

Solutions for Curbside-Charging Electric Vehicles for Planned Urban Growth



UNC CHARLOTTE

Energy Production and Infrastructure Center

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DE-EE008472 | TI091

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Overview

Timeline

- Project start date: 10/1/18
- Project end date: 12/31/21
- ~45% complete

Budget

- Total project funding:
 - DOE share: \$942,757.00
 - Cost share: \$942,757.00
- Budget Period 1:
 - DOE share: \$426,181
 - Cost share: \$569,190
- Budget Period 2:
 - DOE share: \$354,380
 - Cost share: \$223,817
- Budget Period 3:
 - DOE share: \$162,196
 - Cost share: \$149,750
- Expended (as of 3/31/2020):
 - DOE share: \$315,030.24
 - Recipient share: \$288,040.07

Barriers Addressed

- ~90% of charging expected to occur at home; only about 50% of vehicles have access to dedicated off-street parking
- Installing dedicated curbside EVSEs can be challenging, both in terms of cost and access
- Limited understanding of the ability to integrate EVSEs into existing street light infrastructure

Partners



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Project Objectives

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- Develop, deploy, and test a prototype EVSE that can be retrofit into existing streetlight infrastructure
 - Prototype includes hardware, software, enclosure, and integration
- Understand the market need for such retrofit EVSEs
- Document the challenges associated with installing retrofit EVSEs into streetlights:
 - Technical (i.e. control, power, etc.)
 - Policy (i.e. permitting, right-of-way, etc.)

Impact on Addressing Barriers

- Detailed study of existing streetlight infrastructure in the Charlotte metro region
 - How scalable is the solution, technically?
- Comparing policy issues associated with retrofit solution vs. dedicated EVSE
 - Does the solution streamline implementation?
- Developing a commercialization-ready EVSE to address market need

VTO TI Goals Addressed

- Success means:
 - Greater use of domestic electricity for fuel (**National security**)
 - EVSE products made in the USA (**Economic growth**)
 - Lower cost/more accessible charging solutions (**Affordability for business and consumers**)
 - Greater access to diverse fuel set (**Reliability/resiliency**)



Project Approach: Task Development

Prototype Development

- Hardware
 - Enclosure design
 - Cable management
 - Attachment
- Software
 - Development
 - Testing
- Integration & testing



Community Engagement

- Secure partnership for pilot
- Manage permitting & related issues
- Engage community stakeholders & users



Techno-Economic Analysis

- Understand market potential
- Understand technical integration issues:
 - Power-system impacts
 - Streetlamp integration issues



Project Approach: Prototype Development Tasks

Technical development has four phases:

Prototype Engineering (Task 1)



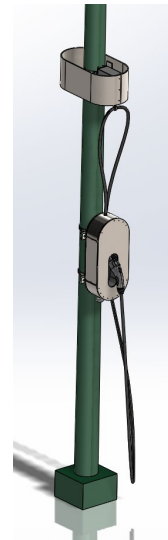
Development of basic requirements & specifications

Off-Grid Development and Testing (Task 4)



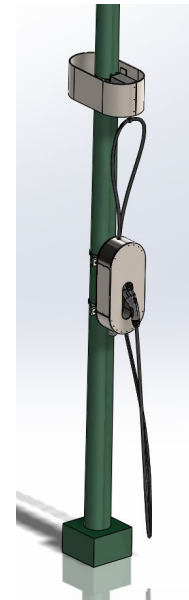
Source: Power supplies
Load: EV Simulators
Location: Lab (UNCC)

On-Grid Development and Testing (Task 5)



Source: Direct-to-grid
Load: Real EV
Location: Lab (Duke)

Field Test Deployment and Evaluation (Tasks 6 & 7)



Publicly available charging



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Project Approach: Timeline

2019				2020				2021			
Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
Task 1: Prototype Engineering											
Task 2: Community Engagement & Pilot Site Determination											
Task 3: Techno-economic analysis of market uptake & infrastructure needs											
			Task 4: Off-Grid Development								
					Task 5: On-Grid Development						
					Task 6: Field Test Deployment						
								Task 7: Field Testing and Evaluation			
									Task 8: Commercialization		



