanti-Montrose 115-kV Transmission Line Access Road and Right-of-Way Maintenance Montrose County, Colorado Project No.: 2016-014

A. <u>Brief Description of Proposal</u>: Western Area Power Administration (Western) proposes to conduct routine road maintenance work along the South Canal-Montrose segment of the Curecanti (CCI) – Montrose (MTR) 115-kV Transmission Line between the towns of Gunnison and Montrose, Colorado. Western has a responsibility to maintain its access roads as part of its compliance with Reliability Standard (FAC-003-3) of the North American Electric Reliability Corporation (NERC), certified by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission. Adequate access road maintenance facilitates the ability of Western to respond to various problems along transmission lines that may ignite wildfires or disrupt power transmission to not only the local area, but over a larger area if the problem is large enough that the disruption causes a cascade effect over numerous lines. Western has identified a location along its CCI-MTR 115-kV Transmission Line where a small portion of an existing access road is encroaching on the NERC required distance between the electrical conductors and the ground. Therefore, Western proposes to use heavy equipment to lower the roadway slightly in order to alleviate any safety or reliability concerns for the public, wildlife, Western's maintenance crews, or wildfire potential.

The project is located on private land approximately 5.5 miles southwest of the City of Montrose, Colorado. The access road work site is part of the existing access roads system along Western's CCI-MTR 115-kV Transmission Line. The project site location is T. 48 N, R9W, SW ¼ of the NE ¼ of Section 14, New Mexico Prime Meridian. The action area is confined to an access road prism with a width of approximately 30 feet and a distance of 100 feet. The problem area involves a slight mound of soil that one of the access roads traverses between Structures 15/8 and 16/1. Western proposes to use a dozer and road grader to cut approximately two to three feet off the top of the hillock to lower the roadway. All earth work would be within the road prism and the removed soil would be spread along the roadway and not side-cast off the road. This would in effect level the roadway somewhat by lowering the high mound and filling a low area 50-100 feet downhill on the road from the cut. The entire construction zone would cover 100-200 feet-in-length along a 15-foot-wide roadbed.

B. Number and Title of the Categorical Exclusion Being Applied: (See text in 10 CFR Part 1021, Subpart D.)

#### **B1.3** Routine Maintenance:

Routine maintenance activities and custodial services for buildings, structures, rights-of-way, infrastructures (including, but not limited to, pathways, roads, and railroads), vehicles and equipment, and localized vegetation and pest control, during which operations may be suspended and resumed, provided that the activities would be conducted in a manner in accordance with applicable requirements. Custodial services are activities to preserve facility appearance, working conditions, and sanitation (such as cleaning, window washing, lawn mowing, trash collection, painting, and snow removal). Routine maintenance activities, corrective (that is, repair), preventive, and predictive, are required to maintain and preserve buildings, structures, infrastructures, and equipment in a condition suitable for a facility to be used for its designated purpose. Such maintenance may occur as a result of severe weather (such as hurricanes, floods, and tornados), wildfires, and other such events. Routine maintenance may result

### Curecanti-Montrose 115-kV Transmission Line Access Road and Right-of-Way Maintenance Montrose County, Colorado Project No.: 2016-014

in replacement to the extent that replacement is in-kind and is not a substantial upgrade or improvement. In-kind replacement includes installation of new components to replace outmoded components, provided that the replacement does not result in a significant change in the expected useful life, design capacity, or function of the facility. Routine maintenance does not include replacement of a major component that significantly extends the originally intended useful life of a facility (for example, it does not include the replacement of a reactor vessel near the end of its useful life). Routine maintenance activities include, but are not limited to:

- (a) Repair or replacement of facility equipment, such as lathes, mills, pumps, and presses;
- (b) Door and window repair or replacement;
- (c) Wall, ceiling, or floor repair or replacement;
- (d) Reroofing;
- (e) Plumbing, electrical utility, lighting, and telephone service repair or replacement;
- (f) Routine replacement of high-efficiency particulate air filters;
- (g) Inspection and/or treatment of currently installed utility poles;
- (h) Repair of road embankments;
- (i) Repair or replacement of fire protection sprinkler systems;
- (j) Road and parking area resurfacing, including construction of temporary access to facilitate resurfacing, and scraping and grading of unpaved surfaces;
- (k) Erosion control and soil stabilization measures (such as reseeding, gabions, grading, and revegetation);
- (1) Surveillance and maintenance of surplus facilities in accordance with DOE Order 435.1, "Radioactive Waste Management," or its successor;
- (m) Repair and maintenance of transmission facilities, such as replacement of conductors of the same nominal voltage, poles, circuit breakers, transformers, capacitors, crossarms, insulators, and downed powerlines, in accordance, where appropriate, with 40 CFR part 761 ("Polychlorinated Biphenyls Manufacturing, Processing, Distribution in Commerce, and Use Prohibitions") or its successor;
- (n) Routine testing and calibration of facility components, subsystems, or portable equipment (such as control valves, in-core monitoring devices, transformers, capacitors, monitoring wells, lysimeters, weather stations, and flumes);
- (o) Routine decontamination of the surfaces of equipment, rooms, hot cells, or other interior surfaces of buildings (by such activities as wiping with rags, using strippable latex, and minor vacuuming), and removal of contaminated intact equipment and other material (not including spent nuclear fuel or special nuclear material in nuclear reactors); and
- (p) Removal of debris.
- C. <u>Regulatory Requirements in 10 CFR 1021.410 (b)</u>: (See full text in regulation and attached checklist.)
  - 1) The proposed action fits within a class of actions listed in Appendix A or B to Subpart D.

