Gasoline Ultra Fuel Efficient Vehicle Program Update

Directions in Engine-Efficiency and Emissions Research Conference 2012





Keith Confer, John Kirwan, Mark Sellnau (Delphi Automotive Systems, LLC)

John Juriga, Nayan Engineer (Hyundai-Kia America Technical Center, Inc.)





Ultra Fuel Efficient Vehicle (UFEV) Project

Project Background

- Awarded DE-FOA-0000079 Area of Interest 2: Advanced Technology Powertrains for Light Duty Vehicles.
- -DE-EE0003258
- -\$14.9M total project funding
 - DOE share \$7,480,582 (50%)
 - Contractor share: \$7,480,582 (50%)
- Project officially began in September 2010.
- -Project end date is March 31, 2014

Ultra Fuel Efficient Vehicle (UFEV) Project

Project Objective

- Develop, implement and demonstrate fuel consumption reduction technologies with a partnership of OEM, Tier 1 supplier, consultants and universities.
- Targeted fuel economy improvement of > 25% vs. PFI baseline.
- Phase 1 of the project concentrates on fuel efficiency improvements using EMS, GDi, and advanced valvetrain products in combination with technologies to reduce friction and parasitic losses.
- Phase 2 of the project will develop and demonstrate improved thermal efficiency from in-cylinder combustion with Gasoline Direct Compression Ignition (GDCI).

Ultra Fuel Efficient Vehicle (UFEV) Project Collaboration with Other Institutions

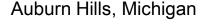








Superior Township, Michigan









Madison, Wisconsin



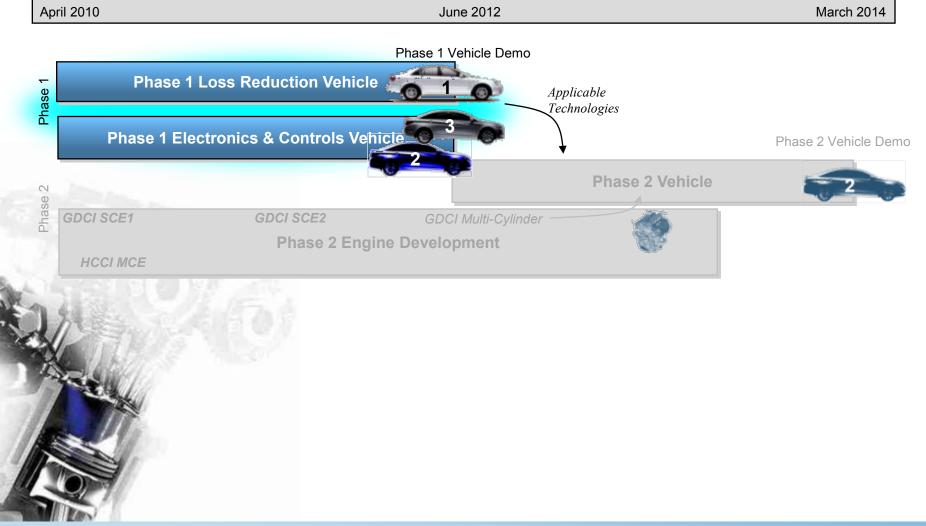
University of Wisconsin

Project Plan – With a Focus on Hardware

April 2010 June 2012 March 2014 Phase 1 Vehicle Demo **Phase 1 Loss Reduction Vehicle** Phase 1 *Applicable* Technologies Phase 1 Electronics & Controls Vehicle Phase 2 Vehicle Demo **Phase 2 Vehicle** Phase 2 **GDCI SCE1 GDCI SCE2** GDCI Multi-Cylinder **Phase 2 Engine Development HCCI MCE**



