

# A Segmented Drive Inverter Topology with a Small DC Bus Capacitor

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## **Overview**

#### **Timeline**

- Start FY09
- Finish FY12
- 85% complete

## **Budget**

- Total project funding
  - DOE share 100%
- Funding for FY11
  - \$715K
- Funding for FY12
  - \$550K

#### **Barriers**

- Capacitor cost, volume, and weight
- Capacitor high temperature capabilities

### **Inverter targets**

- Cost: \$5/kW (2015 target)
- Power density: 13.4 kW/l (2020 target)
- Specific power: 14.1 kW/kg (2020 target)

#### **Partners**

- ORNL team members: Lixin Tang,
   Cliff White, Larry Seiber, Zhenxian Liang,
   Mike Jenkins
- Capacitor vendors
- IGBT device and module manufacturers



## **Project Objective**

- Design, develop, build, and test a 55 kW integrated segmented traction drive system that can reduce the dc bus ripple current and thus the capacitance by at least 60%
- The goal is to reach the 2015 cost target and the 2020 weight and volume targets
- Eliminate the capacitor related hurdle for high temperature operations
- FY11 FY12: Design, build, and test 55 kW segmented inverter prototypes for integration with a motor



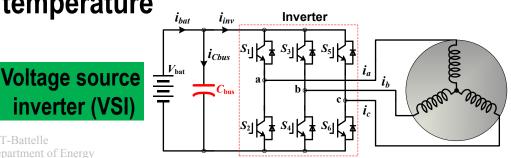
## **Milestones**

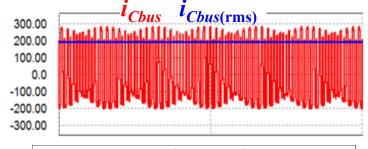
Month/Year	Milestone or Go/No-Go Decision
Sept-2011	Milestone: Complete assembly of 1st prototype of 55 kW segmented inverter for packaging with a motor.
Sept-2011	Go/No-Go decision: Determine via simulation whether the integrated inverter/motor packaging design has the potential to meet the cost, volume and weight targets
Mar-2012	Milestone: Complete tests of 1 <sup>st</sup> prototype of 55 kW segmented inverter packaged for integration with a motor.

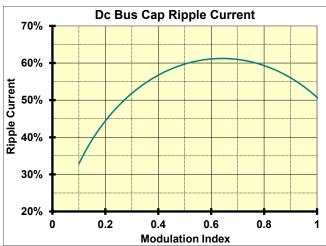


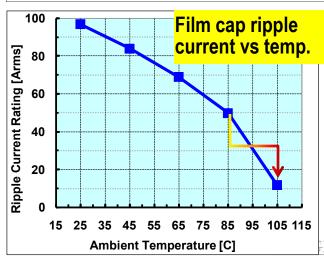
## **Need to reduce DC Bus Ripple Current**

- Because of the large ripple currents in the VSI, the dc bus capacitor is a significant barrier to meeting the inverter cost, volume and weight targets. Currently, it contributes
  - Cost and weight, up to 20% of an inverter
  - Volume, up to 30% of an inverter
- Increasing switching frequency has little impact on the magnitude of the ripple current
- Reducing the capacitance may increase battery ripple current
- Film capacitor ripple current and voltage capability decreases rapidly with temperature





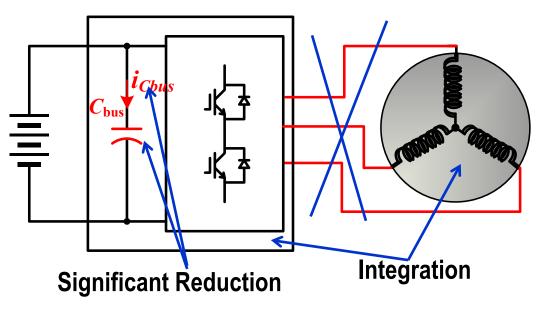


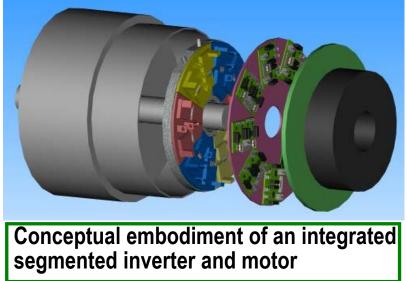


inverter (VSI)

# **Description of Technology/Approach**

- Approach to Capacitor Ripple Current and Drive System Cost Reduction
  - Use a segmented drive system topology that does not need additional switches or passive components but can significantly reduce the dc link ripple current and the amount of capacitance
  - Integrate the segmented inverter and motor into a single package drive system to eliminate cable connections







# **Impact on Inverter Targets**

- Dropping the segmented topology into the state-of-the-art inverter package results in exceeding the 2015 weight target of 12 kW/kg and the 2020 volume target of 13.4 kW/l
- Optimization of inverter package will further reduce the weight and volume, and bring the cost within the 2015 target