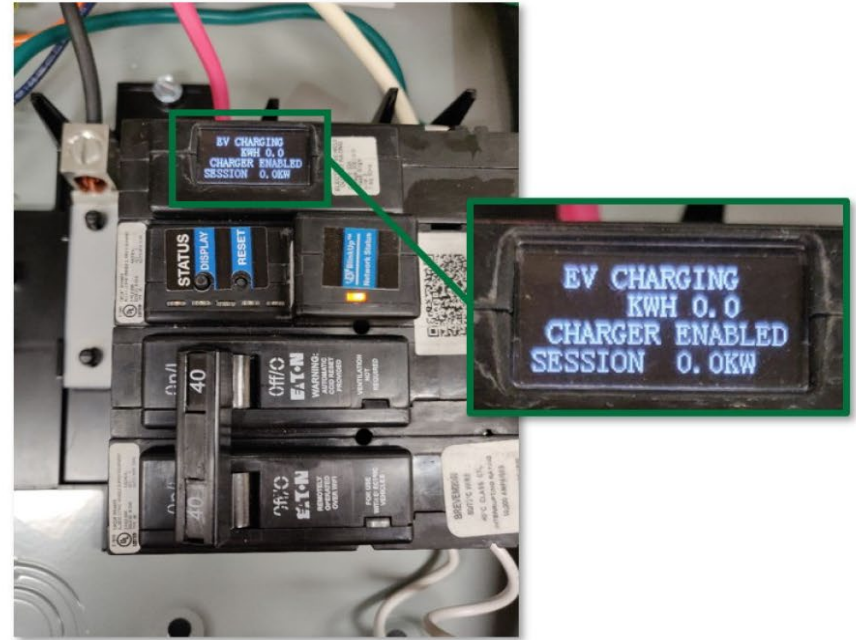
Project Approach: Milestones

Milestone	Description	Type	Target Date	Status
Prototype Engineering	Design specs & requirements	Technical	7/19	Complete
Prototype Engineering	Detailed design package	Technical	9/19	Complete
Techno-economic analysis	Report on market potential	Technical	12/19	Complete
Community	Selection of field demo partners	Go/No-Go	12/19	Complete
Off-Grid development	Complete laboratory testing	Technical	4/20	Complete
Field test deployment	Complete final site design	Technical	8/20	In-progress
Field test deployment	Complete commissioning of field demo	Technical	12/20	Not started
On-grid development	Complete testing at Duke Energy Mt. Holly	Technical	10/20	Not started
Cost-effectiveness determination	Determine cost-effectiveness of solution	Go/No-Go	10/20	In-progress
Field test launch	Field test initiated	Technical	1/21	Not started
Commercialization strategy	Determination of likely manufacturer and strategy	Technical	11/21	In-progress
Field test effectiveness	Field test evaluated	Go/No-Go	12/21	Not started



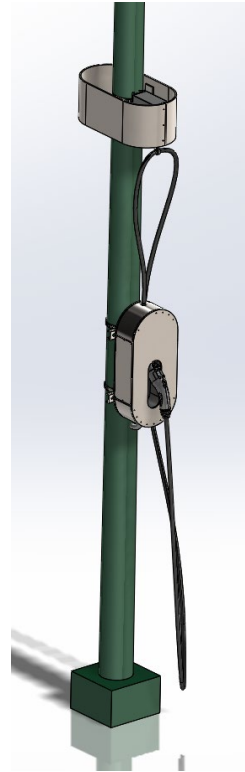
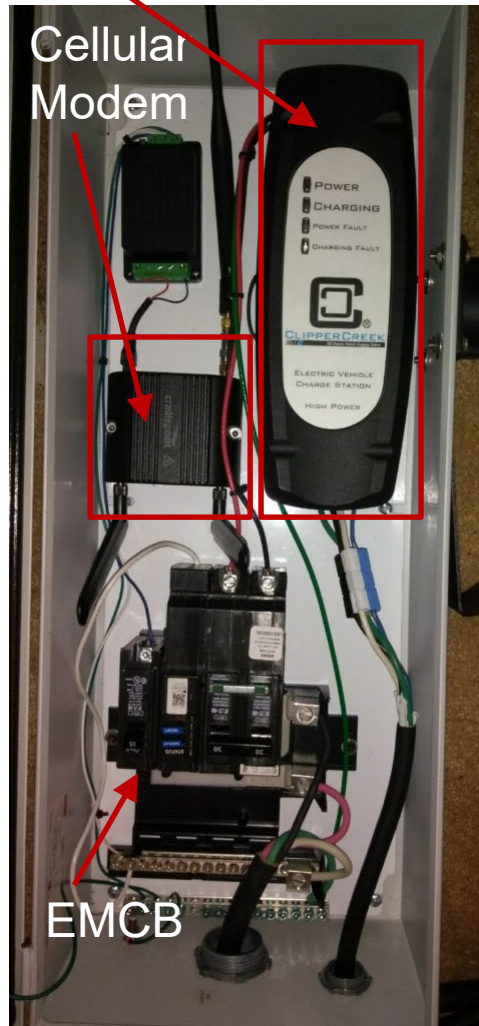
Project Approach: Enabling Technology

