



2015 DOE Vehicle Technologies Program Review Presentation



Dramatically Improve the Safety Performance of Li ion Battery Separators and Reduce the Manufacturing Cost Using Ultraviolet Curing and High Precision Coating Technologies

Project Timeline:

Start Date: 10/01/2014

End Date: 9/30/2016

Percent Complete: 25%

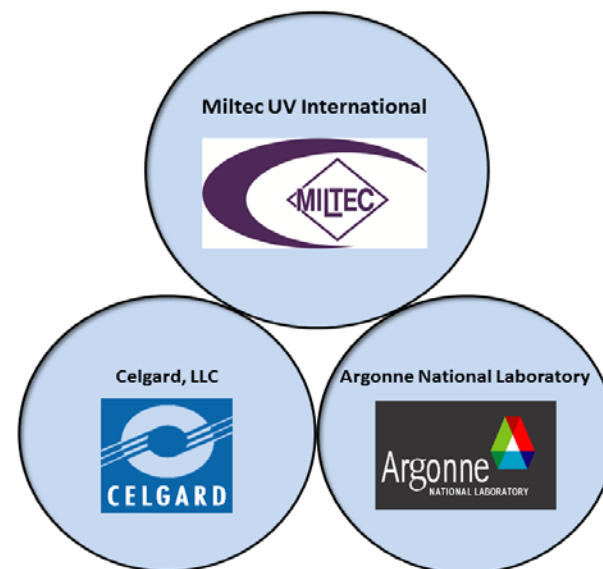
June 10, 2015

**Dr. John Arnold,
Principal Investigator**

Project Budget

DOE Share \$1,955,000

Cost share \$ 399,000





Major Milestones



Milestone	Date	Status
Complete UV curable binder characterization	12/15/2014	Complete
Complete UV Curable Binder formulation corrected for printing applications	03/15/2015	Complete
Complete Printing Pattern Characterization	06/24/2015	In Process
Separator Coating Laboratory Testing Complete	08/24/2015	In Process
Complete Coated Separator Electrochemical Evaluation (Go/No-Go)	09/30/2015	Pending
Complete Initial Printing Press application Validation Tests	12/15/2015	Pending
Complete Final Printing Press Tests	08/20/2016	Pending



Why Ceramic Coated Separators?



- **Safety**
- **Reduce Possibility of Thermal Runaway**
 - High melt integrity
 - Low shrinkage
 - High compression strength
 - Less hot spot propagation



Why Ceramic coated Separators?



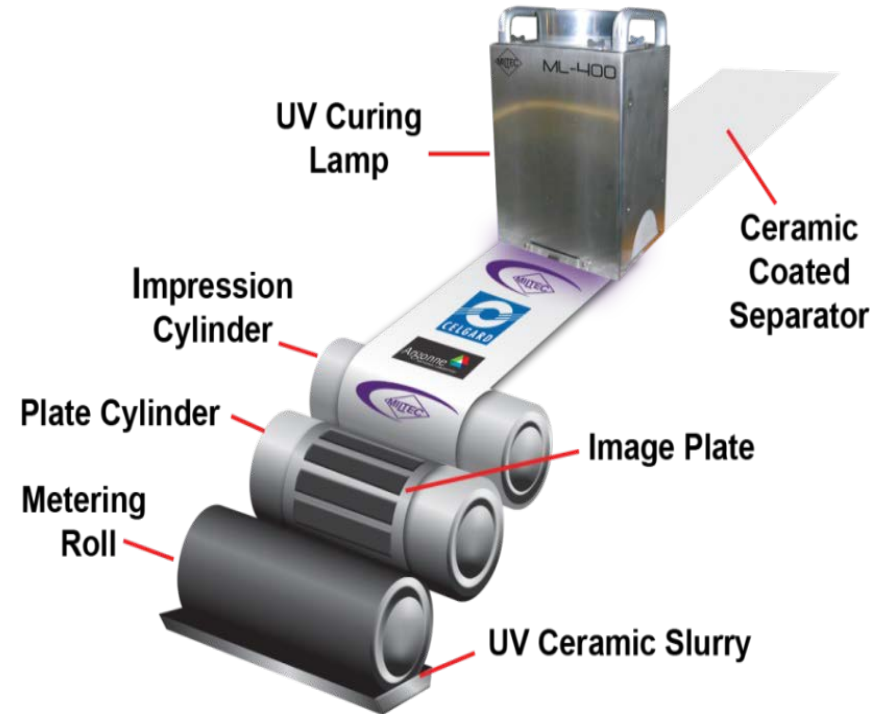
- **Performance**
 - Reduce Dendrite Growth
 - Increase Ion Path Tortuosity
- **Reduce Oxidation of Separator**
 - High Voltage Stability