Phase 1- Systems-Level Approach to Fuel Economy Improvement Technologies

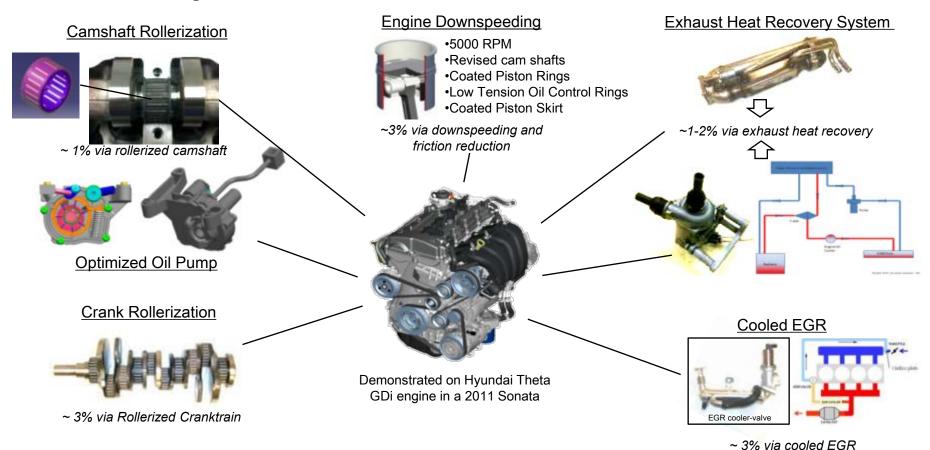


Phase 1, Vehicle 1 (Reduced Parasitic Loss) Approach / Strategy

◆ 2011 Sonata 6MT, 2.4L GDi Theta II



◆ Technologies on Vehicle:



^{*}Targeted fuel economy improvement vs. PFI baseline vehicle shown in italics

Phase 1, Vehicle 1 (Reduced Parasitic Loss) Hardware and Testing

Vehicle Build and Integration of Technologies

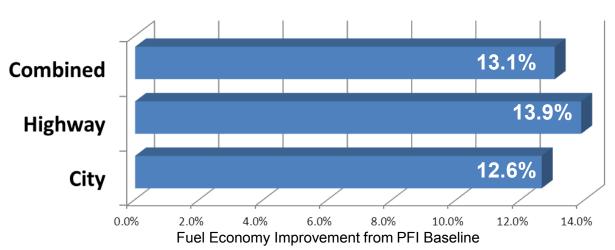
The Phase 1 Parasitic Loss Demonstration Vehicle completed build, calibration and test.



HATCI heat recovery system

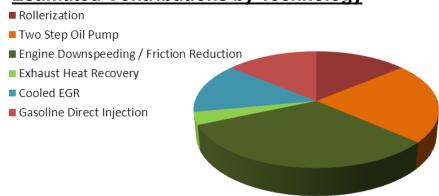
Phase 1, Vehicle 1 (Reduced Parasitic Loss) Test Results

Fuel Economy Improvement





Estimated Contributions by Technology

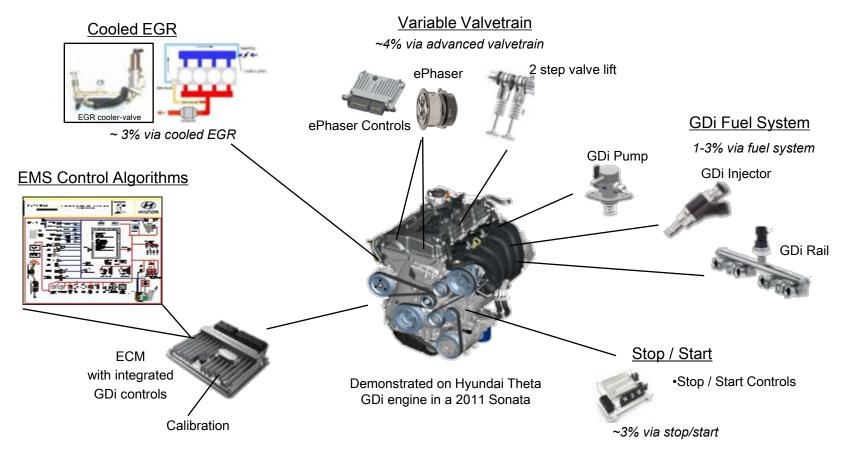


Phase 1, Vehicle 2 (Engine Management System) Approach / Strategy

2011 Sonata 6MT, 2.4L GDi Theta II



Technologies on Vehicle:

