



Fort Peck
Wellness
Center

Assiniboine
& Sioux
Tribes of the
Fort Peck
Indian
Reservation



Office of Indian Energy Annual Program Review November 2022 Conference

Assiniboine & Sioux Tribes of
the Fort Peck Indian Reservation
Fort Peck Health and Wellness
Center Energy Project
Poplar, Montana



Fort Peck Indian Reservation

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- # NE Montana
- # 2.1 Million Acres
- # Checkerboard Land Pattern

- # Assiniboine & Sioux
- # 11,000 members
- # 6700 live on
Reservation





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Fort Peck Health and Wellness Center

- # Multi disciplinary Wellness/Activity Center
- # Initiated in 2012 by Health Promotion Disease Prevention Program
- # Established CAT (Construction Advisory Team) in October 2018, intratribal, multidisciplinary



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CAT Team

- # Planning Office – 2 Representatives
- # Tribes' Secretary Accountant
- # Environmental Office – 1 Rep
- # Legal Representation – 2 Reps
- # Health Prevention Staff - 6 Reps
- # Road Department – 1 Rep
- # Minerals – 1 Rep



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CAT Deliverables

- Secured Civil Engineering services
- Advertised and selected Architectural Firm
- Reviewed funding options
- Established footprint of building
- Determined appropriate amenities
- Supported Green infrastructure options including DOE Grant
- Secures Tribal Executive Board support through information sharing including public outreach



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Past Related Activities

“Model Green Tribal Community” – FPT Strategic Plan

- # Ground source heat pumps (GSHP) – Adult Correctional Facility & 8 tribal homes
- # Rehab Cultural Center for increased insulation and lighting efficiency
- # GSHP and EE lighting installed on Phase III Tribal HQs and new Community Center
- # Sustainable Village



Location

Poplar, Montana



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HEALTH PROMOTION
DISEASE PREVENTION
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Project Objectives:

- **Objective 1: Install 72-78 kW of roof mounted solar Photo Voltaic System by the end of the 21st month**
- **Objective 2: Reduce utility bills by approximately 23% per year through installing 8 Building Energy Efficiency Measures (EEM's) by the end of the 21st month**

Baseline Assumptions, IECC 2012 compliant building:

- **Electric Usage: Approximately 900,000 kWh per year**
- **Natural Gas Usage: 65,262 therms per year (based on package VAV system)**
- **Total expected utility cost - \$108,690.00 per year**

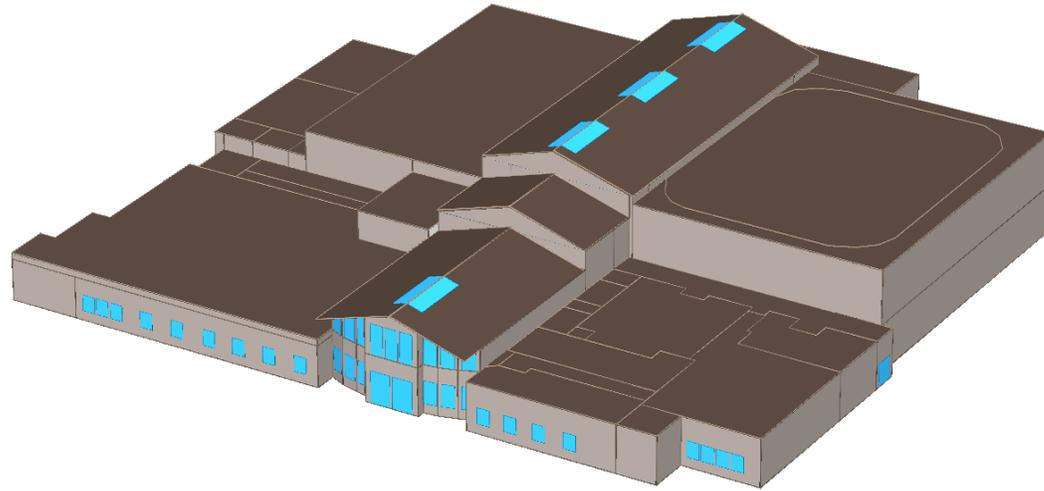
Energy Saving Expectations:

- **Solar PV Arrays – operating cost savings - \$5,991.00**
- **8 accepted building envelope, lighting, & VAV HVAC EEM's - \$25,570.00 per year**
- **Total expected utility cost savings - \$31,561.00 per year = 29% annual reduction**



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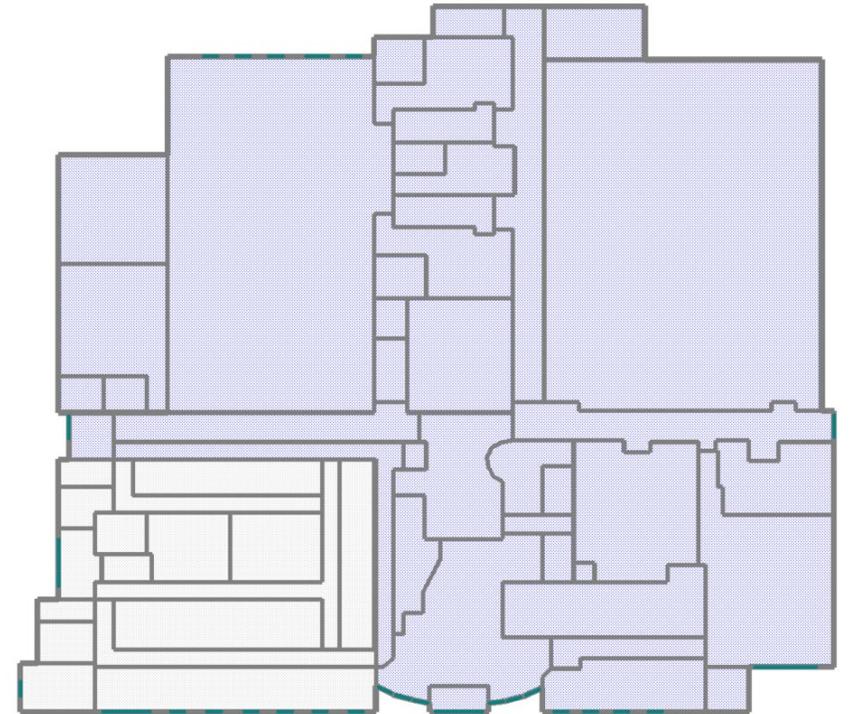
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A detailed energy Simulation model was developed using eQuest (DOE 2.2) software.

