BEFORE THE U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY WASHINGTON, D.C. 20585

In the Matter of:)	
Air-Con International, Inc. Respondent)))	Case Number: 2010-SE-0301
	ORDER	

Issued: November 17, 2010

By the General Counsel, U.S. Department of Energy:

- 1. In this Order, I adopt the attached Compromise Agreement entered into between the U.S. Department of Energy ("DOE") and Air-Con International, Inc. ("Respondent"). The Compromise Agreement resolves DOE Case Number 2010-SE-0301.
- 2. The DOE and Respondent have negotiated the terms of the Compromise Agreement that resolve this matter. A copy of the Compromise Agreement is attached hereto and incorporated by reference.
- 3. After reviewing the terms of the Compromise Agreement and evaluating the facts before me, I find that the public interest would be served by adopting the Compromise Agreement which completes the adjudication of the case.
- 4. Based on the information in the case file and the findings in the September 20, 2010 Notice of Noncompliance Determination and Notice of Proposed Civil Penalty, I find that Respondent committed Prohibited Acts¹ and hereby assess a civil penalty of \$10,000.
- 5. Accordingly, **IT IS ORDERED** that, pursuant to Section 333 of the Energy Policy and Conservation Act, of 1975, as amended,² the Compromise Agreement attached to this Order **IS ADOPTED**.

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

Scott Harris
Scott Blake Harris

General Counsel

² 42 U.S.C. § 6303.

¹ 42 U.S.C. § 6302 lays out the specific acts prohibited by the Energy Policy and Conservation Act, of 1975, as amended, 42 U.S.C. § 6291 et seq.

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·)	

COMPROMISE AGREEMENT

The U.S. Department of Energy Office of the General Counsel (DOE) initiated an investigation into Air-Con International, Inc. ("Respondent") by subpoena on March 23, 2010. Based on information in Respondent's subpoena response, DOE initiated a civil penalty action by Notice of Noncompliance Determination and Notice of Proposed Civil Penalty finding that Respondent had imported and distributed in commerce in the United States air conditioning units that did not meet the applicable energy conservation standard. Respondent on behalf of itself and any parent, subsidiary, division or other related entity and DOE, by their authorized representatives, hereby enter into this Compromise Agreement for the purpose of settling this civil penalty action.

I. DEFINITIONS

For the purposes of this Compromise Agreement, the following definitions shall apply:

- (a) "Act" means the Energy Policy and Conservation Act of 1975, as amended, 42 U.S.C. § 6291 et seq.
- (b) "Adopting Order" means an Order of the General Counsel adopting the terms of this Compromise Agreement without change, addition, deletion, or modification.
- (c) "DOE" means the U.S. Department of Energy.
- (d) "DOE Rules" means DOE's energy conservation regulations found in Title 10, Part 430, of the Code of Federal Regulations.
- (e) "Notice" means the Notice of Noncompliance Determination and Notice of Proposed Civil Penalty issued by DOE to Respondent on September 20, 2010, and captioned as case number 2010-SE-0301.
- (f) "Parties" means DOE and Respondent.
- (g) "Respondent" means Air-Con International, Inc..



II. RECITALS

WHEREAS, DOE, pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 6291 et seq., is responsible for the promulgation and enforcement of the energy conservation requirements set forth in DOE Rules; and

WHEREAS, DOE has promulgated energy conservation standards for central air conditioners at 10 C.F.R. § 430.32; and

WHEREAS, pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 6302, a manufacturer is prohibited from distributing in commerce in the United States, a covered product that does not meet an applicable energy conservation standard; and

WHEREAS, DOE, pursuant to 42 U.S.C. §§ 6296, 6302, & 6303 and 10 C.F.R. § 430.61, is authorized to assess civil monetary penalties for actions prohibited by the Act; and

WHEREAS, DOE, on September 20, 2010, initiated an action to assess a civil penalty for distributing in commerce in the U.S. 243 units of air conditioners that did not meet the minimum efficiency standard; and

WHEREAS, Respondent admits:

- 1. Respondent manufactured (imported) and distributed air conditioners in the United States that did not meet the federal energy conservation standard; and
- 2. Respondent did not take adequate measures to ensure that these products were exported and not used in the United States; and
- 3. Respondent is unable to demonstrate that all of these units were exported rather than installed and used in the United States.

