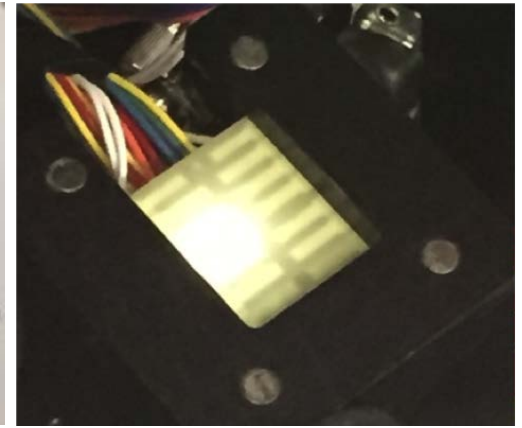
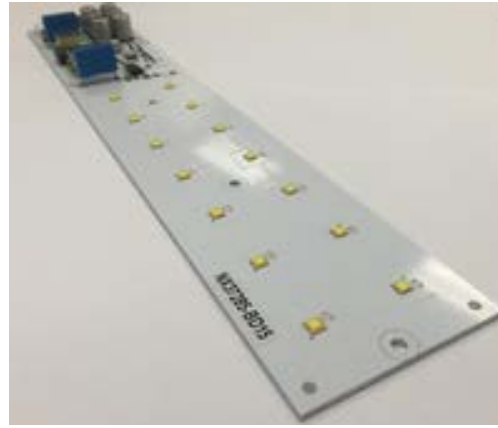
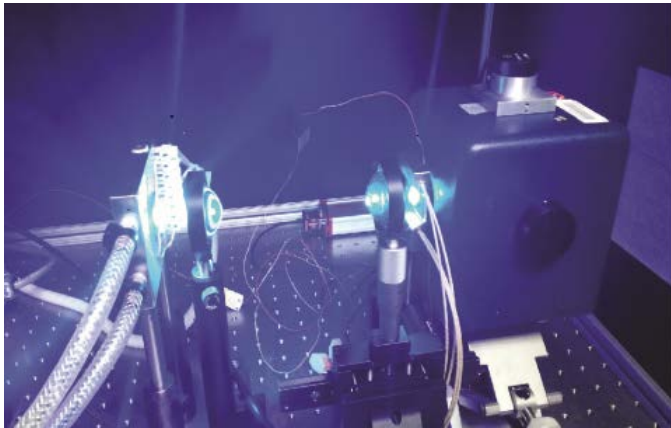
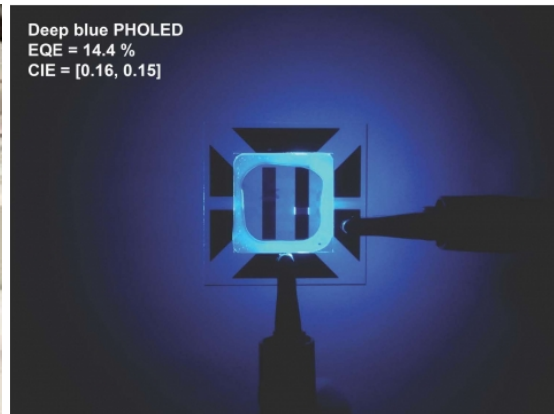


DOE SOLID-STATE LIGHTING PROGRAM

2017 Building Technologies Office Peer Review



Deep blue PHOLED
EQE = 14.4 %
CIE = [0.16, 0.15]



DOE Solid-State Lighting Program Mission and Goal

MISSION

Through engagement with the lighting community, the DOE SSL Program mission is to **further scientific understanding** on optimizing light spectrum and intensity for numerous applications/tasks **using semiconductor technologies to save energy** while also **enhancing human perception, wellbeing, and commerce.**

GOAL

By 2025, develop advanced SSL technologies that — compared to conventional lighting technologies — are much more **energy efficient, longer lasting, and cost competitive**, by targeting a product system efficiency of 50 percent with appropriate application spectrum.

DOMENICI-BARTON ENERGY POLICY ACT OF 2005, SECTION 912

“The Secretary shall carry out a Next Generation Lighting Initiative in accordance with this section to support research, development, demonstration, and commercial application activities related to advanced solid-state lighting technologies based on white light emitting diodes.”