- The key enabling technology is the Energy Management Circuit Breaker (EMCB) from Eaton
- Breaker occupies 4 positions in a standard cabinet
- Key features
 - Solid-state disconnect
 - WiFi addressable
 - Provides full monitoring and control
- Two versions of the breaker to be on the market:
 - EMCB: Simple breaker
 - EMCB-EV: Includes additional Level 2 EVSE feature set
- Metering accuracy greater than required for utility-grade metering



Project Accomplishments: System Specifications & Design

Level 2
EVSE



Current
Beta
Prototype

- Fundamental hardware requirements:
 - Level 2 EVSE
 - Cellular network connectivity
 - NEMA 3R rating
- Requires electrical meter in standalone form
- Minimal footprint
- Cable management system required on pole in most cases
- Accessibility via smart phone using mobile web

EMCB is essentially an IoT device!



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Project Accomplishments: Demonstration and Deployment

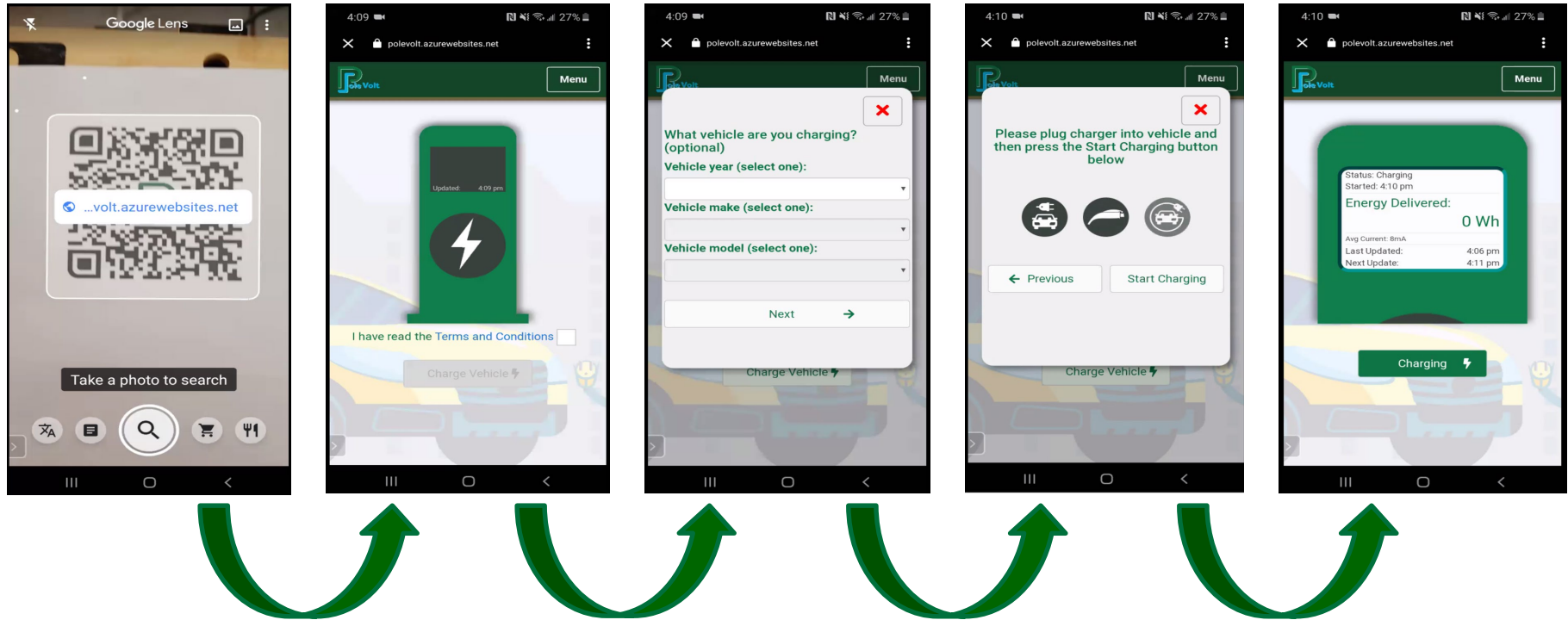


Alpha Prototype

- EMCB-EV not commercially ready until end of 2020
- Prototype stages:
 - *Alpha Prototype*: Uses EMCB & standalone Level 2 EMCB
 - Complete: Deploy 2 units on UNC Charlotte campus for public use in May 2020
 - *Beta Prototype*: Uses EMCB-EV
 - In-Progress: Deploy up to 3 units for public use in City of Charlotte in late 2020/early 2021
 - Working on cable attachment at Duke Mt. Holly
 - *Final Design*:
 - Working with Eaton to develop licensing agreement
 - UNCC to provide design files for manufacture at US-based facility
- ***Original SOPO: Deploy 1 unit in the field***

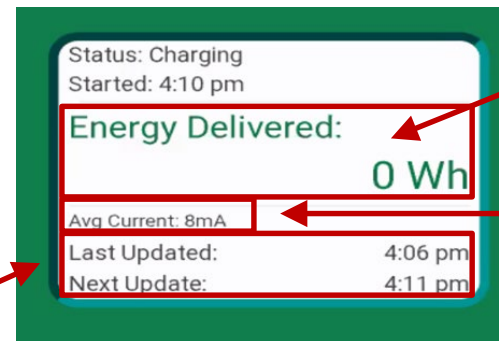


Project Accomplishments: Prototype Demonstration



- Use of cloud-based infrastructure provides new user experience
- Solution is useful for retrofitting control into existing EVSEs