	State-of-the-Art Inverter <sup>(a)</sup>			Segmented Inverter <sup>(b)</sup>		
	Weight	Volume	Cost	Weight	Volume	Cost
	(kg)	(L)	(\$)	(kg)	(L)	(\$)
Bus Cap	3.57	2.6	182	1.43	1.04	73
Others	3.99	3.36	728	4.0	3.37	735
Subtotal	7.56	5.96	910	5.43	4.41	808
Metrics	kW/kg	kW/L	\$/kW	kW/kg	kW/L	\$/kW
	9.3	11.7	13	12.9	15.9	11.5
DOE	12	12	5	14.1	13.4	3.3
targets	2015			2020		

<sup>\*</sup>Assumptions: (a) capacitor cost is 20%;



<sup>(</sup>b) a reduction of 60% in capacitor requirement.

## **Brief Summary of Accomplishments**

Selected the best PWM scheme by simulation study

Designed, built, and tested a 55 kW proof-of-concept segmented

inverter prototype

with a 60 % reduction of dc bus capacitor

- with a resistive load bank and an induction motor
- with both carrier and space vector based PWM schemes
- Test results show significant reductions of
  - 55~75% in capacitor ripple current
  - 70~90% in battery ripple current
  - 60~80% in motor ripple current



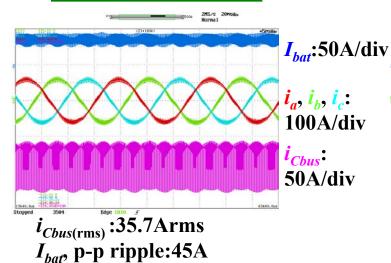
- segmented inverter packaged for integrating with a motor
- Initial test results indicate thermal and packaging design goals are met.



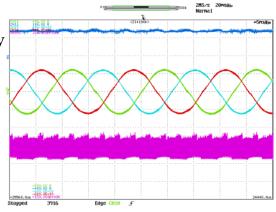
A POC prototype of 55 kW segmented inverter

Capacitance:  $1000\mu F \rightarrow 400\mu F$ Cap. volume:  $1.39L \rightarrow 0.56L$ 

#### **Baseline inverter**



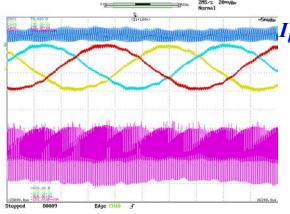
#### **Segmented inverter**



 $i_{Cbus(rms)}$ :13.7Arms  $I_{bat}$  p-p ripple: 10A

#### **RL** load

- 78 % reduction in cap. ripple current
- 62 % reduction in battery ripple current



 $i_a, i_b, i_c$ :

50A/div

i<sub>Cbus</sub>: 50A/div

 $i_{Cbus(rms)}$ : 37.1 Arms  $I_{bat}$ , p-p ripple: 45A

**I<sub>bat</sub>:50A/div** €

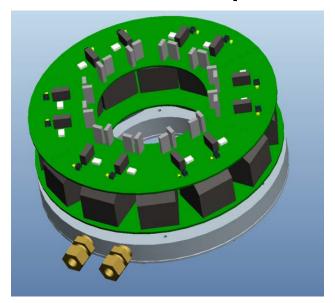
 $i_{Cbus(rms)}$ :10.0Arms  $I_{bat}$ , p-p ripple: 5A

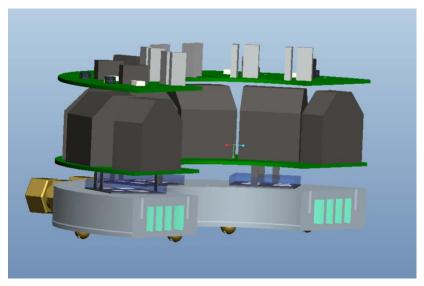
#### **Induction motor**

- 73 % reduction in cap. ripple current
- 89 % reduction in battery ripple current



- A segmented inverter design for integration with a motor (1<sup>st</sup> design)
  - A toroid heat exchange
     (outer diameter: 9"; inner diameter: 4")
  - ORNL packaged IGBT modules
  - A heavy copper PCB for interconnecting the power modules and the bus capacitors

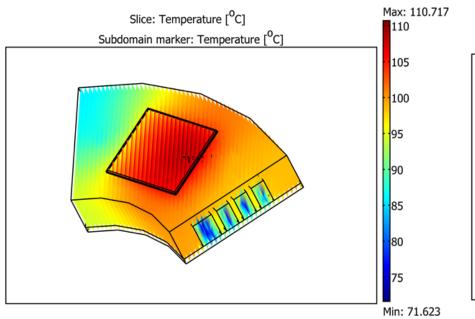


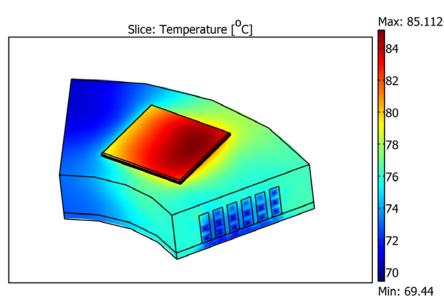


3-D drawings of a segmented inverter design



- Finite element analysis results indicated satisfactory thermal performance of the toroid heat exchanger design
  - Max junction temperature of 111°C for the 4 channel design and 85 for the 6 channel design at an inlet coolant (water ethylene glycol) temperature of 70°C
- FEA results also indicate the 6 channel design can keep junction temperatures below 125°C with 105°C coolant temperature