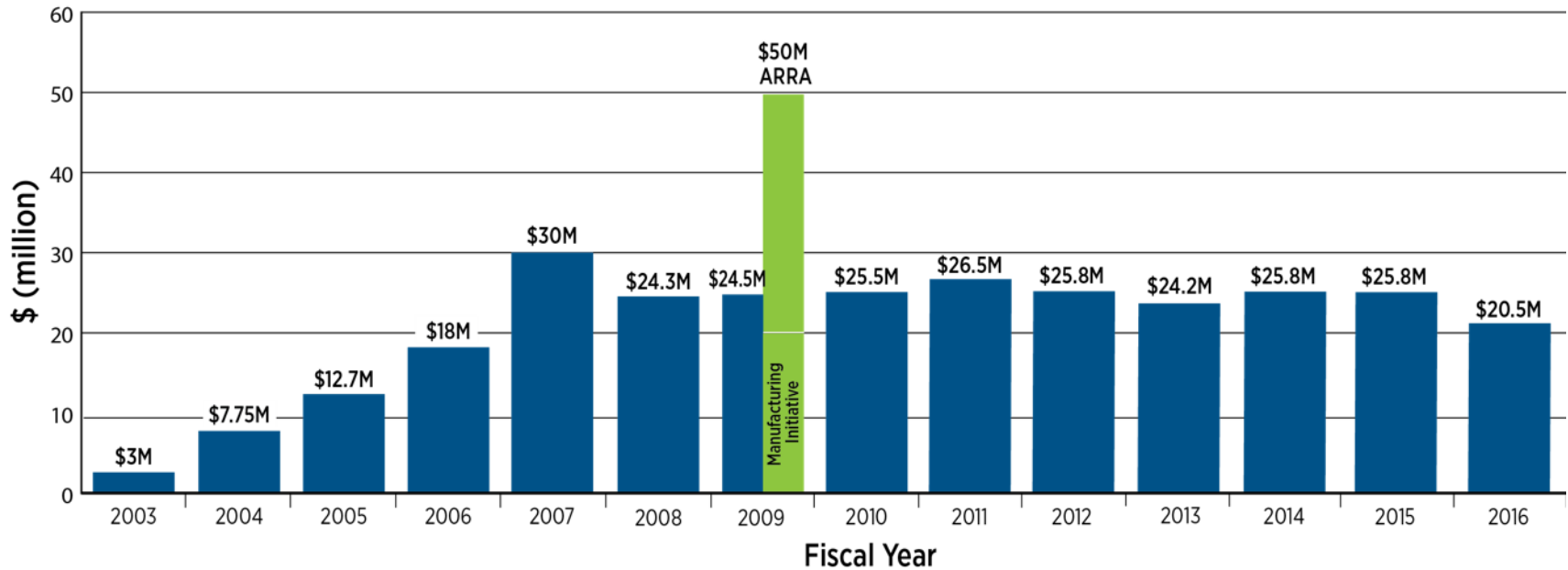
ENERGY INDEPENDENCE AND SECURITY ACT OF 2007, SECTION 321

(g) Research and Development Program.— (1) In General.—
The Secretary may carry out a lighting technology research and development program—(A) to support the research, development, demonstration, and commercial application of lamps and related technologies sold, offered for sale, or otherwise made available in the United States...

SEC. 655. BRIGHT TOMORROW LIGHTING PRIZES.

(a) **ESTABLISHMENT.**—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, as part of the program carried out under section 1008 of the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16396), the Secretary shall establish and award Bright Tomorrow Lighting Prizes for solid state lighting in accordance with this section.

Congressional Appropriations



Strategic Approach

Key DOE Roles



CONVENE

DOE roundtables and workshops bring innovators together to identify priority challenges



PLAN

Based on those priorities DOE sets technology milestones and creates an annual SSL R&D Plan