Update information



Energy delivered

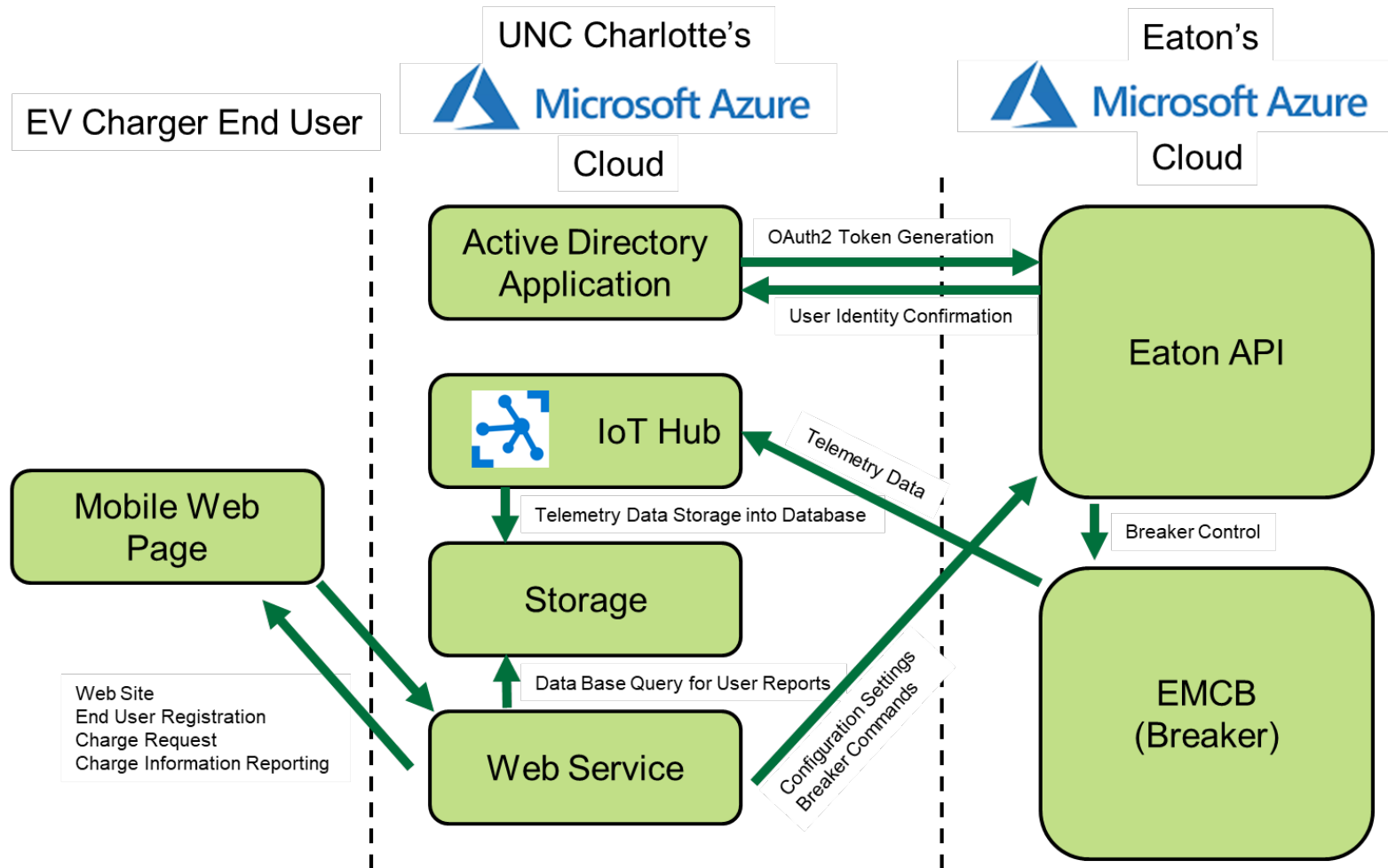
Current demand



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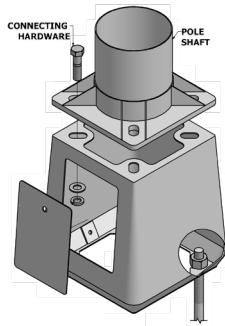
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Project Accomplishments: Communications Infrastructure



Solution leverages cloud technology, which poses new challenges for implementation