### Curecanti-Montrose 115-kV Transmission Line Access Road and Right-of-Way Maintenance Montrose County, Colorado Project No.: 2016-014

For classes of actions listed in Appendix B, the following conditions are integral elements. To fit within a class, the proposal <u>must not</u>:

- Threaten a violation of applicable statutory, regulatory, or permit requirements for environment, safety, and health, or similar requirements of DOE or Executive Orders;
- Require siting and construction or major expansion of waste storage, disposal, recovery, or treatment facilities (including incinerators), but the proposal may include categorically excluded waste storage, disposal, recovery, or treatment actions or facilities;
- Disturb hazardous substances, pollutants, contaminants, or CERCLA-excluded petroleum and natural gas products that preexist in the environment such that there would be uncontrolled or unpermitted releases;
- Have the potential to cause significant impacts on environmentally sensitive resources. An environmentally sensitive resource is typically a resource that has been identified as needing protection through Executive Order, statute, or regulation by Federal, State, or local government, or a federally recognized Indian tribe. An action may be categorically excluded if, although sensitive resources are present, the action would not have the potential to cause significant impacts on those resources (such as construction of a building with its foundation well above a sole-source aquifer or upland surface soil removal on a site that has wetlands). Environmentally sensitive resources include, but are not limited to, those listed in paragraph B. (4) (see Attachment A).
- 2) There are no extraordinary circumstances related to the proposal that may affect the significance of the environmental effects of the proposal.
- 3) The proposal is not "connected" to other actions with potentially significant impacts, is not related to other proposed actions with cumulatively significant impacts, and is not precluded by 40 CFR 1506.1 or 10 CFR 1021.211.

### D. Special Stipulations Pertaining to the Proposal:

If the scope of work of this project changes, Western's Environmental Division must be contacted for additional environmental review.

This Categorical Exclusion is valid only from signature date through the end of calendar year 2016. If all project work has not been completed by the expiration date, Western's Environmental Division must be contacted for an updated environmental review prior to construction.

Western will avoid doing this work during the Gunnison Sage-grouse lek and early brood rearing seasons between March 1 and July 15.

To comply with the Migratory Bird Treaty Act, if the work is to be done during the general nesting season which is typically between March 1st and July 31st, the maintenance crew will consult with Western's biologist to ensure that there are no nests in the project vicinity. Work conducted during

# Curecanti-Montrose 115-kV Transmission Line Access Road and Right-of-Way Maintenance Montrose County, Colorado Project No.: 2016-014

the general nesting season will require a field biologist to survey areas in advance of the work crews. Western will provide the field biologist services.

If any cultural materials are discovered during construction, work in the area shall halt immediately, Western's Regional Preservation Officer shall be contacted, and the material be evaluated by an archaeologist or historian meeting the Secretary of the Interior's Professional Qualification Standards (48 FR 22716, Sept. 1983).

Limit movement of construction crews and equipment within the maintenance corridor, including access routes, to minimize damage within the ROW corridor. Maintenance activities shall be conducted to minimize scarring, or defacing of the natural surroundings in the vicinity of the work.

To minimize impacts to the environment and prevent damage to access roads, operation of off-road equipment will not be permitted during periods of heavy rains, when soils are wet, or when excessive soil damage may occur due to unsuitable operating conditions. No construction or routine maintenance activities shall be performed during periods when the soil is too wet to adequately support construction equipment. If equipment creates ruts in excess of six inches deep, the soil shall be deemed too wet to adequately support construction equipment.

Western would implement standard best management practices for erosion, seeding, and noxious weed control. Western's clean vehicle policy will apply, and all equipment used will be washed and cleaned prior to use in the area to prevent transporting of invasive plant or noxious weed seeds.

E. <u>Determination:</u> Based on my review of information provided to me and in my possession concerning the proposed action, I have determined that the proposed action fits within the specified class of actions, the other regulatory requirements set forth above are met, and the proposed action is categorically excluded from requirements for an EA or an EIS.