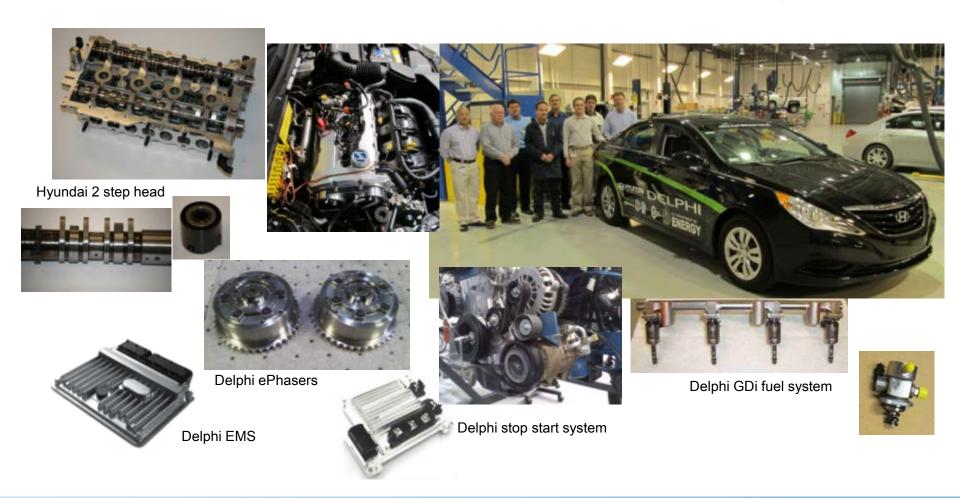


^{*}Targeted fuel economy improvement vs. PFI baseline vehicle shown in italics

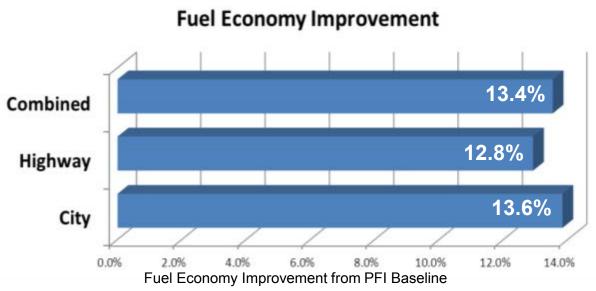
Phase 1, Vehicle 2 (Engine Management System) Hardware and Testing

Vehicle Build and Integration of Technologies

- The second Phase 1 demonstration vehicle has been built and all calibration and testing completed.