Project Accomplishments: Understanding Infrastructure



Transformer Base



Anchor-Base Support



Direct-Buried Support



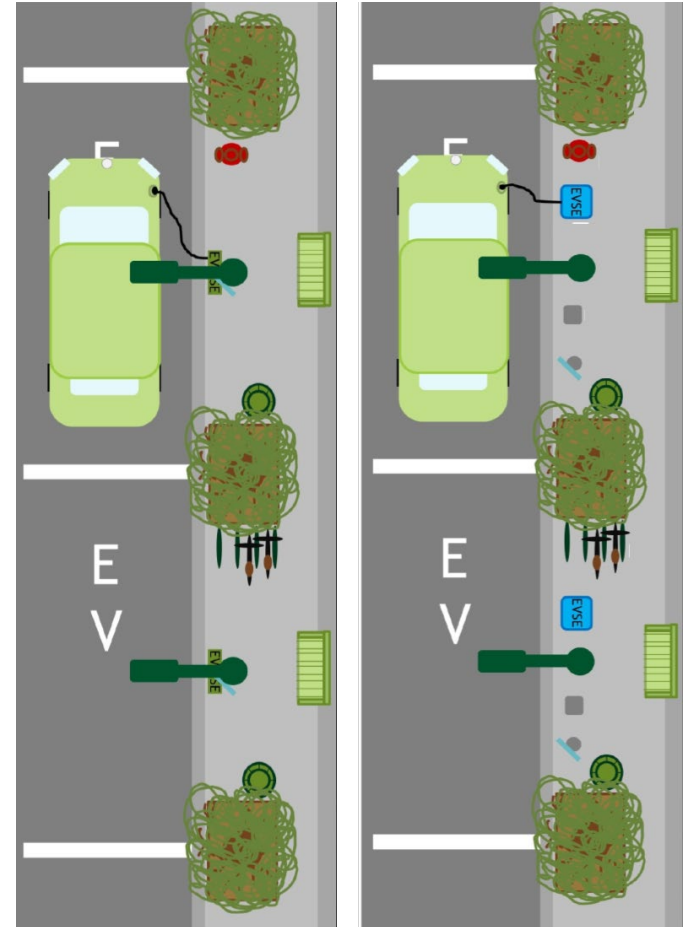
Overhead Poles

- Extreme diversity in terms of available technical infrastructure.
- Key technical questions:
 - How are existing lighting circuits controlled?
 - What is the voltage of the source feeding the pole?
 - Is there space existing in the underground conduit?
 - Is there spare capacity to support Level 2 EVSE charging, and how much?
 - Can power be provided to unit without replacing the pole?
- Four basic types of poles exist:
 - Wooden poles with overhead circuits are the utility's preferred solution
- Developed comprehensive review paper on charging needs in dense urban environments
- Developing a rubric for site evaluation