Ceramic Coated Separator using UV Curable Binder Process



- Start with liquid UV curable mixture (oligomers, monomers, photoinitiators)
- Add ceramic particles
- Apply slurry coating
- UV cure liquid slurry
- 2-6 μm ceramic layer
- No Solvent
- High Speed Coating





Status

UV binder chemistries identified

16-25 μm tri-layer and single layer separators successfully coated

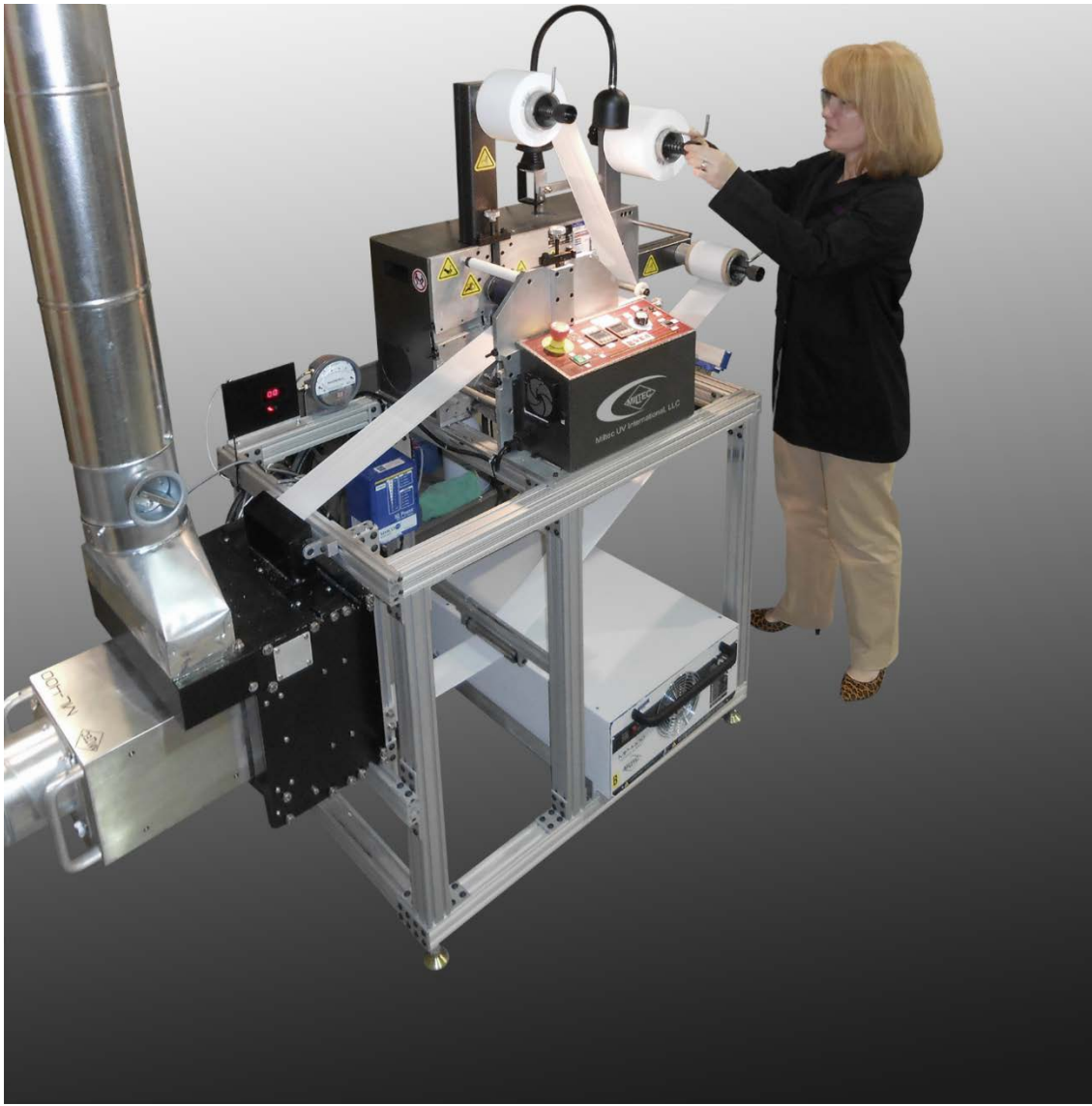