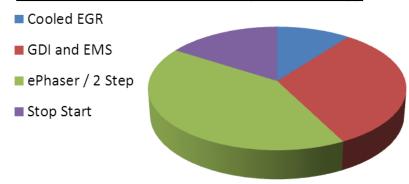


Phase 1, Vehicle 2 (Engine Management System) Test Results





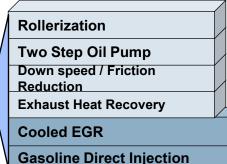
Estimated Contributions by technology



Phase 1 Vehicles: Summary

Technology Overlap





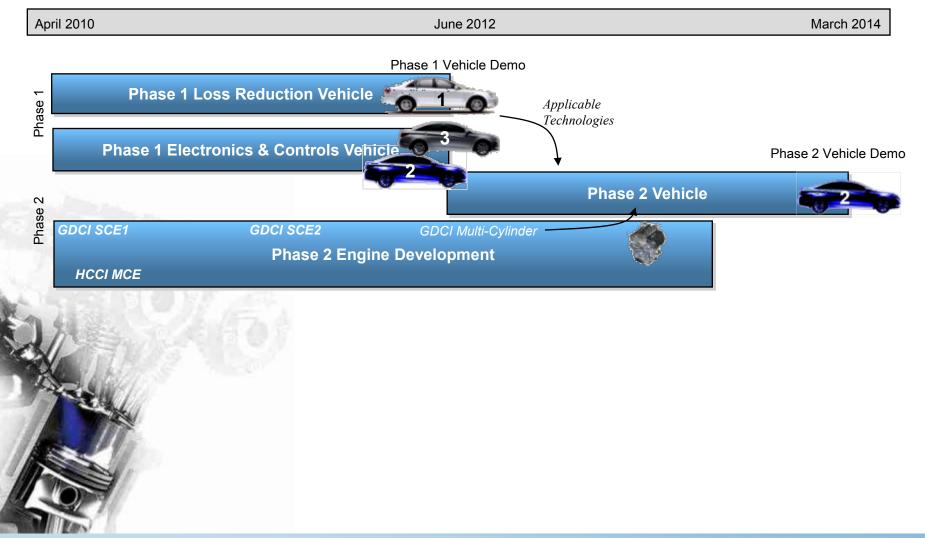
ePhaser / 2 Step Valve Lift
Stop Start



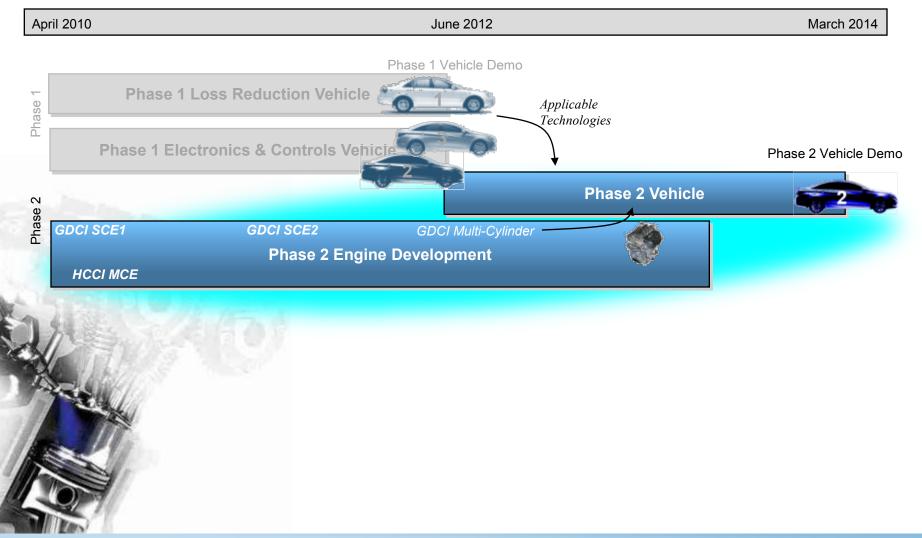
FE gain from PFI base	White Car (HATCI)	Black Car (Delphi)
City	12.6%	13.6%
Highway	13.9%	12.8%
Combined	13.1%	13.4%

Minimal technology overlap between the two vehicles suggests that the technologies could be combined into a single vehicle which would benefit from the complementary technologies.

Project Plan – With a Focus on Hardware



Phase 2 - Gasoline Direct-Injection Compression-Ignition (GDCI)