CO-FUND

DOE funds competitively awarded and cost-shared projects aligned with the plan

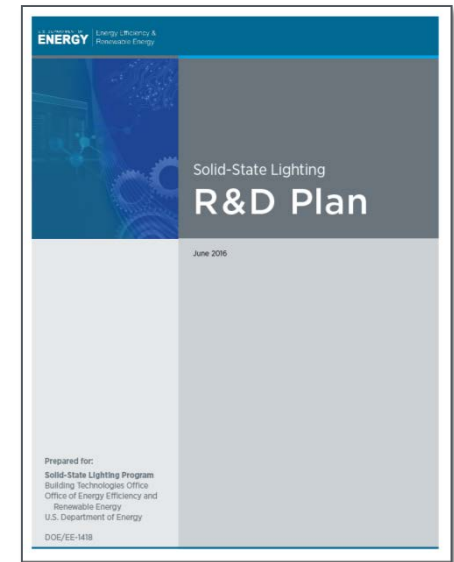
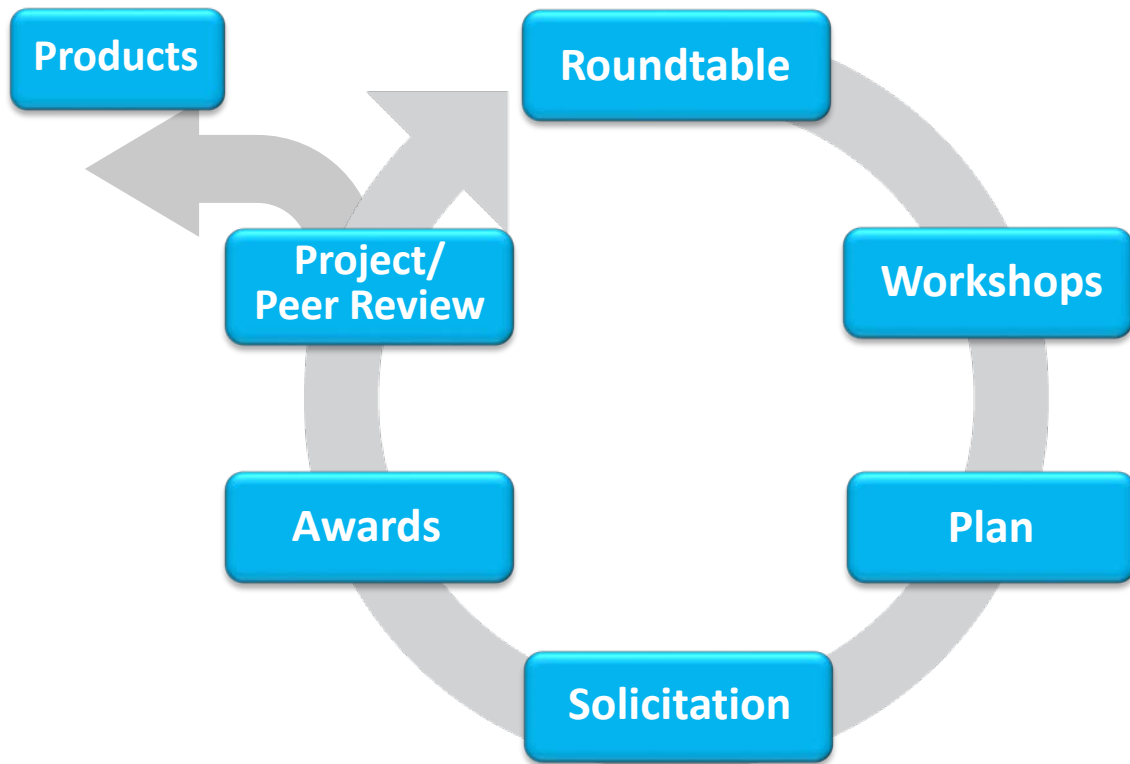


ELEVATE

DOE ensures open information flow and provides analyses that spur technology advances and inform future R&D priorities

DOE R&D Plan Process

SSL community input from roundtables and workshops shape R&D priorities and DOE solicitations



DOE targets push industry to levels of efficacy and performance that might not otherwise be achieved

Analysis of emerging products prompts improvements, informs R&D priorities

Expert Information Exchange

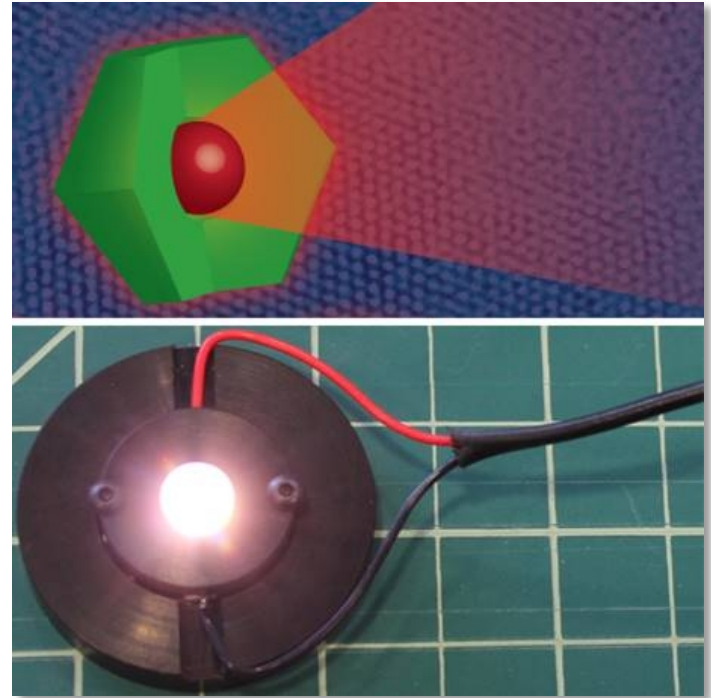


“Great to have much-needed conversations within the industry, and between industry and government, as well as for all stakeholders to get onto the same or similar wavelength.”