Energy Savings:

- EEM's – 15 options considered and modeled
- EEM's – 8 options selected based on payback time frames





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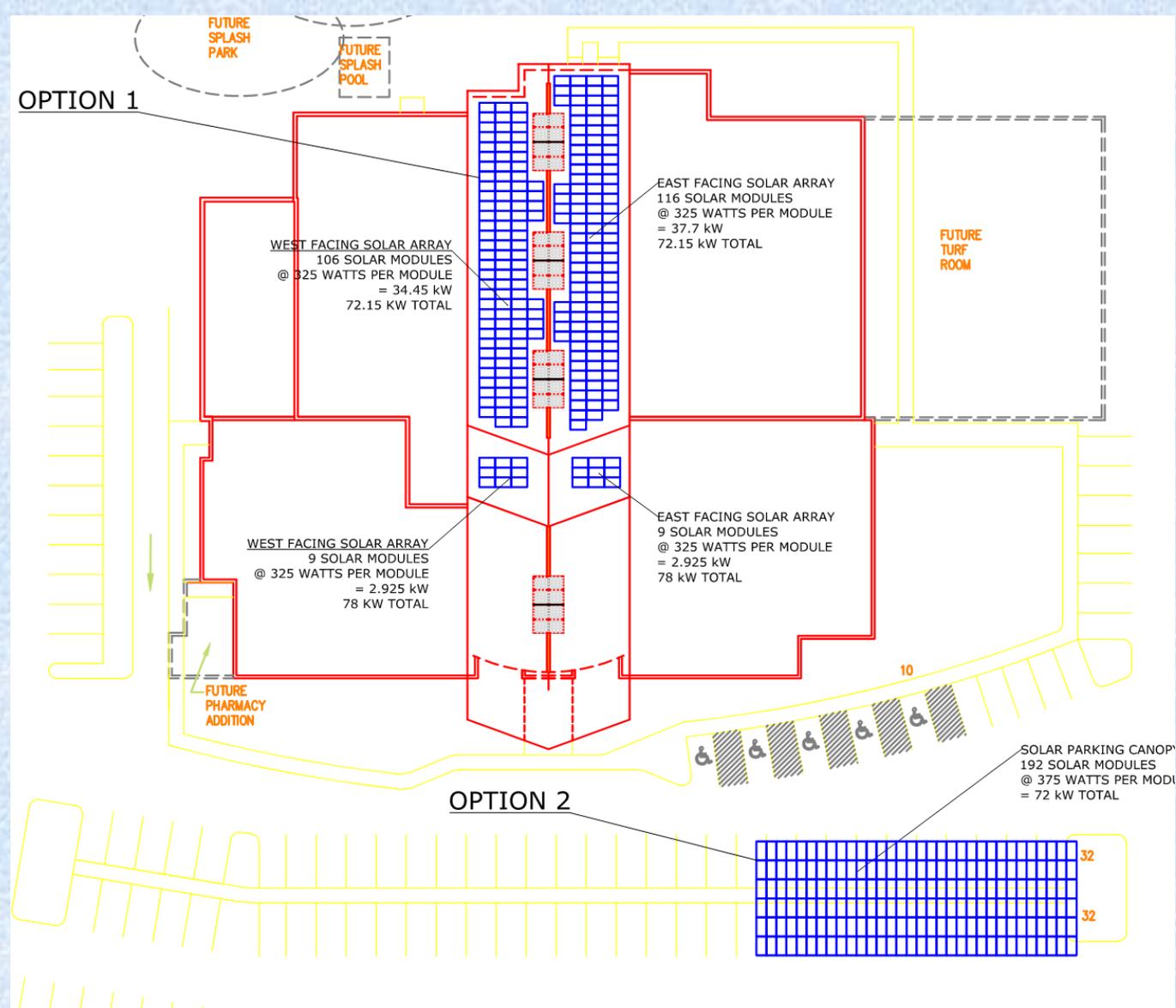


| Fort Peck Wellness Center | | | | | | | |
|--|---|--|------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------|---------------|--|
| EEM List and Energy Cost Savings Results | | | | | | | |
| Item | Energy Efficiency Measure | Details | Energy Cost Savings per year | Cost Of Item (Baseline - EEM Cost) | Payback (Years) | EEM Accepted? | Reasoning for Acceptance or rejection |
| Building Envelope and Lighting Components EEM Analysis | | | | | | | |
| E2 | Improved Wall R value | IECC 2012 Code minimum vs. architectural wall of R-31.6 | \$ 1,009.00 | \$ 134,555.00 | 133 | No | Poor payback |
| E4 | Improved Roof R Value | IECC 2012 Code minimum vs. architectural roof of R-41.3 | \$ 592.00 | \$ 89,970.00 | 152 | No | Poor payback |
| E8 | Improved Windows | IECC 2012 Code minimum vs. triple glaze, Low E Argon Glass | \$ 362.00 | \$ 10,823.00 | 30 | Yes | Longer Payback, but helps meet comfort of occupants |
| E11 | Improved Skylights | IECC 2012 baseline vs. High Performance U=0.16, SHG - 0.06 | \$ 475.00 | \$ 11,896.00 | 25 | Yes | Fair Payback |
| L1 | Provide High Efficiency Lighting (LED) and controls | IECC 2012 minimum vs. 0.6w/sf overall goal | \$ 9,681.00 | \$ 53,466.00 | 6 | Yes | Excellent payback |
| C1 | Evaluate standard efficiency Geothermal Heat Pump vs standard VAV | Use standard efficiency comparison | \$ 1,353.00 | \$ 100,000.00 | 74 | No | Poor Payback |
| VAV System EEM Analysis | | | | | | | |
| VM1 | Utilize High Efficiency DX AHU | Versus Chilled Water AHU | \$ 681.00 | \$ - | - | Yes | Instant Payback |
| VM2 | Provide High Efficiency Chiller (if VAV) | Provide High Efficiency chiller vs. code minimum | \$ 1,726.00 | \$ 54,000.00 | 31 | No | Poor payback |
| VM3 | Provide High Efficiency Boiler (if VAV) | Use Condensing boiler vs. code minimum boiler | \$ 6,888.00 | \$ 114,408.00 | 17 | Yes | Fair Payback, Helps meet 27% efficiency Goal |
| VM4 | Provide Energy Recovery on AHU's | Provide heat wheel energy recovery between relief and fresh air | \$ 3,155.00 | \$ 88,500.00 | 28 | No | Will consume significant floor space in addition to moderate payback |
| S1 | Provide Transpired Solar Collector | Minimum outside air through "solar wall" type transpired solar collector | \$ 243.00 | \$ 10,200.00 | 42 | No | Poor payback |
| Pool Systems EEM Analysis | | | | | | | |
| VM5 | Provide Pool HVAC Dehumidification Unit with heat recovery for pool heating | Use heat recovery on the Pool Dehumidification unit for pool heating. Cost includes HVAC unit upgrade and necessary piping and valves to pipe pool water to the heat recovery HX | \$ 5,838.00 | \$ 10,000.00 | 2 | Yes | Excellent payback |
| P1 | Use High Efficiency Condensing Boiler for pool heating | Provide condensing boiler vs. 80% boiler for pool heating | \$ 759.00 | \$ 16,310.00 | 21 | Yes | Fair Payback, Helps meet 24% efficiency Goal |
| P2 | Use Geothermal HP for pool heating vs. standard 80% boiler | | \$ (328.00) | N/A | N/A | No | No payback |
| P3 | Utilize an Electric Pool cover | Use electrically operated pool cover (Pool Consultant) | \$ 886.00 | \$ 24,270.00 | 27 | Yes | Fair Payback, will also reduce dehumidification load |