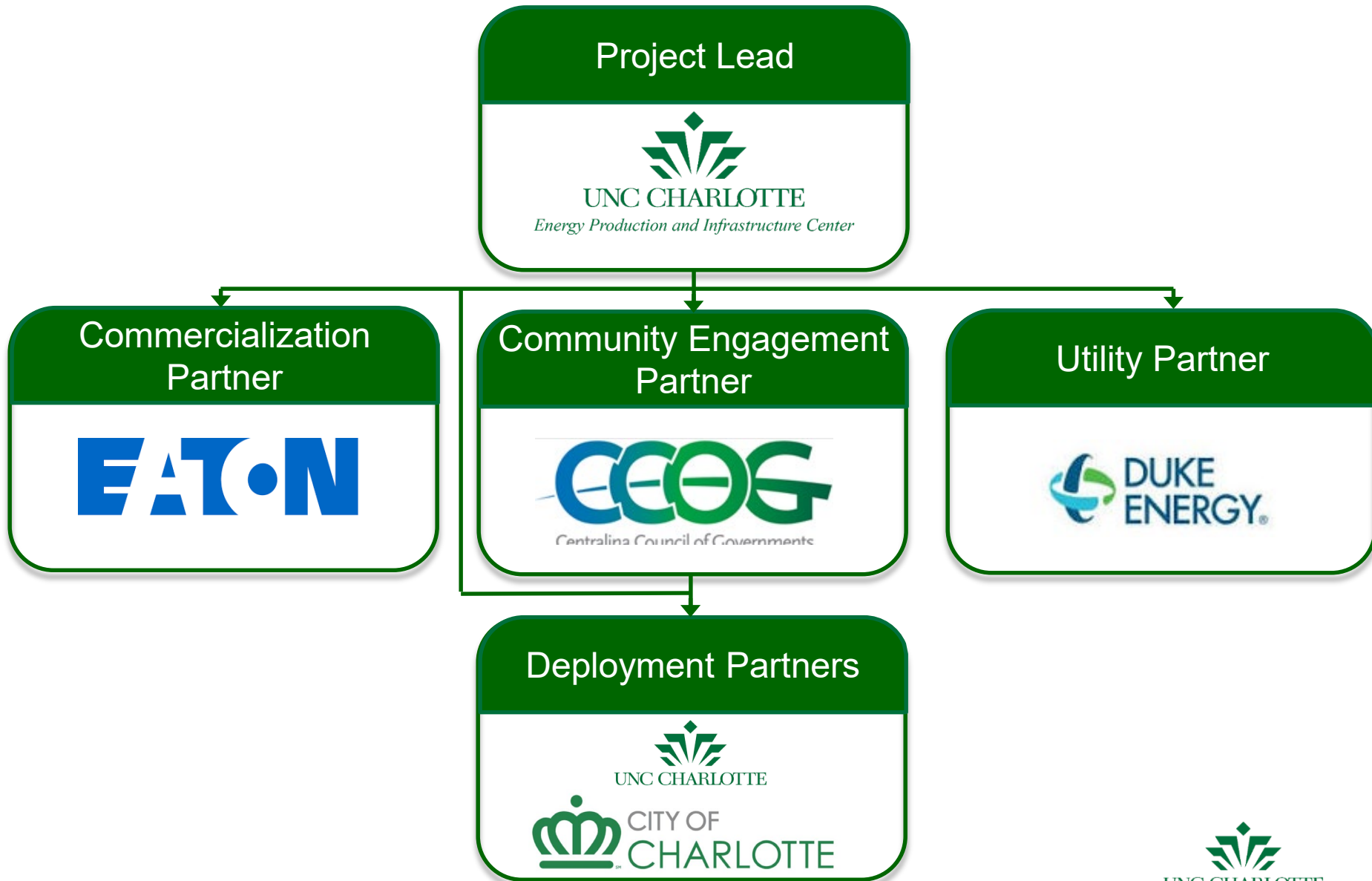


Project Accomplishments: Understanding Infrastructure

- Numerous questions exist on policy/community needs:
 - Desired cable management approach
 - Encroachment into right-of-way
 - Permitting process
 - ADA accessibility
 - Signage
- Longer term questions related to Smart City goals
 - Curbside interface and access
 - Business models for EVSE integration and ownership
- Team is engaging with City of Charlotte and Clean Cities Coalition to document



Collaboration and Coordination



Collaboration and Communication: Roles and Responsibilities

- Project lead (UNC Charlotte)
 - Overall coordination and project management
 - Leading prototype development for hardware and software
 - Coordinating with CCOG, UNCC, and City on deployment
 - Funding: Receiving federal share and providing cost share
- Community outreach (CCOG)
 - Coordinating with the City of Charlotte for deployment issues and marketing
 - Funding: Receiving federal share and providing cost share
- Commercialization partner (Eaton)
 - Supporting UNC Charlotte with commercialization effort & station design
 - Funding: Providing cost share
- Utility partner (Duke Energy)
 - Supporting UNC Charlotte with:
 - Testing services
 - Deployment assistance
 - Understanding street lighting infrastructure
 - System evaluation
 - Funding: Providing cost share