– Workshop attendee

R&D Challenges for LEDs

- Emitter materials
- Down converters
- Emitter architectures for system efficiency
- Encapsulation
- Package/module integration into luminaires
- Novel luminaire systems
- Manufacturing test and inspection equipment
- Package manufacturing



Los Alamos National Laboratory is advancing the use of quantum dots as LED narrow-band downconverters.

R&D Challenges for OLEDs

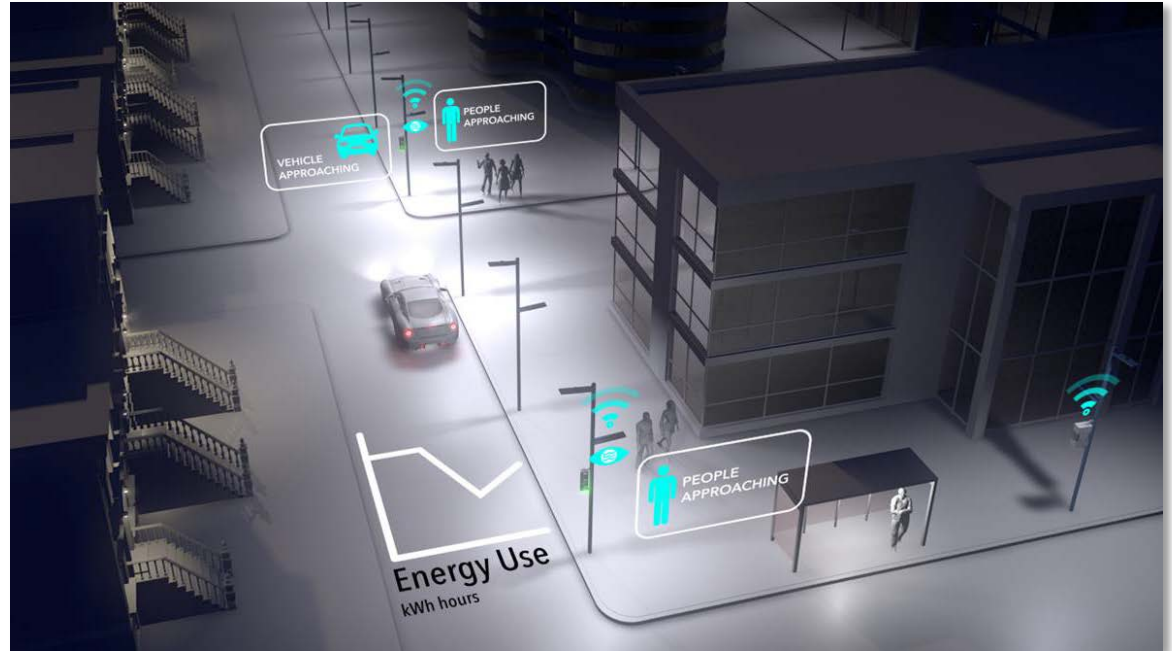
- Stable white devices
- Light extraction concepts
- Luminaire development
- Panel light extraction
- Panel manufacturing
- Roll-to-roll manufacturing
- Deposition equipment



Acuity develops OLED luminaire with panel-integrated drivers and advanced controls.

R&D Challenges for SSL in Total

- Connected lighting
- Color rendition
- Form factors
- Glare
- Reliability
- Action spectrum
- Human-light interactions

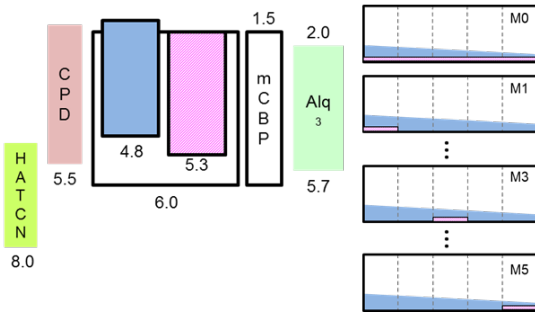


Connected lighting systems hold the potential to deliver improved energy performance and lighting quality, along with a host of other benefits.