WHEREAS, DOE, as the agency charged with developing and administering a balanced and coordinated national energy policy, concludes that, in light of the circumstances, including, in particular, an analysis of Respondent's financial condition, this Compromise Agreement properly balances the policies recognized in the Energy Policy and Conservation Act and is the appropriate way to resolve this matter;

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the foregoing and the mutual agreements set forth below, the sufficiency and adequacy of which are hereby acknowledged, the Parties agree as follows:

III. TERMS OF THE AGREEMENT

Adopting Order. The Parties agree that the provisions of this Compromise
 Agreement shall be subject to final approval by the General Counsel by incorporation
 of such provisions by reference in the Adopting Order without change, addition,
 modification, or deletion.



2. Obligations of Respondent.

- a. If this Compromise Agreement is executed by December 1, 2010, Respondent agrees to pay the sum of \$10,000, as full satisfaction of the civil penalty proposed in the Notice, within 30 days of the issuance of an Adopting Order.
- b. Respondent agrees to ensure all covered products it distributes in commerce in the United States meet the applicable energy conservation standard and that it will take appropriate precautions in accordance with the U.S. Customs and Border Protection regulations to ensure that noncompliant products are not sold for use in the United States.

3. Obligations of DOE.

- a. In express reliance on the covenants and representations in this Compromise Agreement and to avoid further expenditure of public resources, DOE agrees to accept Respondent's payment pursuant to paragraph III.2.a. in full satisfaction of the penalty authorized by the Act.
- b. DOE agrees promptly to issue an Adopting Order adopting this Agreement.
- c. DOE agrees to terminate the enforcement action with prejudice upon receipt of Respondent's payment pursuant to paragraph III.2.a.
- 4. <u>Jurisdiction and Governing Law</u>. This Compromise Agreement is entered pursuant to DOE's authority to interpret and enforce its rules for energy efficiency and to enter into its own agreements interpreting and applying those rules. The Parties agree that DOE has jurisdiction over Respondent and exclusive jurisdiction over the matters contained in this Compromise Agreement and has the authority to enter into this Compromise Agreement.
- 5. Effective Date. The Parties agree that this Compromise Agreement shall become effective on the date on which the General Counsel issues the Adopting Order. Upon release, the Adopting Order and this Compromise Agreement shall have the same force and effect as any other Order of the General Counsel. Any violation of the Adopting Order or of the terms of this Compromise Agreement shall constitute a separate violation of an agency Order, entitling DOE to exercise any rights and remedies attendant to the enforcement of an Agency Order.
- 6. Waivers. Respondent agrees not to seek judicial review or otherwise contest or challenge the validity of the terms and penalties set out in this Compromise Agreement or the Notice associated with this case, including any right to judicial review that may be available to the Respondent. If either Party (or the United States on behalf of DOE) brings a judicial action to enforce the terms of this Compromise Agreement, neither Respondent nor DOE shall contest the validity of the Compromise Agreement, and Respondent waives any statutory right to a trial de novo. Respondent hereby agrees to waive any claims it may otherwise have under the Equal Access to Justice Act, 5 U.S.C. § 504, relating to the matters addressed in this Compromise Agreement.



- 7. <u>Final Settlement</u>. The Parties agree and acknowledge that this Compromise Agreement shall constitute a final settlement between the Parties. This Compromise Agreement resolves only the violations alleged in the Notice.
- 8. <u>Merger</u>. This Compromise Agreement constitutes the entire agreement between the Parties and supersedes all previous understandings and agreements between the Parties, whether oral or written.
- 9. Modifications. This Compromise Agreement cannot be modified without the advance written consent of both Parties.
- 10. <u>Invalidity</u>. In the event that this Compromise Agreement in its entirety is rendered invalid by any court of competent jurisdiction, it shall become null and void and may not be used in any manner in any legal proceeding.
- 11. <u>Authorized Representative</u>. Each party represents and warrants to the other that it has full power and authority to enter into this Compromise Agreement.
- 12. <u>Counterparts</u>. This Compromise Agreement may be signed in any number of counterparts (including by facsimile), each of which, when executed and delivered, shall be an original, and all of which counterparts together shall constitute one and the same fully executed instrument.

Timothy G. Lynch

Deputy General Counsel for

Litigation and Enforcement

U.S. Department of Energy

16 November 2010

Date

Jaime Maldonado

President

Air-Con International, Inc.

Date