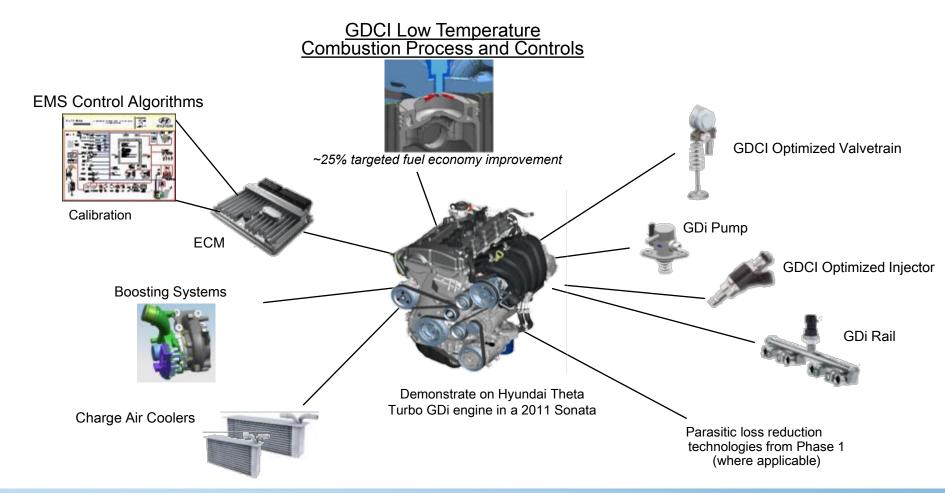


Phase 2 Vehicle (GDCI) Approach / Strategy

◆ 2011 Sonata 6MT, 2.0L GDi Theta Turbo



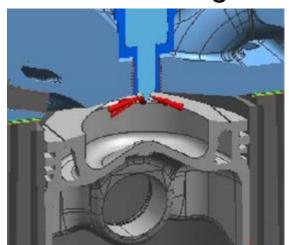
◆ Technologies on Vehicle:



Approach / Strategy GDCI Engine Concept

- Gasoline Partially-Premixed CI (PPCI)
- Fuel injection system
 - Central mounted injector
 - Multiple late Injections
 - GDi-like injection pressures
- Valvetrain continuously-variable mechanical
- Advanced Engine Controls
- No classic SI knock or pre-ignition
- Boosted and down-speeded
- High CR & lean for high thermal efficiency

Gen I GDCI Engine



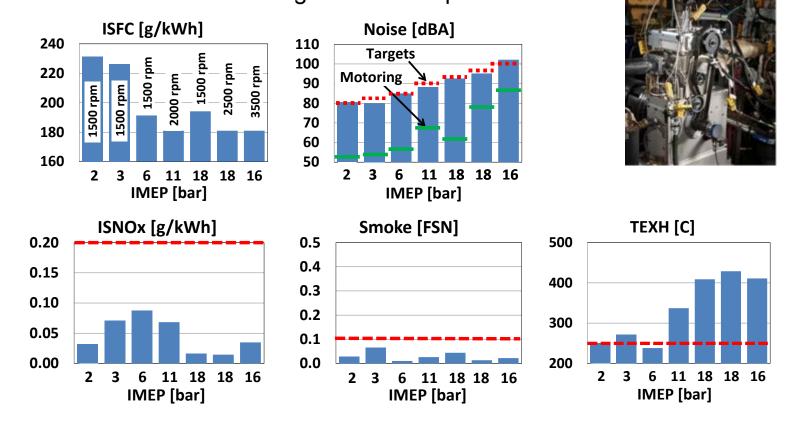
References:

Kalghatgi (Shell) 2005-2010 Manente & Johansson (Lund) 2007-2011 Dempsey & Reitz 2011, Ra & Reitz 2009-11, Hanson & Reitz 2009 (ERC) Sellnau (Delphi) SAE 2012, SAE 2011, Aachen 2011 & 2012

Phase 2 GDCI

Hydra Single Cylinder Engine Tests with Diesel Piston

 Low ISFC achieved with very low NOx, low PM emissions and acceptable noise levels while maintaining exhaust temperatures

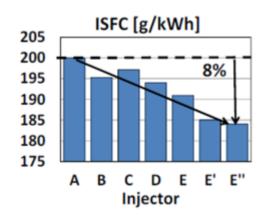


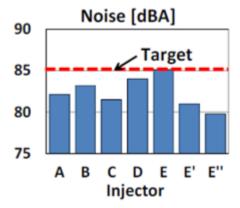
GDCI low-temperature combustion system enables very high efficiency and very low emissions over entire speed/load range.