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Energy Generation:

- Solar Photovoltaic Panels – Option 1 and 2
- Wind Power – Not considered due to recent system failures and significant maintenance issues



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| CO2 Equivalents for EEM Energy Savings Including PV Panels | |
|---|---|
| 268.3 | Metric Tons of CO2 equivalent |
| 56.9 | Passenger vehicles drive for 1 year |
| 655,546 | Miles Driven by an Average Passenger Vehicle |
| 30,170 | Gallons of Gasoline Consumed |
| 293,114 | Pounds of Coal burned |
| 621 | Barrels of oil consumed |

Overall installing the accepted envelope, lighting, PV and VAV HVAC measures would result in energy savings of about \$31,561.00 per Year



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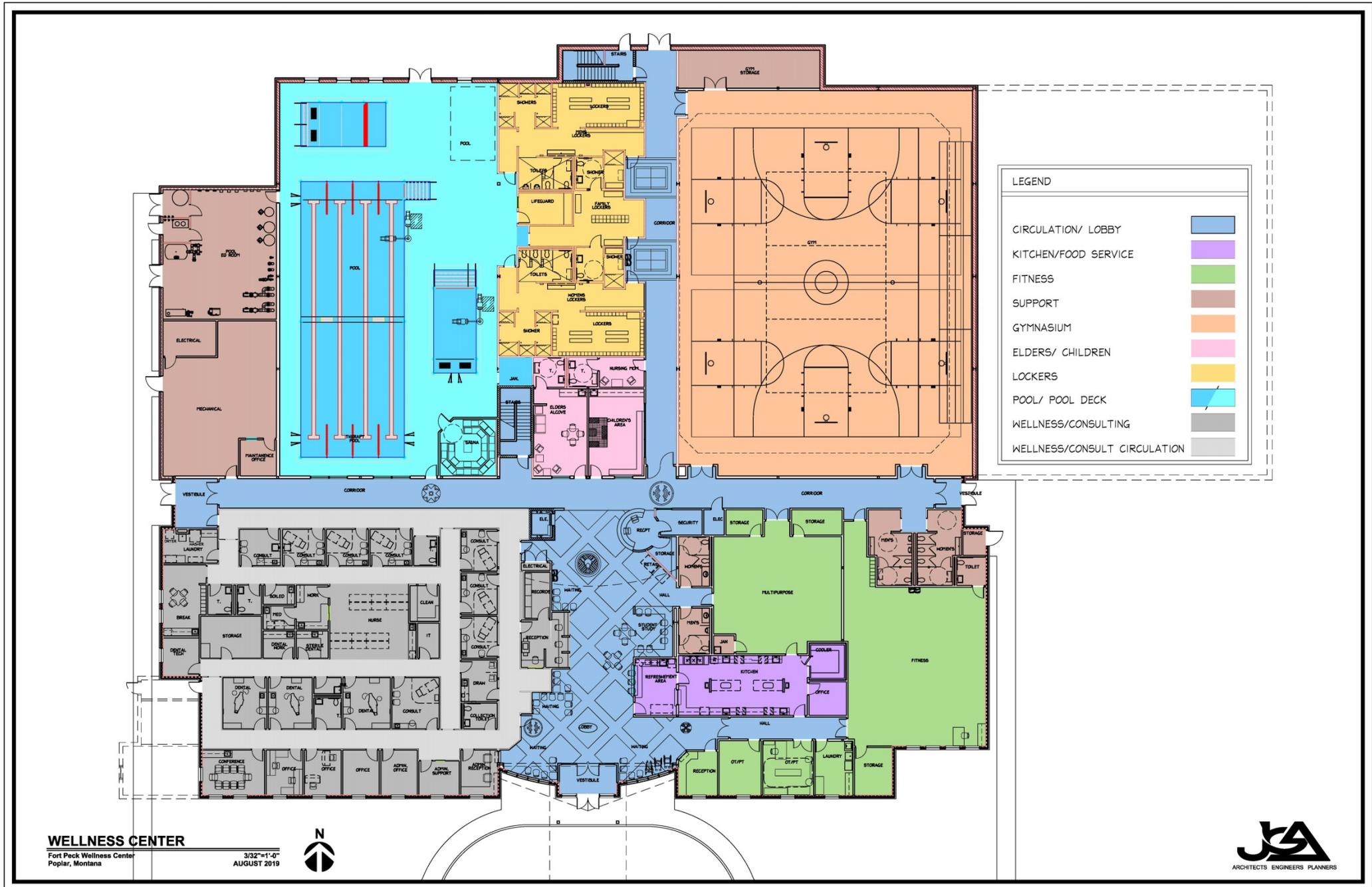
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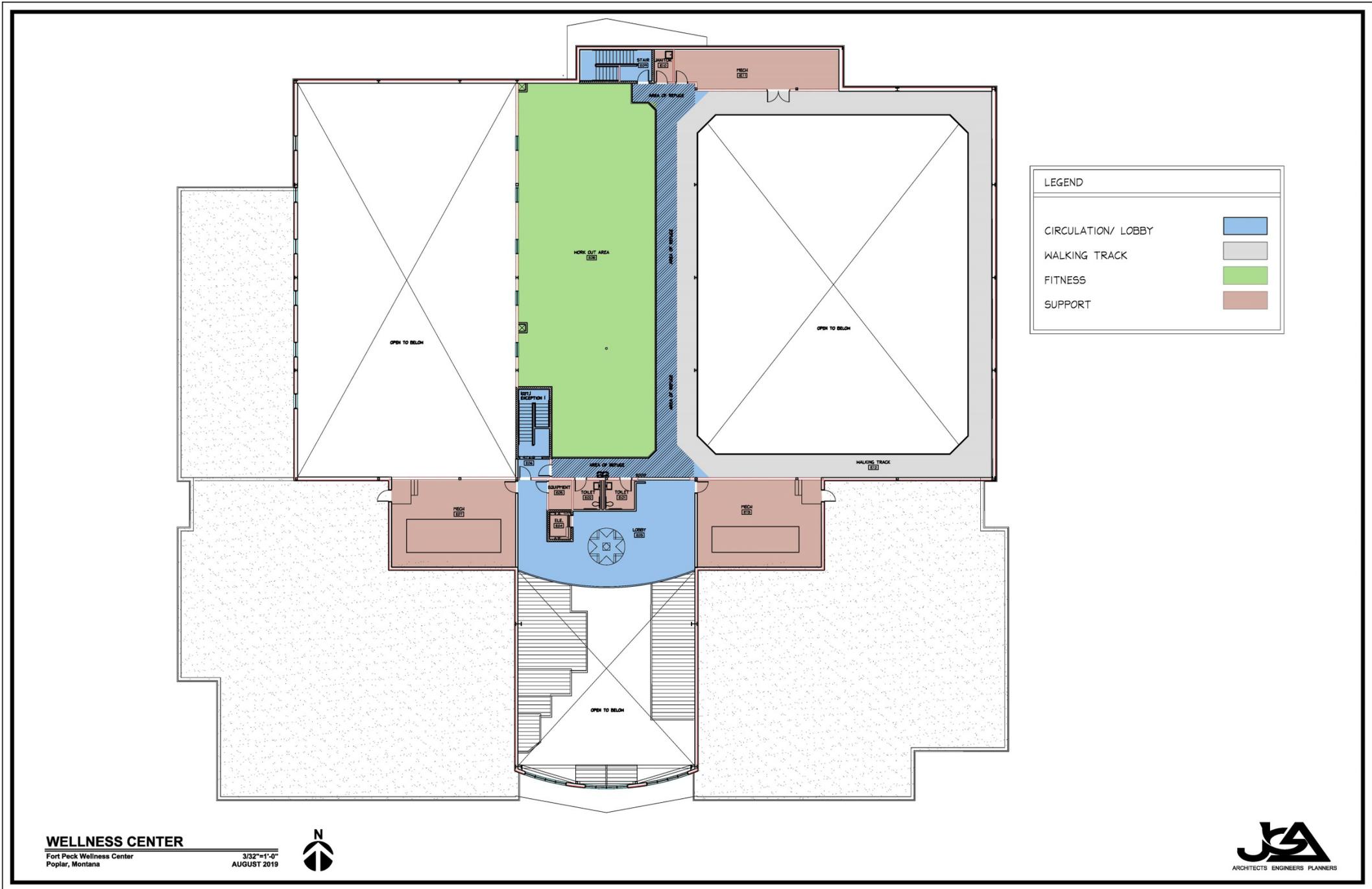
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Fort Peck Wellness Center
Poplar, Montana