Solid and patterned coatings applied

<10% decrease in porosity confirmed

Shrinkage improved over base separator



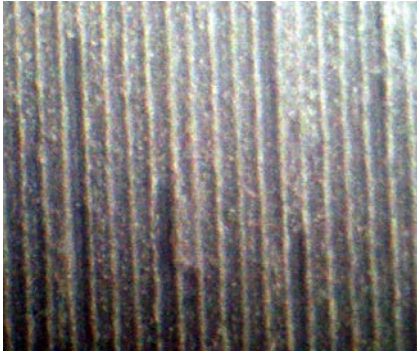
Laboratory Press Printing at 200 fpm



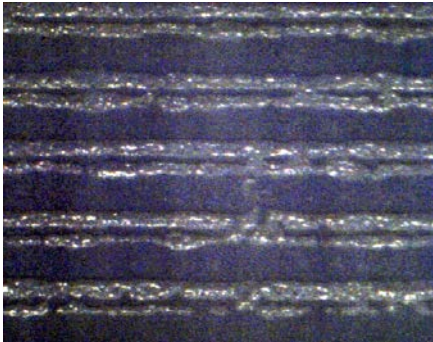
- Sub-micrometer Coating Thickness Control
- Thinner Coatings,
 - Less Weight
 - More Ion Flow
 - Reduced Cost
- Patterns for Higher Ion Flow
- Versatile Printing or Coating



