#### Gore Pass-Hayden 138-kV Transmission Line Emergency Repairs of Downed Conductor Grand County, Colorado

- A. <u>Brief Description of Proposal</u>: On September 26, 2013, Western Area Power Administration (Western) maintenance crews responded to a line outage emergency and repaired downed conductors on the Gore Pass-Hayden 138-kV Transmission Line near structure 24/6. As a result of high winds, an off right-of-way (ROW) Aspen tree fell onto the conductors and caused an outage. Western crews immediately responded to this emergency and removed the aspen tree from the downed conductors using ropes and chainsaws, and restored electrical service by the afternoon. Crews accessed the site using rubber-tired utility terrain vehicles. All work was conducted within Western's ROW with no impacts to sensitive cultural and natural resources.
- B. Number and Title of the Categorical Exclusion Being Applied: Memorandum from EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT COUNCIL ON ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY May 12<sup>th, 2010</sup>: Emergencies and the National Environmental Policy Act (See ATTACHMENT 1, part 2. b). "If the Federal agency proposed emergency response activity is not statutorily exempt from NEPA and the agency has a categorical exclusion (CE) that includes that type of activity, then apply the CE, unless there are extraordinary circumstances that indicate using the CE in this particular case is not appropriate. Agency NEPA personnel should be contacted regarding agency-specific definitions of actions that are 'categorically excluded.'"

**B1.3.** Routine Maintenance

Routine maintenance activities and custodial services for buildings, structures, rights-of-way, infrastructures (including, but not limited to, pathways, roads, and railroads), vehicles and equipment, and localized vegetation and pest control, during which operations may be suspended and resumed, provided that the activities would be conducted in a manner in accordance with applicable requirements. Custodial services are activities to preserve facility appearance, working conditions, and sanitation (such as cleaning, window washing, lawn mowing, trash collection, painting, and snow removal). Routine maintenance activities, corrective (that is, repair), preventive, and predictive, are required to maintain and preserve buildings, structures, infrastructures, and equipment in a condition suitable for a facility to be used for its designated purpose. Such maintenance may occur as a result of severe weather (such as hurricanes, floods, and tornados), wildfires, and other such events. Routine maintenance may result in replacement to the extent that replacement is in-kind and is not a substantial upgrade or improvement. In-kind replacement includes installation of new components to replace outmoded components, provided that the replacement does not result in a significant change in the expected useful life, design capacity, or function of the facility. Routine maintenance does not include replacement of a major component that significantly extends the originally intended useful life of a facility (for example, it does not include the replacement of a reactor vessel near the end of its useful life). Routine maintenance activities include, but are not limited to:

- (a) Repair or replacement of facility equipment, such as lathes, mills, pumps, and presses;
- (b) Door and window repair or replacement;
- (c) Wall, ceiling, or floor repair or replacement;
- (d) Reroofing;
- (e) Plumbing, electrical utility, lighting, and telephone service repair or replacement;
- (f) Routine replacement of high-efficiency particulate air filters;

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- (g) Inspection and/or treatment of currently installed utility poles;
- (h) Repair of road embankments;
- (i) Repair or replacement of fire protection sprinkler systems;
- (j) Road and parking area resurfacing, including construction of temporary access to facilitate resurfacing, and scraping and grading of unpaved surfaces;
- (k) Erosion control and soil stabilization measures (such as reseeding, gabions, grading, and revegetation);
- (1) Surveillance and maintenance of surplus facilities in accordance with DOE Order 435.1, "Radioactive Waste Management," or its successor;
- (m) Repair and maintenance of transmission facilities, such as replacement of conductors of the same nominal voltage, poles, circuit breakers, transformers, capacitors, crossarms, insulators, and downed powerlines, in accordance, where appropriate, with 40 CFR part 761 ("Polychlorinated Biphenyls Manufacturing, Processing, Distribution in Commerce, and Use Prohibitions") or its successor;
- (n) Routine testing and calibration of facility components, subsystems, or portable equipment (such as control valves, in-core monitoring devices, transformers, capacitors, monitoring wells, lysimeters, weather stations, and flumes);
- (o) Routine decontamination of the surfaces of equipment, rooms, hot cells, or other interior surfaces of buildings (by such activities as wiping with rags, using strippable latex, and minor vacuuming), removal of contaminated intact equipment and other materials (not including spent nuclear fuel or special nuclear material in nuclear reactors); and
- (p) Removal of debris.