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AUGUST 2019





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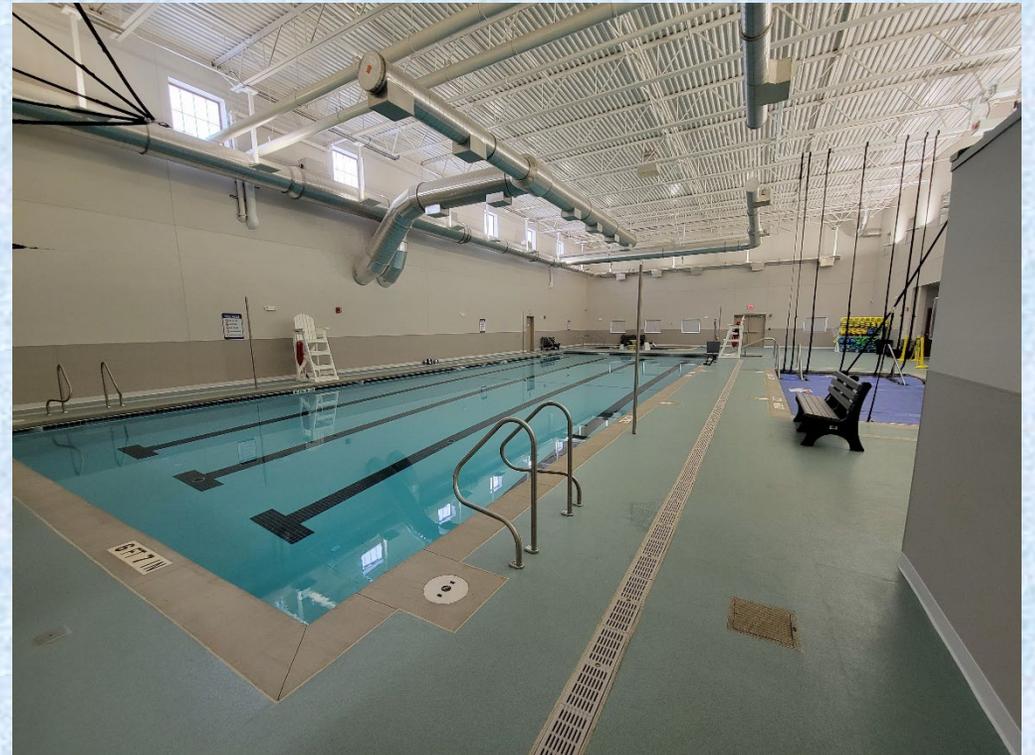