Unexplored Technological Advantages



Printing in Machine Direction (MD) Reduces Shrinking



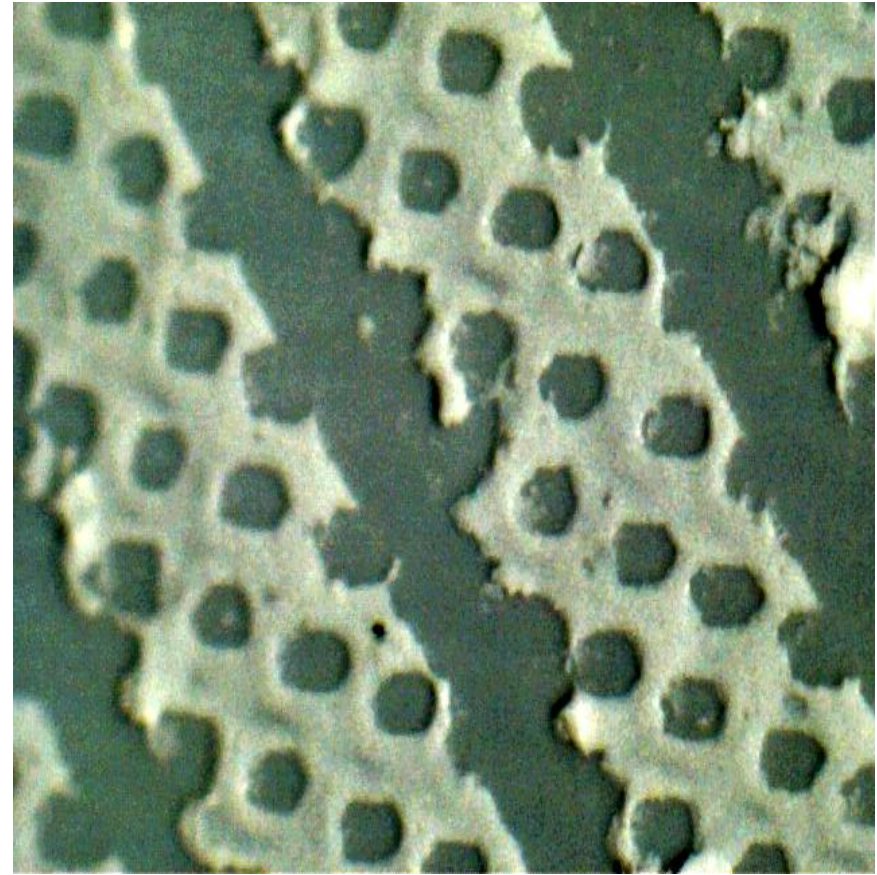
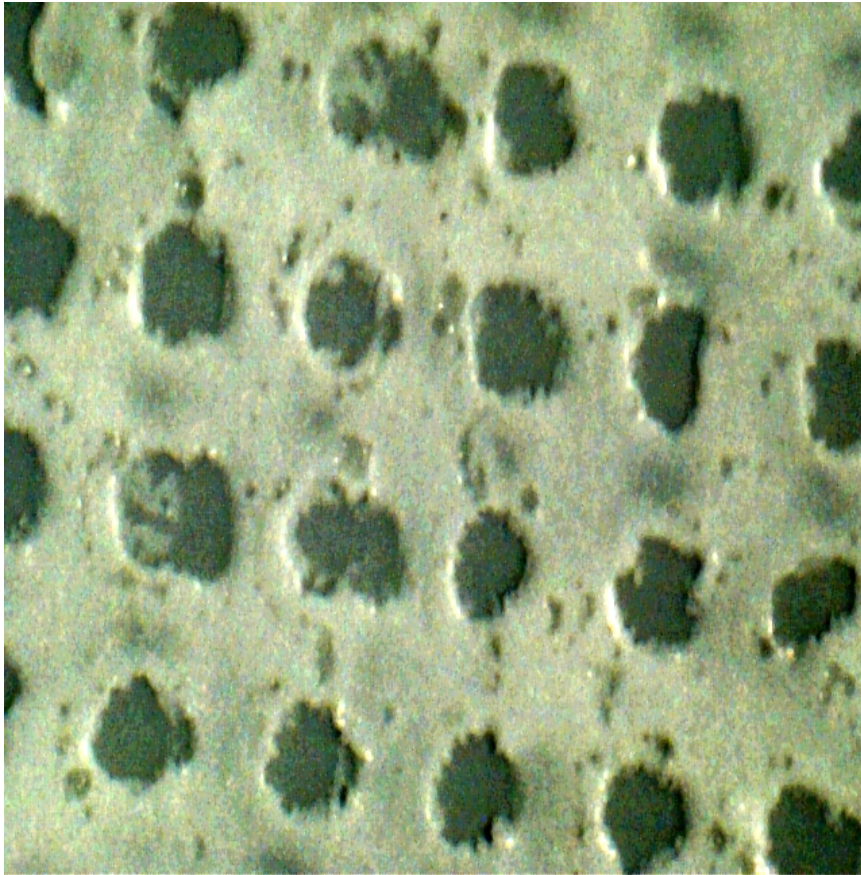
Printing in the Horizontal to MD Increases Tear Resistance



Print in Transverse Direction to Increases Some Tear Resistance and Some Shrinkage



