Ceramic Fuel Cells (SOFC)

DOE H2/FC Manufacturing R&D Workshop

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Ceramic SMEs have wide-ranging backgrounds

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- Rick Kerr Delphi
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- Aaron Crumm AMI
- Randy Petri Versa Power
- Jolyon Rawson Acumentrics
- Marc Gietter Army-CERDEC
- Scott Swartz NexTech Materials
- Eric Stanfield NIST

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- Mike Ulsh NREL / DOE
- Matt Steinbroner Consultant (DRS)



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Considerations and approach

Things to consider for SOFC manufacturing:

- Materials and designs vary widely
- Planar and tubular geometries considered ۲
- Three planar technologies: 500 W to 10 kW ۲
- Two tubular technologies: 50-500 W and 0.5-10 kW ۲

General approach to define and solve issues:

Identify cost drivers

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- Outline current best manufacturing practices •
- Identify manufacturing gaps ۲
- Propose projects to address gaps ۲
- Estimate manufacturing cost savings resulting from the projects ۲





Courtesy of NexTech





Cells, separator plates & seals drive costs



Key cost drivers identified for planar designs

- Cells
- Separator plates (interconnect)
- Seals
- Manifolds
- Compression hardware
- Electrical contact layers
- End Plates (terminals & gas plenums)



Planar SOFC (Courtesy of Delphi)



Key manufacturing gaps for planar designs

- Capital Intensive Equipment:
 - Automated assembly machines
 - Stack commissioning equipment
- Time/cost intensive:
 - Acceptance tests for stacks & BOP
 - Numerous manned QC/QA inspections
 - End plate machine work
 - Powder acceptance methods
- Repeat & Non-repeat Parts costs/automation needs:
 - Coating processes for metallic components.
 - Material waste in complex shaped gaskets or glass seals
- Institutional Issues:
 - Hazardous solvents in slurries, inks and pastes



Cells and current collectors drive tubular costs



Key cost drivers identified for tubular designs

- Cell
- Current Collectors
- Seals
- BOP in hot box:
- Insulation (thermal)
- Recuperator
- Burner
- Tube-end seals
- Reforming
- Manifold



← Tubular SOFC

Courtesy AMI

Coil Winding for Current – Collection



Courtesy AMI













Key manufacturing gaps for tubular designs

- Capital Intensive Equipment:
 - Stack acceptance and commissioning tests
- Time/cost intensive/automation needs:
 - Procedures for winding current-collector wire
 - Ceramic powder characterization methods
 - QC/QA inspections
- Repeat & Non-repeat Parts costs:
 - Dimensional tolerance of tubes
 - Non-continuous batch fabrication of tubes
 - Improved-yield on thin-film electrolyte application
 - New coating process for current-collector wire
 - Insulation shaping operations



Planar and tubular geometries combined

- Protective coatings (for metallic components)
- Defect free electrolyte layer (application)
- Low-cost, high-efficiency insulation (shaping, installation)
- Automated assembly
- Stack assembly, commissioning and testing
- Net shape manufacturing of manifolds and end plates
- Current collection winding for tubular SOFC
- Ceramic powder characterization



Key cost drivers for BOP

- Power Management
- Mechanicals and Packaging
- Controls/ Software
- Thermal Management
- Reactant Management
 - Fuel processing
 - Fuel and oxidant delivery



SOFC hot box. Courtesy of Staxera



Key manufacturing gaps for BOP

- Power management systems
- Need specified commercial-scale pumps and blowers
- Software for system control and safety
- Thermal insulation shaping and installation
- High efficiency heat exchangers (recuperator)
- Mitigation strategies for coking in catalytic partial oxidation reformers
- Sulfur removal technology



SOFC system flow diagram



Ceramic BOP Projects

- Low-cost, high-efficiency heat exchangers (recuperators)
- Specification-analysis for fuel cell power systems
- Low-cost fuel efficient tactical fuel processor for desulfurized fuels
- High efficiency fuel processor for logistic and renewable fuels
- Manufacturing for cathode air delivery system pump-blower



Ceramic/metallic heat exchanger system



Ceramic system cost savings

Cold Zone	Hot Zone			the second	TT No No	"gorat
Mechanicals / Packaging	Protective coatings					435 -H
Controls / Software	Defect free electrolyte					
Thermal Management	Stack commissioning					
Desulfurizer	Low-cost insulation					
Liquid Pumps	Automated assembly Net-shape manifold &				Average	
Cathode air blower				Average Project Cost		break-even
Anode gas recycle	end plates			•		(MW)
Power Management	Current collection winding	0.5	-10kW Planar	\$	2,391,146	5.2
		0.5-1	10kW Tubular	\$	2,307,207	5.4
	Recuperator	< 5	00 W Tubular	\$	2,391,146	4.8
	Seals	C	old Zone	\$	1,148,974	3.0
		н	lot Zone	\$	2,669,300	6.4