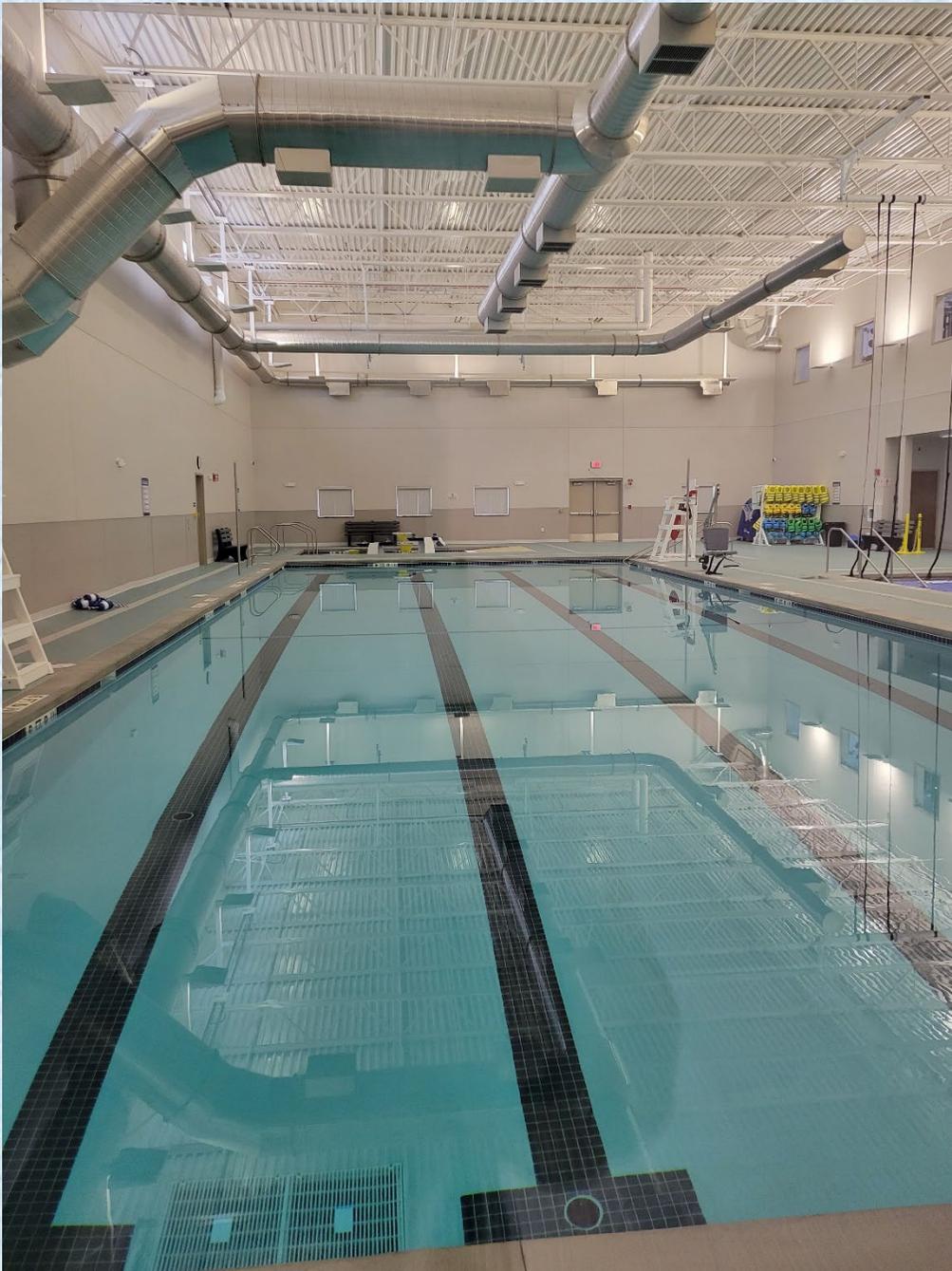
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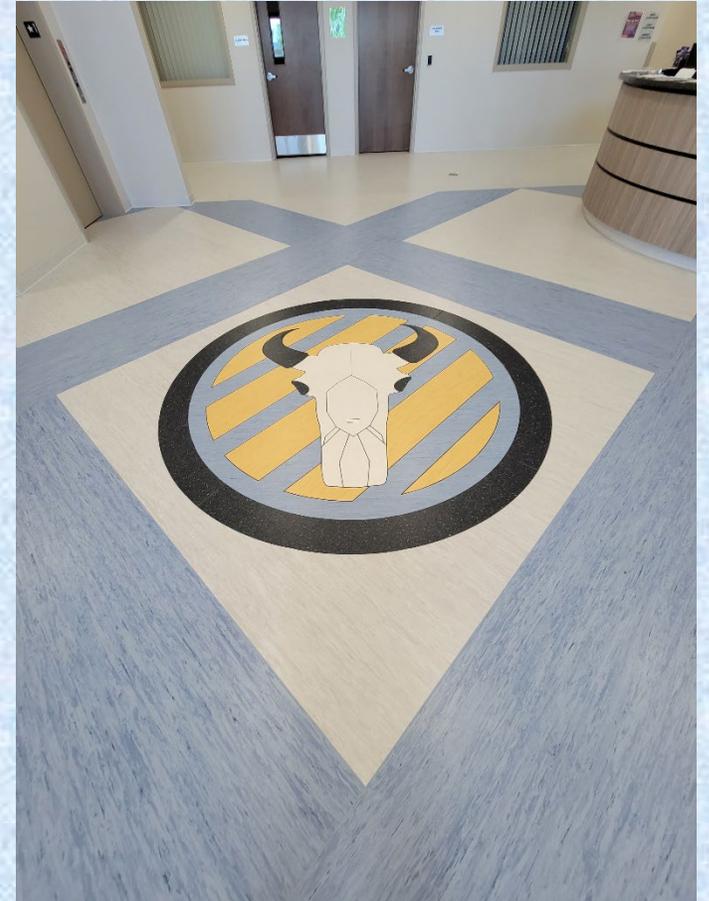
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