Novel Printed Patterns





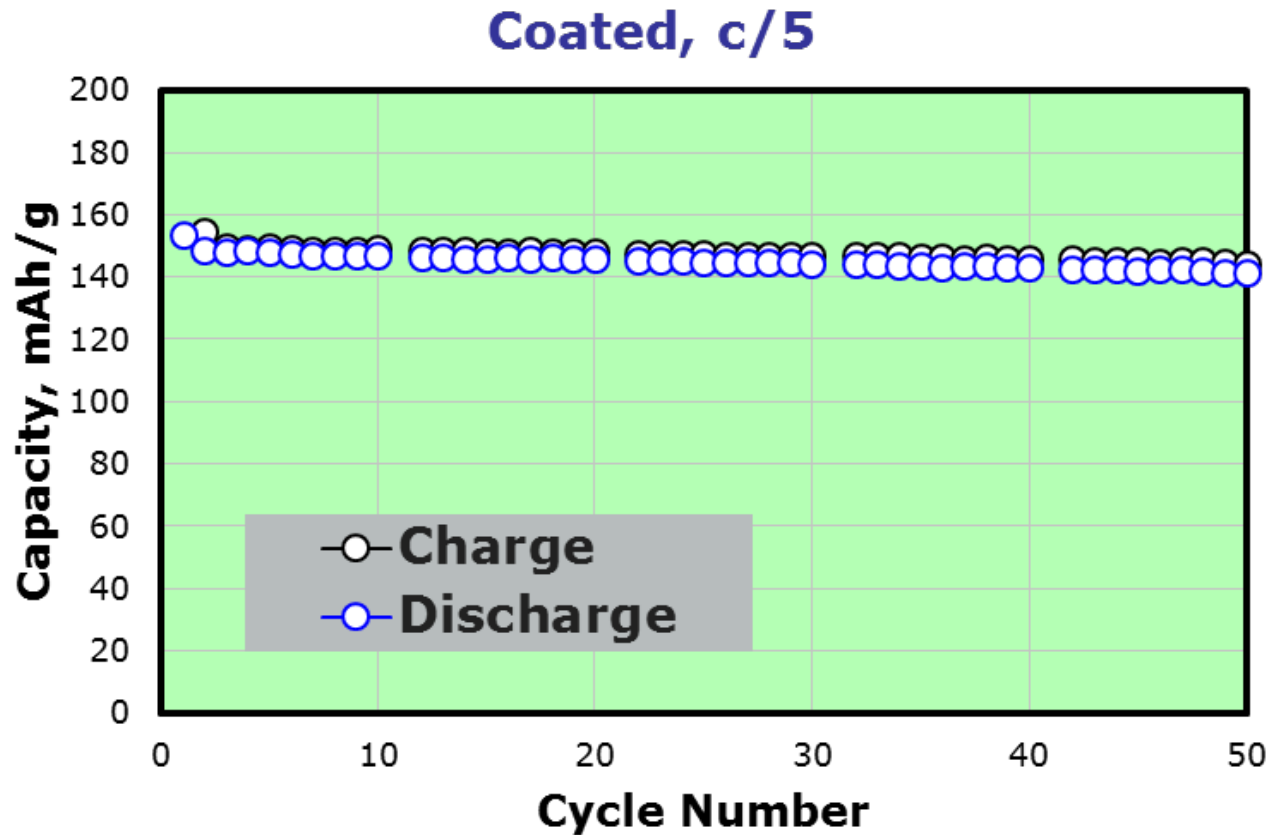
UV Ceramic Coatings have Excellent Adhesion and Porosity



Properties	Solid	Patterned	Base Film
Gurley	602	562	461
Shrinkage @ 100°C	<5%	<5%	<5%
Shrinkage @ 150°C	24%	28%	33%
Thickness	3 μm +16 μm	3 μm +16 μm	16 μm