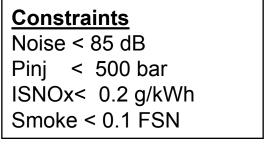
Phase 2 GDCI

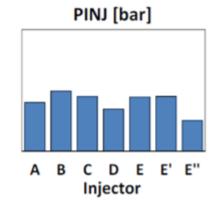
Injector Tests on Hydra Single Cylinder Engine (1500RPM-6bar)

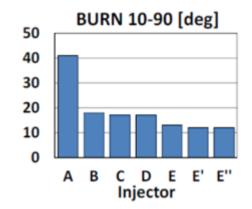
- Injectors A, B, C, D & E were tested with a diesel piston
- E' and E" were tested with a new GDCI-specific piston

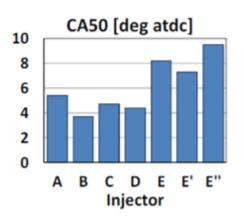












Phase 2 GDCI

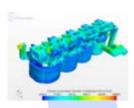
Engine Design, Analysis, & Fabrication

Strong Delphi & HATCI collaboration for first multi-cylinder GDCI engine

Cylinder Head Design & Packaging



Structural Analysis & CFD



Cylinder Head Fabrication



Enhanced Block & Analysis



Piston Design & Fab





Future Work UFEV Project 2012-2013

Phase 1

Phase 1 of the DOE project has been successfully completed

Phase 2

- Single-Cylinder Engine Testing: Advanced injection and valvetrain strategies will be refined over the speed load range using a project specific head.
- <u>Simulation</u>: A variety of simulation tools for injection and spray development, combustion system, and valvetrain system will be applied to achieve minimum NOx and PM emissions.
- Multi-Cylinder Engine Testing: MCE testing will continue throughout the project in support of powertrain integration, component refinement, controls development and calibration
- Advanced Controls: Advanced controls hardware and software will be developed using HIL Bench, simulation, and start cart, followed by transfer to the vehicle

Gasoline Ultra Fuel Efficient Vehicle Program Update

Directions in Engine-Efficiency and Emissions Research Conference 2012

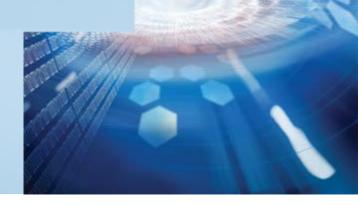












Thank-You

Disclaimer: "This report was prepared as an account of work sponsored by an agency of the United States Government. Neither the United States Government nor any agency thereof, nor any of their employees, makes any warranty, express or implied, or assumes any legal liability or responsibility for the accuracy, completeness, or usefulness of any information, apparatus, product, or process disclosed, or represents that its use would not infringe privately owned rights. Reference herein to any specific commercial product, process, or service by trade name, trademark, manufacturer, or otherwise does not necessarily constitute or imply its endorsement, recommendation, or favoring by the United States Government or any agency thereof."





Related Technical Papers

- "Development of Full-time Gasoline Direct-Injection Compression-Ignition (GDCI) for High Efficiency and Low CO2, NOx and PM", M. Sellnau et al., Aachen Colloquium Automobile and Engine Technology, October 2011
- "Gasoline Direct-Injection Compression-Ignition" M. Sellnau, SAE 2012 High Efficiency IC Engine Symposium, April 2012
- "Full-time Gasoline Direct-Injection Compression Ignition (GDCI) for High Efficiency and Low NOx and PM", M. Sellnau et al., SAE 2012-01-0384 SAE World Congress April 2012
- UFEV Project Merit Review Presentation, K. Confer, Merit Review, Washington DC, May 2012
- "Combustion System for Full-time Gasoline Direct-Injection Compression-Ignition (GDCI)", M. Sellnau, et al., Aachen Colloquium Automobile and Engine Technology, October 2012