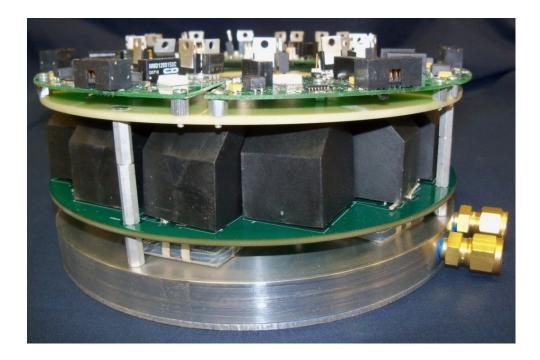




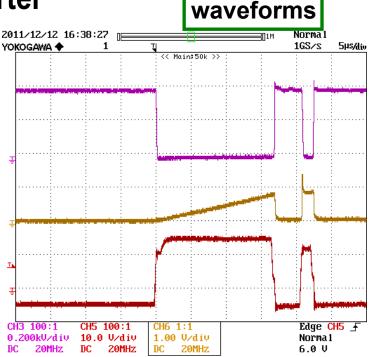
r the U.S. Department of Energy

1st prototype of 55 kW segmented inverter

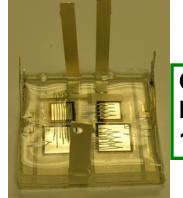
17.1 kW/l, 15.6 kW/kg(2020 targets: 13.4 kW/l, 14.1 kW/kg)



 Double pulse test results confirmed thermal design goals



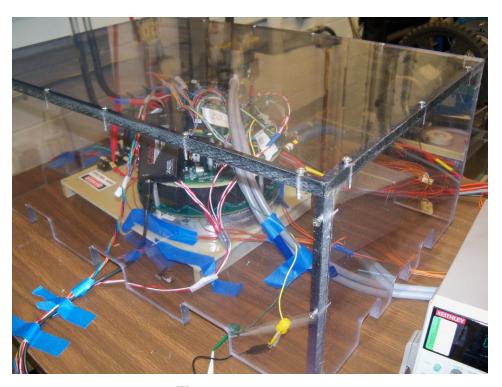
**Pulse test** 

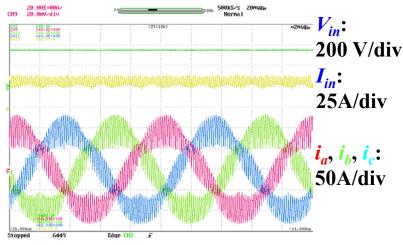


ORNL packaged IGBT module, 1200V/75A

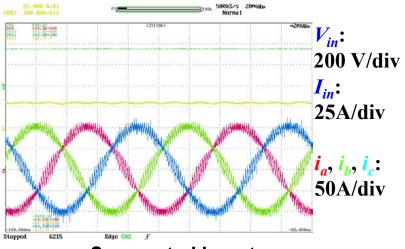


- Tests of the 1<sup>st</sup> prototype are in progress
- Initial test results with a RL load show satisfactory functionality





Non-segmented inverter



**Segmented inverter** 



**Test setup** 

## **Collaborations**

- Powerex, Infineon, and ABB
  - IGBT modules
  - IGBT and diode dies
- Capacitor vendors (Electronic Concepts, AVX, SBE)
  - Custom capacitors
- Leveraging ORNL's packaging research efforts and ORNL's expertise on materials science and technology
  - Packaging material
  - Power module packaging



## **Future Work**

#### Reminder of FY12

- Complete tests and characterization of the 1<sup>st</sup> prototype of 55 kW segmented inverter packaged for integrating with a motor
- Incorporating the test results, refine the design, build and test a second prototype



## Summary

- The segmented inverter with a reduction of bus capacitance by 60 % and an optimal package exceeds the 2020 weight and volume targets.
- Test results on a 55 kW prototype demonstrated significant reductions of
  - 55~75% in capacitor ripple current
  - 70~90% in battery ripple current
  - 60~80% in motor ripple current
- Good progress on a prototype design for integration with a motor
- Other Positive Impacts
  - Reduce battery losses and improve battery operating conditions due to substantially reduced battery ripple current
  - Significantly reduce the motor torque ripples (up to 50%), and reduce switching losses by 50%