UV Ceramic Coating on Trilayer Separator does not Interfere with Cell



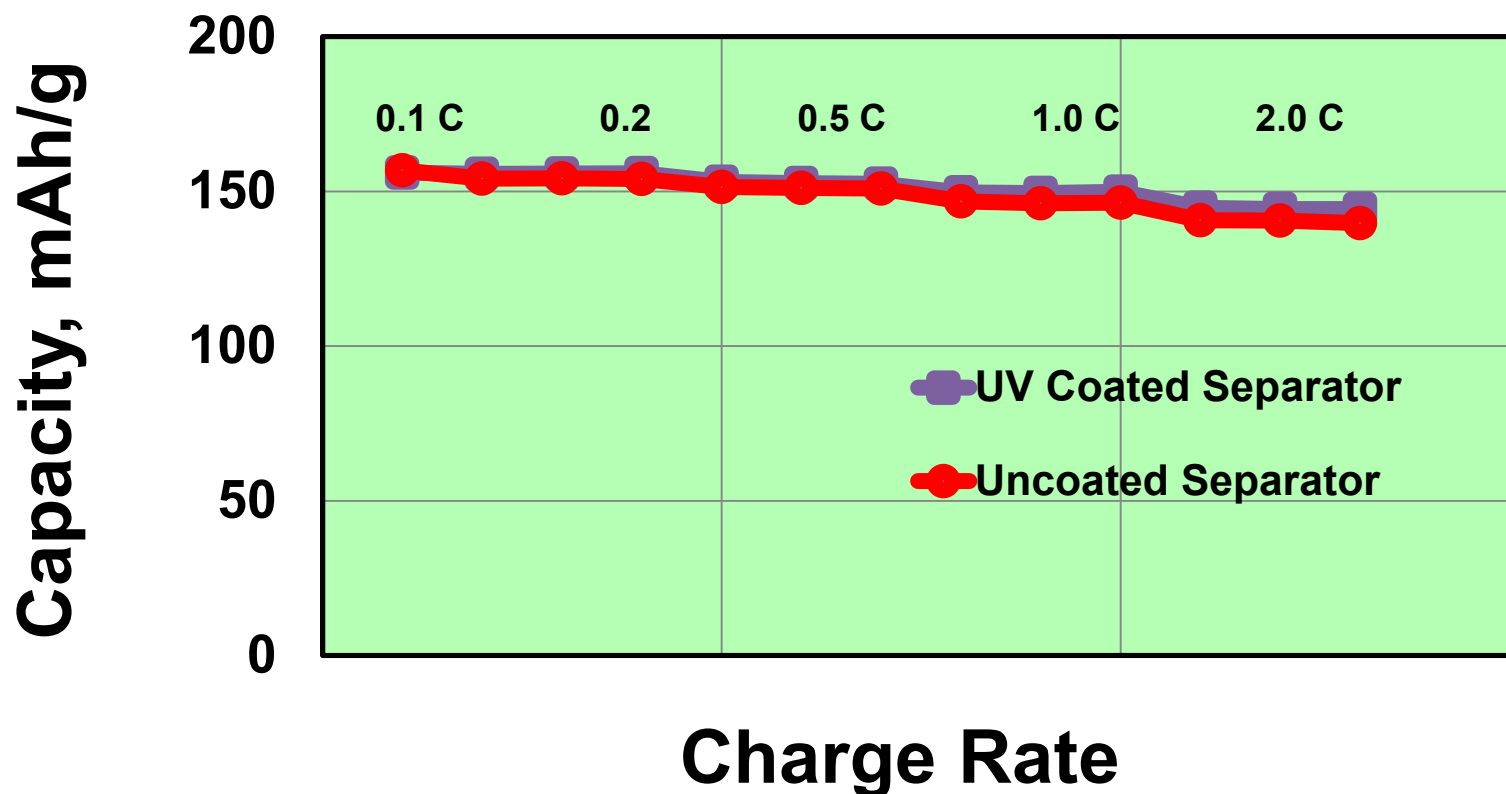
NMC-Lithium Metal Half-Cell



Charge Capacity/Charge Rate Same UV Ceramic Coated & Uncoated



NMC Half Cell





Shut Down Coating On Single Layer PP Separator



Properties	Coated PPO	Uncoated PPO Separator
Gurley at 25°C	400	325
Gurley after 100°C	550	300
Gurley after 150°C	∞	825
Shrinkage @ 100°C	<5%	<5%
Shrinkage @ 150°C	20%	25%
Thickness	3 μm +16 μm	16 μm



Gurley Tester Measures Flow Through Coated and Uncoated Separator





Summary



- **Established Feasibility of UV Binder for Ceramic Coated Separator**
- **2-6 μm Thick Coatings and Patterns**
- **Minimum Increase in Gurleys – Less Than 10%**
- **Demonstrated High Speed Printing (200 ft/min)**
- **Demonstrated Capable of Printing Patterns**



Thank You



- DOE for their funding contributions and advice
- Partners