- Deployment partners (UNC Charlotte & City of Charlotte)
 - Pilot site hosts
 - No direct funding
- Communications:
 - Quarterly calls with UNC Charlotte, CCOG, Eaton, and Duke Energy
 - Bi-weekly calls with UNC Charlotte and CCOG
 - Separate bi-weekly calls with UNC Charlotte/Duke and UNC Charlotte/Eaton



Overall Market Impact

- Project directly addresses the need to investigate cost-effective charging station deployment in dense urban and multi-family areas
- Accomplishments to date:
 - Developed and field-deployed alpha prototype units on UNC Charlotte campus
 - Developed alpha version of smart-phone interface
 - Developed report on available literature and studies on needs and costs for urban charging infrastructure
- Upcoming/In Progress:
 - Completing beta prototype development and testing at Duke Energy Mt. Holly Laboratory
 - Reviewing numerous potential locations for installation and documenting technical integration process
 - Thoroughly documenting policy / permitting issues
 - Deployment at up to 3 pilot locations throughout the City of Charlotte with test data for up to one year
- Sustainability:
 - UNC Charlotte and Eaton working on commercialization agreement for EVSEs
 - Eaton directly supporting UNC Charlotte team with industrial design expertise
 - UNC Charlotte to provide Eaton with manufacturing-ready design
 - Commercial deployment in 2021 for parking lots