Broad Mix of R&D Partners

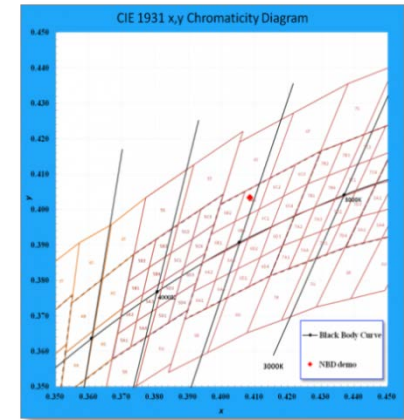


Invited Projects



Stable, High Efficiency White Electrophosphorescent Organic Light Emitting Devices by Reduced Molecular Dissociation
Stephen Forrest, University of Michigan

Materials and Designs for High-Efficacy LED Light Engines
James Ibbetson, Cree

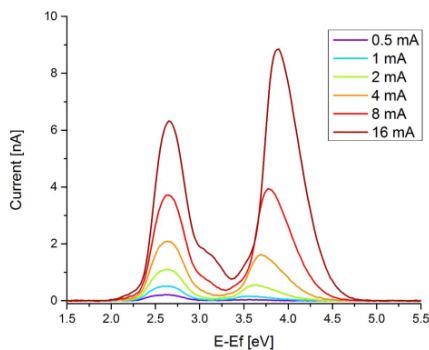


Luminaires for Advanced Lighting in Education
Lynn Davis, RTI International

Invited Projects

Stable and Efficient White OLEDs Based on a Single Emissive Material

Jian Li, Arizona State University

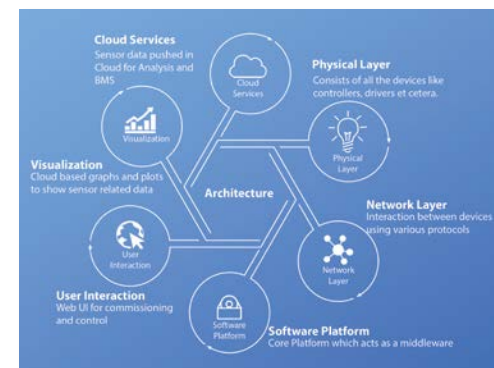


Identification and Mitigation of Droop Mechanism in GaN-Based Light Emitting Diodes (LEDs)

James Speck, University of California, Santa Barbara

Innovative Office Lighting System with Integrated Spectrally Adaptive Control

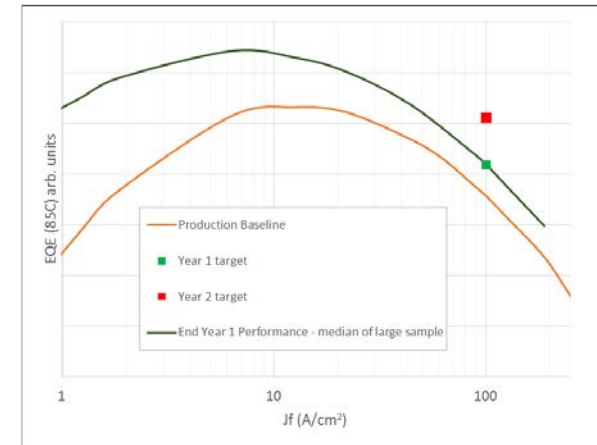
Meg Smith, Philips Lighting North America



Invited Projects

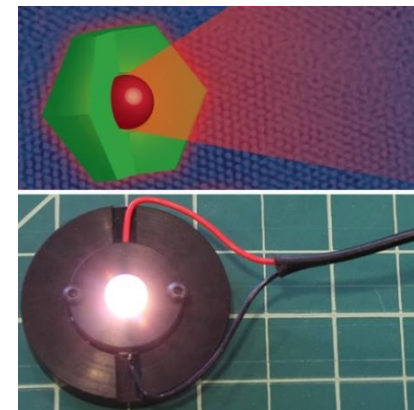
Improved InGaN LED System Efficacy and Cost via Droop Reduction

Isaac Wildeson, Lumileds



Next-Generation 'Giant' Quantum Dots: Performance-Engineered for Lighting

Jennifer Hollingsworth, Los Alamos National Laboratory



The Best Is Yet to Come

TURNING DOWN LIGHTING ENERGY USE

U.S. energy savings attributable to LED lighting will reach 5.1 quads by 2035. Energy use for lighting in 2035 will be **75% lower** than it would have been if LEDs had not entered the market.