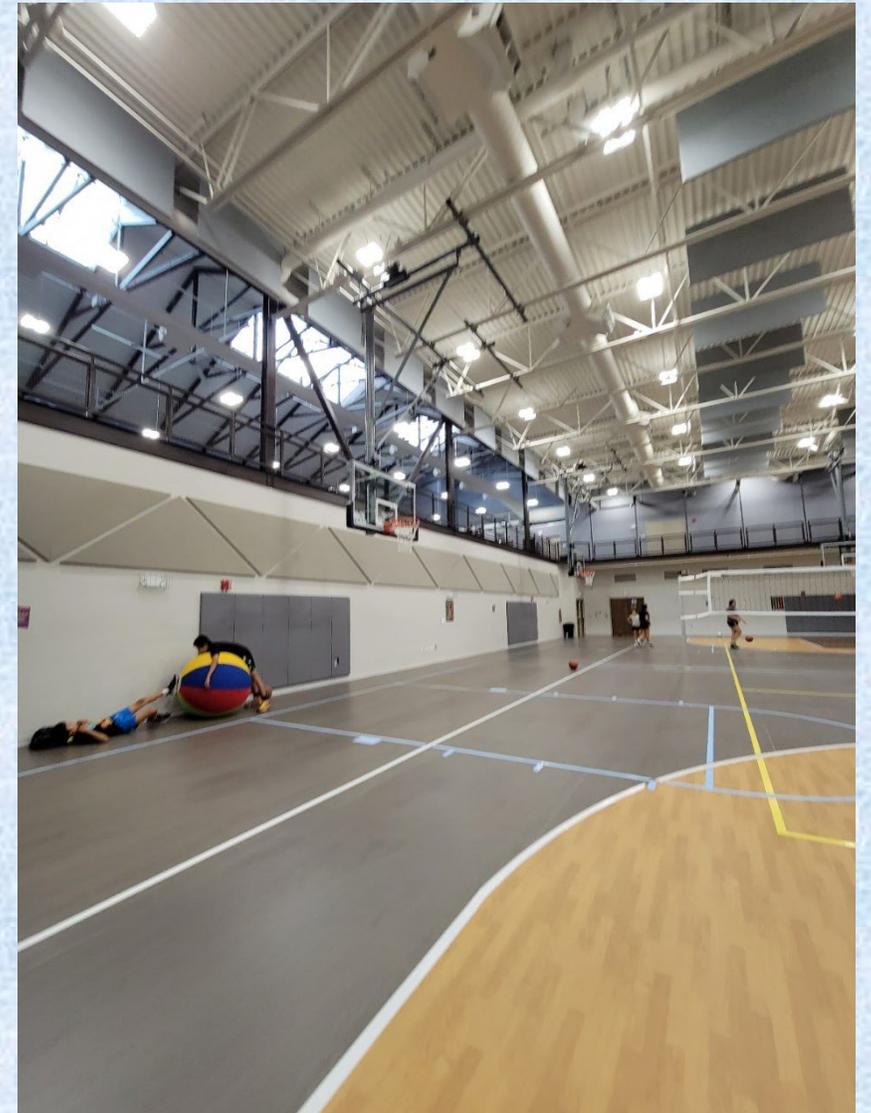
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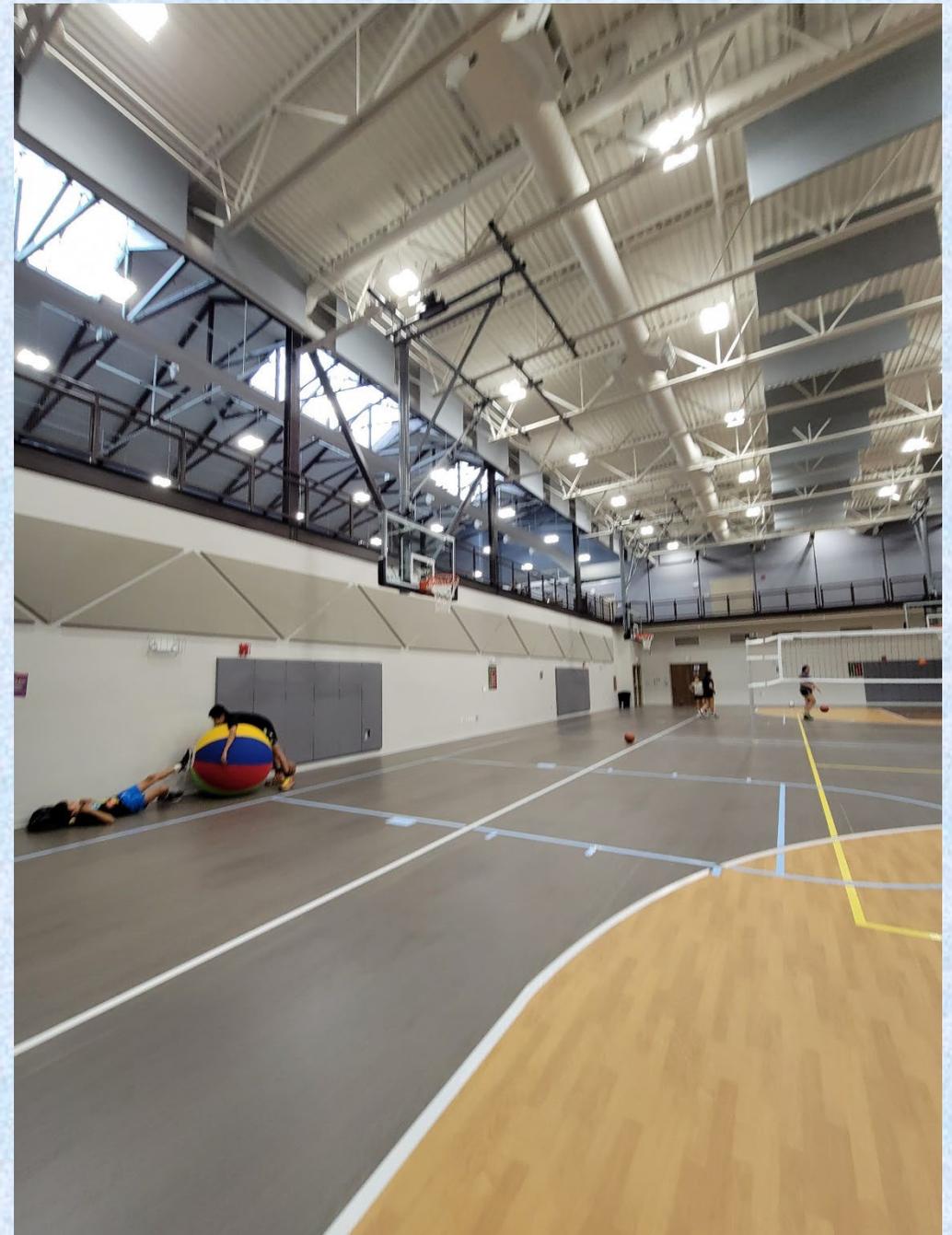