# C. <u>Regulatory Requirements in 10 CFR 1021.410 (b)</u>: (See full text in regulation and attached checklist.)

1) The proposed action fits within a class of actions listed in Appendix A or B to Subpart D.

For classes of actions listed in Appendix B, the following conditions are integral elements. To fit within a class, the proposal must not:

- Threaten a violation of applicable statutory, regulatory, or permit requirements for environment, safety, and health, or similar requirements of DOE or Executive Orders;
- Require siting and construction or major expansion of waste storage, disposal, recovery, or treatment facilities (including incinerators), but the proposal may include categorically excluded waste storage, disposal, recovery, or treatment actions or facilities;
- Disturb hazardous substances, pollutants, contaminants, or CERCLA-excluded petroleum and natural gas products that pre-exist in the environment such that there would be uncontrolled or unpermitted releases;
- Have the potential to cause significant impacts on environmentally sensitive resources. An environmentally sensitive resource is typically a resource that has been identified as needing protection through Executive Order, statute, or regulation by Federal, State, or local

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government, or a federally recognized Indian tribe. An action may be categorically excluded if, although sensitive resources are present, the action would not have the potential to cause significant impacts on those resources (such as construction of a building with its foundation well above a sole-source aquifer or upland surface soil removal on a site that has wetlands). Environmentally sensitive resources include, but are not limited to; those listed in paragraph B. (4) (see Attachment A).

- 2) There are no extraordinary circumstances related to the proposal that may affect the significance of the environmental effects of the proposal.
- 3) The proposal is not "connected" to other actions with potentially significant impacts, is not related to other proposed actions with cumulatively significant impacts, and is not precluded by 40 CFR 1506.1 or 10 CFR 1021.211.

D. Special Stipulations Pertaining to the Proposal:

Maintenance crews receive annual environmental refresher training, regarding avoidance measures for cultural resources, threatened and endangered species and other natural resource concerns when conducting routine maintenance actions. Crews also have access to "toughbook" data which provides digital maps of avoidance areas along the transmission line access roads and ROW's. The crews are trained to utilize these resources during emergency actions to minimize impacts to natural and cultural resources.

E. <u>Determination</u>: Based on my review of information provided to me and in my possession concerning the proposed action, I determined that the proposed action fits within the specified class of actions, the other regulatory requirements set forth above are met, and the proposed action is categorically excluded from requirements for an EA or an EIS.

Date: 10/9/13

Signature Signature

Gene Iley, Jr.