Br/Co Signature

Brian Little

NEPA Compliance Officer

Rocky Mountain Customer Service Region

Western Area Power Administration

Prepared by: Tim Snowden

## ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW FOR CATEGORICAL EXCLUSION DETERMINATION

Rocky Mountain Region, Western Area Power Administration

Curecanti-Montrose 115-kV Transmission Line Access Road and Right-of-Way Maintenance Montrose County, Colorado Project No.: 2016-014

### ATTACHMENT A

## Conditions That Are Integral Elements of the Classes of Actions in Appendix B That Apply to This Proposal

Checklist for Categorical Exclusion Determination, revised Nov. 2011

Application of Categorical Exclusions (1021.410)	Disagree	Agree	Unknown
(b)(1) The proposal fits within a class of actions that is listed in appendix B to subpart D.		X	
(b)(2) There are no extraordinary circumstances related to the proposal that may affect the significance of the environmental effects of the proposal, including, but not limited to, scientific controversy about the environmental effects of the proposal; uncertain effects or effects involving unique or unknown risks; and unresolved conflicts concerning alternate uses of available resources.		X	
(b)(3) The proposal has not been segmented to meet the definition of a categorical exclusion. Segmentation can occur when a proposal is broken down into small parts in order to avoid the appearance of significance of the total action. The scope of a proposal must include the consideration of connected and cumulative actions, that is, the proposal is not connected to other actions with potentially significant impacts (40 CFR 1508.25(a)(1)), is not related to other actions with individually insignificant but cumulatively significant impacts (40 CFR 1508.27(b)(7)), and is not precluded by 40 CFR 1506.1 or § 1021.211 of this part concerning limitations on actions during EIS preparation.		X	
B. Conditions that are Integral Elements of the Classes of Actions in Appendix B.	NO	YES	Unknown
(1) Threaten a violation of applicable statutory, regulatory, or permit requirements for environment, safety and health, or similar requirements of DOE or Executive Orders.	X	_	
(2) Require siting and construction or major expansion of waste storage, disposal, recovery, or treatment facilities (including incinerators), but the proposal may include categorically excluded waste storage, disposal, recovery, or treatment actions or facilities;	Х		
(3) Disturb hazardous substances, pollutants, contaminants, or CERCLA-excluded petroleum and natural gas products that preexist in the environment such that there would be uncontrolled or unpermitted releases;	X		
(4) Have the potential to cause significant impacts on environmentally sensitive resources. An environmentally sensitive resource is typically a resource that has been identified	X		

## Curecanti-Montrose 115-kV Transmission Line Access Road and Right-of-Way Maintenance Montrose County, Colorado Project No.: 2016-014

as needing protection through Executive Order, statue, or regulation by Federal, state, or local government, or a federally			
recognized Indian tribe. An action may be categorically excluded if, although sensitive resources are present, the action			
would not have the potential to cause significant impacts on			
those resources (such as construction of a building with its			
foundation well above a sole-source aquifer or upland surface			
soil removal on a site that has wetlands). Environmentally			
sensitive resources include, but are not limited to:			
(i) Property (such as sites, buildings, structures, and objects) of	X		
historic, archaeological, or architectural significance			
designated by a Federal, state, or local government, or			
property determined to be eligible for listing on the National			
Register of Historic Places;			
(ii) Federally-listed threatened or endangered species or their	X		
habitat (including critical habitat) or Federally- proposed or	,		
candidate species or their habitat (Endangered Species Act);			
state-listed or state-proposed endangered or threatened			
species or their habitat; Federally-protected marine			
mammals and Essential Fish Habitat (Marine Mammal			
Protection Act; Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation			
and Management Act); and otherwise Federally-protected			
species (such as under the Bald and Golden Eagle			
Protection Act or the Migratory Bird Treaty Act);			
(iii) Floodplains and wetlands (as defined in 10 CFR 1022.4,	X		
—Compliance with Floodplain and Wetland Environmental			
Review Requirements: "Definitions," or its successor);			
(iv) Areas having a special designation such as Federally- and	X		
state-designated wilderness areas, national parks, national			
monuments, national natural landmarks, wild and scenic			
rivers, state and Federal wildlife refuges, scenic areas (such			
as National Scenic and Historic Trails or National Scenic			
Areas), and marine sanctuaries;	•••		
(v) Prime or unique farmland, or other farmland of statewide or	X	:	
local importance, as defined at 7 CFR 658.2(a), —Farmland			
Protection Policy Act: Definitions, or its successor;			
(vi) Special sources of water (such as sole-source aquifers,	X		
wellhead protection areas, and other water sources that are			
vital in a region); and			
(vii) Tundra, coral reefs, or rain forests; or	X		

### Curecanti-Montrose 115-kV Transmission Line Access Road and Right-of-Way Maintenance Montrose County, Colorado Project No.: 2016-014

(5) Involve genetically engineered organisms, synthetic biology,	X		
governmentally designated noxious weeds, or invasive species,			
unless the proposed activity would be contained or confined in a manner designed and operated to prevent unauthorized release			
into the environment and conducted in accordance with		:	
applicable requirements, such as those of the Department of			•
Agriculture, the Environmental Protection Agency, and the			
National Institutes of Health.			