Summary

Goals

- Develop, deploy, and test a low-cost EVSE solution for retrofit deployment into existing street lighting infrastructure
- Understand market potential and implementation issues associated with streetlight integration
- Establish a path to commercialization

Approach

- Select strong set of commercialization, utility, and community partners
- Develop solution around an emerging IoT technology
- Develop and test in phased approach (university lab, utility lab, field)
- Work with utility & community partners to understand implementation challenges

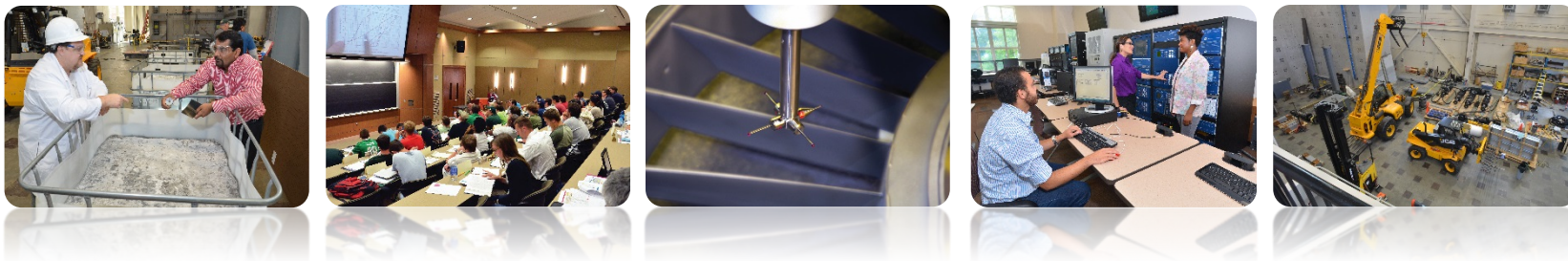
Collaborations

- Partners: UNC Charlotte (lead), Centralina Council of Governments, Eaton, Duke Energy
- Working with UNC Charlotte and City of Charlotte for pilot deployments

Accomplishments

- Developed alpha prototype and launched field deployment
- Designed beta prototype and beginning on-grid testing at Duke Energy laboratory
- Working to deploy up to 3 stations in City of Charlotte
- Documenting integration process





Thank You!

Questions?



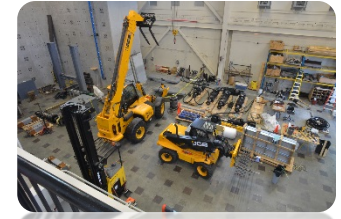
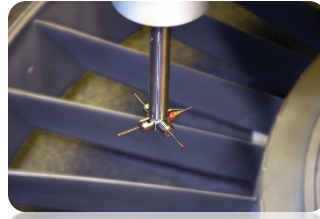
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Reviewer-Only Slides



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Publications and Presentations

- M. Rahman, B. Papari, J.C. Thill, and R. W. Cox, “Current Status of Electric Vehicle Adoption: A State-of-the-Art Review,” *Transportation Research Part D: Transport and Environment* (under review)
- Prototype displayed at Distributech 2020 in San Antonio, Texas.



Critical Assumptions and Issues

- Project schedule:
 - Deployment is on schedule. Unless unforeseen issues arise, team should meet all milestones
 - Covid-19 could pose supply-chain challenges in obtaining UL-approved breakers from Eaton
 - Spending lagged behind because of time taken to negotiate agreements with Duke Energy and Centralina Council of Governments. Spending ticking upwards in 2020 as deployment and commercialization efforts intensify.
- Original project assumed that significant de-risking might be required for structural testing on pole and wireless communications, such issues have not been significant
- Team did not expect Eaton to take as large a role. Duke Energy was the original intended deployment channel. Duke Energy remains heavily involved in the project. Duke envisions themselves as a potential customer for an EVSE solution rather than as a provider of an EVSE solution.
- Covid-19 has not presented major slowdowns. Project was granted a “research exception” by UNC Charlotte Vice Chancellor for Research and Economic Development.
 - Team members can come to campus as needed for laboratory work.

