

Which Is Greener: Idle, or Stop and Restart?

Comparing Fuel Use and Emissions for Short Passenger-Car Stops

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P-09

October 17, 2012

DEER 2012 Dearborn, MI





U. S. Department of Energy



Argonne measured and compared idling fuel use and emissions with those for restarting

Testing at 21°C on a late-model mid-sized American car shows that:

Idling for more than 10 seconds uses more fuel and emits more CO₂
than engine restarting

 Idling fuel usage varies from 0.2 - 0.5 gal/h for passenger cars

- increases with vehicle size and idle speed
- Criteria pollutant emissions are low for idling following catalyst activation
- Emissions from restarting are small compared to those from cold-starting
- The catalyst cools slowly so restarts after a short stop will not incur cold-start emissions