NEPA Compliance Officer

Rocky Mountain Customer Service Region

Western Area Power Administration

### ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW FOR CATEGORICAL EXCLUSION DETERMINATION

Rocky Mountain Region, Western Area Power Administration

#### Gore Pass-Hayden 138-kV Transmission Line Emergency Repairs of Downed Conductor Grand County, Colorado

#### ATTACHMENT A

# Conditions That Are Integral Elements of the Classes of Actions in Appendix B That Apply to This Proposal

Checklist for Categorical Exclusion Determination, revised Nov. 2011

Application of Categorical Exclusions (1021.410)	Disagree	Agree	Unknown
(b)(1) The proposal fits within a class of actions that is listed in		X	
appendix B to subpart D.			
(b)(2) There are no extraordinary circumstances related to the	***************************************	X	
proposal that may affect the significance of the environmental			
effects of the proposal, including, but not limited to, scientific			
controversy about the environmental effects of the proposal;			
uncertain effects or effects involving unique or unknown risks; and			PART
unresolved conflicts concerning alternate uses of available			
resources.		~~	
(b)(3) The proposal has not been segmented to meet the definition		X	
of a categorical exclusion. Segmentation can occur when a			
proposal is broken down into small parts in order to avoid the			
appearance of significance of the total action. The scope of a	- Lawway		
proposal must include the consideration of connected and			
cumulative actions, that is, the proposal is not connected to other			
actions with potentially significant impacts	]		
(40 CFR 1508.25(a) (1)), is not related to other actions with	WAS PARTY		a
individually insignificant but cumulatively significant impacts	Approximately and the second s		
(40 CFR 1508.27(b) (7)), and is not precluded by 40 CFR 1506.1 or			
§ 1021.211 of this part concerning limitations on actions during			
EIS preparation.	1	NIC	Unknown
B. Conditions that are Integral Elements of the Classes of	NO	YES	Ulkilowii
Actions in Appendix B.			
(1) Threaten a violation of applicable statutory, regulatory, or	X		
permit requirements for environment, safety and health, or			
similar requirements of DOE or Executive Orders.	¥7		
(2) Require siting and construction or major expansion of waste	X		
storage, disposal, recovery, or treatment facilities (including			
incinerators), but the proposal may include categorically			
excluded waste storage, disposal, recovery, or treatment actions			
or facilities;	37		
(3) Disturb hazardous substances, pollutants, contaminants, or	X		
CERCLA-excluded petroleum and natural gas products that			
preexist in the environment such that there would be			
uncontrolled or unpermitted releases;	X		
(4) Have the potential to cause significant impacts on	^		
environmentally sensitive resources.			<u> </u>

### ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW FOR CATEGORICAL EXCLUSION DETERMINATION

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#### Gore Pass-Hayden 138-kV Transmission Line Emergency Repairs of Downed Conductor Grand County, Colorado

An environmentally sensitive resource is typically a resource that has been identified as needing protection through Executive Order, statue, or regulation by Federal, State, or local government, or a federally recognized Indian tribe. An action may be categorically excluded if, although sensitive resources are present, the action would not have the potential to cause significant impacts on those resources (such as construction of a building with its foundation well above a sole-source aquifer or upland surface soil removal on a site that has wetlands). Environmentally sensitive resources include, but are not limited to:		
(i) Property (such as sites, buildings, structures, and objects) of historic, archaeological, or architectural significance designated by a Federal, State, or local government, or property determined to be eligible for listing on the National Register of Historic Places;	X	
(ii) Federally-listed threatened or endangered species or their habitat (including critical habitat) or federally- proposed or candidate species or their habitat (Endangered Species Act); state-listed or state-proposed endangered or threatened species or their habitat; federally-protected marine mammals and Essential Fish Habitat (Marine Mammal Protection Act; Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act); and otherwise federally-protected species (such as under the Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act or the Migratory Bird Treaty Act);	X	
(iii) Floodplains and wetlands (as defined in 10 CFR 1022.4, — Compliance with Floodplain and Wetland Environmental Review Requirements: "Definitions," or its successor);	X	
(iv) Areas having a special designation such as federally- and state-designated wilderness areas, national parks, national monuments, national natural landmarks, wild and scenic rivers, State and Federal wildlife refuges, scenic areas (such as National Scenic and Historic Trails or National Scenic Areas), and marine sanctuaries;	X	
(v) Prime or unique farmland, or other farmland of statewide or local importance, as defined at 7 CFR 658.2(a), — Farmland Protection Policy Act: Definitions, or its successor;	X	
(vi) Special sources of water (such as sole-source aquifers, wellhead protection areas, and other water sources that are vital in a region); and	X	

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(vii) Tundra, coral reefs, or rain forests; or	X	
(5) Involve genetically engineered organisms, synthetic biology,	X	
governmentally designated noxious weeds, or invasive species,		
unless the proposed activity would be contained or confined in		
a manner designed and operated to prevent unauthorized release		
into the environment and conducted in accordance with		
applicable requirements, such as those of the Department of		
Agriculture, the Environmental Protection Agency, and the		
National Institutes of Health.		