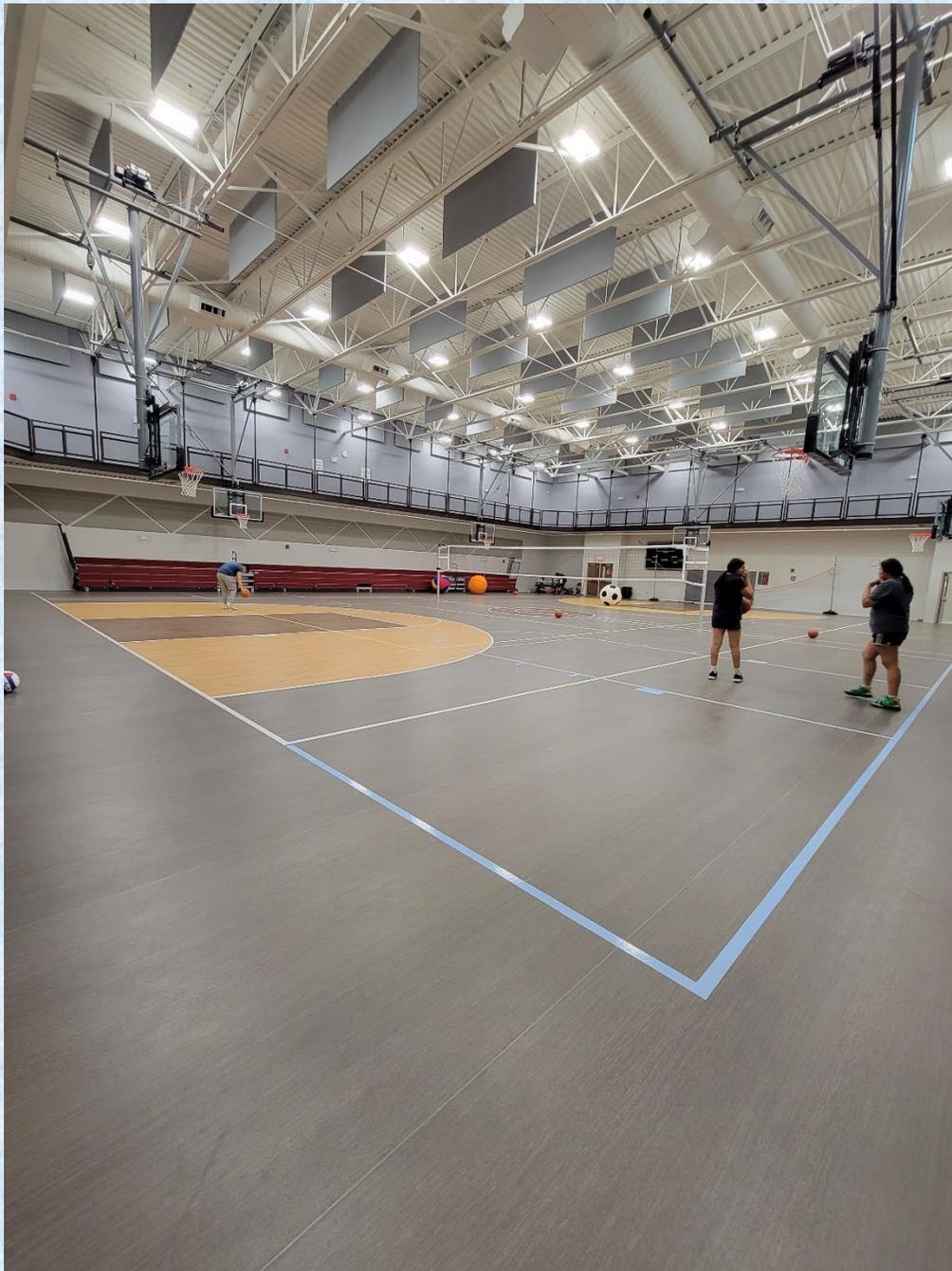
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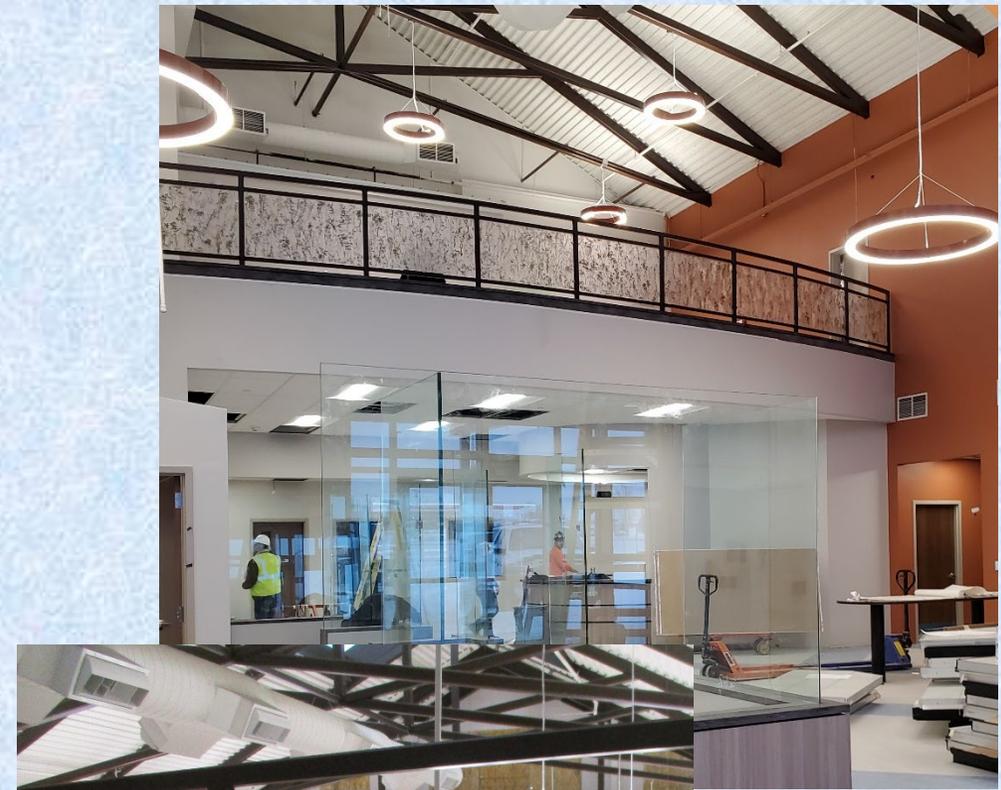
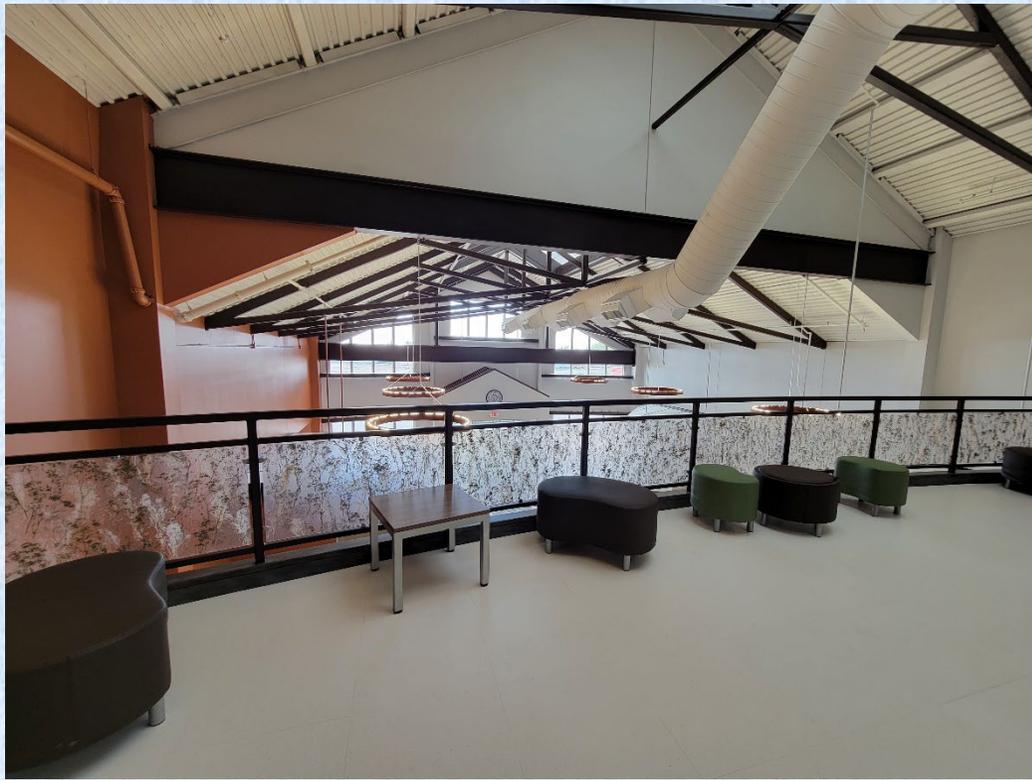


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The building has been in operation since March of 2022. As part of the funding scope, the project is required to conduct measurement and verification for the energy efficiency improvements included in the design. The following table summarizes the electricity, gas, and cost savings for each of the energy efficiency measures input into the project design. Overall, the installation of energy measures for the project is projected to reduce annual electricity usage by about **171,498 kWh per year** and gas usage by about **23,988 therms per year**. Total annual cost savings is expected to be about **\$40,139 per year**, which is a **28%** reduction in operating cost compared to an IECC 2012 baseline design.

Including the solar PV system, total annual electricity savings would be **245,986 kWh per year** and cost savings of **\$45,651 per year**, resulting in a **33%** reduction in operating cost compared to IECC 2012 baseline design.

| Fort Peck Wellness Center Energy Performance | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-----|--|-------------|---------|-------|------------|---------------|------------|---------------|-----------|------------|
| # | Run | Energy Use | Site Energy | | | | Source Energy | | Utility Costs | | |
| | | | Electric | Gas | Total | EUI | Total | EUI | Electric | Gas | Total Cost |
| | | | (kWh) | (Therm) | MMBtu | (kBtu/ft²) | MMBtu | (kBtu/ft²) | (\$) | (\$) | (\$) |
| B-0 | | IECC 2012 Baseline | 743,012 | 67,083 | 9,243 | 177.8 | 15,004 | 288.5 | \$ 81,011 | \$ 60,374 | \$ 141,385 |
| E1 | | R-31.6 Metal Exterior Wall | 740,787 | 65,752 | 9,103 | 175.1 | 14,841 | 285.4 | \$ 80,734 | \$ 59,177 | \$ 139,911 |
| E2 | | Design Window GT | 739,984 | 65,519 | 9,077 | 174.6 | 14,807 | 284.8 | \$ 80,636 | \$ 58,967 | \$ 139,603 |
| L1 | | Lighting Power Density = 0.68 W/sf | 620,525 | 66,523 | 8,770 | 168.6 | 13,633 | 262.2 | \$ 68,069 | \$ 59,871 | \$ 127,940 |
| M1 | | High Efficiency DX AHUs | 562,980 | 63,272 | 8,248 | 158.6 | 12,675 | 243.8 | \$ 61,697 | \$ 56,945 | \$ 118,642 |
| M2 | | High Efficiency, Condensing Boilers | 572,883 | 51,394 | 7,094 | 136.4 | 11,534 | 221.8 | \$ 62,574 | \$ 46,255 | \$ 108,829 |
| P1 | | High Efficiency Pool Heater | 572,883 | 49,889 | 6,944 | 133.5 | 11,376 | 218.8 | \$ 62,574 | \$ 44,900 | \$ 107,474 |
| P2 | | High Efficiency DHW Heater | 572,883 | 48,880 | 6,843 | 131.6 | 11,270 | 216.7 | \$ 62,574 | \$ 43,992 | \$ 106,566 |
| P3 | | Dehumidification Heat Recovery for Pool Heating | 571,514 | 43,095 | 6,260 | 120.4 | 10,648 | 204.8 | \$ 62,461 | \$ 38,785 | \$ 101,246 |
| R1 | | Solar PV System Generation | 497,026 | 43,095 | 6,005 | 115.5 | 9,850 | 189.4 | \$ 56,949 | \$ 38,785 | \$ 95,734 |
| Incremental Savings relative to Previous Measure savings per ECM | | | | | | | | | | | |
| E1 | | R-31.6 Metal Exterior Wall | 2,225 | 1,331 | 141 | 2.7 | 164 | 3.1 | \$ 277 | \$ 1,197 | \$ 1,474 |
| E2 | | Design Window GT | 803 | 233 | 26 | 0.5 | 33 | 0.6 | \$ 98 | \$ 210 | \$ 308 |
| L1 | | Lighting Power Density = 0.68 W/sf | 119,459 | (1,004) | 307 | 5.9 | 1,174 | 22.6 | \$ 12,567 | \$ (904) | \$ 11,663 |
| M1 | | High Efficiency DX AHUs | 57,545 | 3,251 | 521 | 10.0 | 958 | 18.4 | \$ 6,372 | \$ 2,926 | \$ 9,298 |
| M2 | | High Efficiency, Condensing Boilers | (9,903) | 11,878 | 1,154 | 22.2 | 1,141 | 21.9 | \$ (877) | \$ 10,690 | \$ 9,813 |
| P1 | | High Efficiency Pool Heater | - | 1,505 | 151 | 2.9 | 158 | 3.0 | \$ - | \$ 1,355 | \$ 1,355 |
| P2 | | High Efficiency DHW Heater | - | 1,009 | 101 | 1.9 | 106 | 2.0 | \$ - | \$ 908 | \$ 908 |
| P3 | | Dehumidification Heat Recovery for Pool Heating | 1,369 | 5,785 | 583 | 11.2 | 622 | 12.0 | \$ 113 | \$ 5,207 | \$ 5,320 |
| R1 | | Solar PV System Generation | 74,488 | - | 254 | 4.9 | 798 | 15.3 | \$ 5,512 | \$ - | \$ 5,512 |
| Total Savings relative to Baseline savings vs. ASHRAE 90.1-2012 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | Total Savings w/o Solar PV | 171,498 | 23,988 | 2,984 | 57.4 | 4,356 | 83.8 | \$ 18,550 | \$ 21,589 | \$ 40,139 |
| | | Total Percent Savings w/o Solar PV | 23% | 36% | 32% | 32% | 29% | 29% | 23% | 36% | 28% |
| | | Total Savings w/ Solar PV | 245,986 | 23,988 | 3,238 | 62.3 | 5,154 | 99.1 | \$ 24,062 | \$ 21,589 | \$ 45,651 |
| | | savings vs. ASHRAE 90.1-2012 Total Percent Savings w/ Solar PV | 33% | 37% | 36% | 36% | 35% | 35% | 30% | 37% | 33% |
| Savings Comparison to Preliminary Analysis | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | Preliminary Savings w/o Solar PV | 177,377 | 18,951 | 2,500 | 48.1 | 3,890 | 74.8 | | | \$ 25,017 |
| | | Actual Savings w/o Solar PV | 171,498 | 23,988 | 2,984 | 57.4 | 4,356 | 83.8 | | | \$ 40,139 |
| | | Percent Change from Preliminary Results | -3% | 27% | 19% | 19% | 12% | 12% | | | 60% |



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Overall, utility cost savings increased from ~\$25,000 to \$40,000 per year and overall energy savings increased by ~19%.

note this is savings, not usage

| # | Energy Conservation Measure | Preliminary Savings | | | Actual Savings | | |
|----------------------|---|--|------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------|
| | | Electricity (kWh/year) | Natural Gas (therms/year) | Cost (\$/year) | Electricity (kWh/year) | Natural Gas (therms/year) | Cost (\$/year) |
| E1 | R-31.6 Metal Exterior Wall | 2,171 | 1,140 | \$841 | 2,225 | 1,331 | \$1,474 |
| E2 | Design Window GT | 690 | 523 | \$362 | 803 | 233 | \$308 |
| L1 | Lighting Power Density = 0.68 W/sf | 169,356 | -5,981 | \$9,681 | 119,459 | -1,004 | \$11,663 |
| M1 | High Efficiency DX AHUs | 8,725 | 0 | \$681 | 57,545 | 3,251 | \$9,298 |
| M2 | High Efficiency, Condensing Boilers | -4,125 | 12,219 | \$6,888 | -9,903 | 11,878 | \$9,813 |
| P1 | High Efficiency Pool Heater | 0 | 1,286 | \$759 | 0 | 1,505 | \$1,355 |
| P2 | High Efficiency DHW Heater | | Not Modeled | | 0 | 1,009 | \$908 |
| P3 | Dehumidification Heat Recovery for Pool Heating | 560 | 9,764 | \$5,805 | 1,369 | 5,785 | \$5,320 |
| Total Savings | | 177,377 | 18,951 | \$25,017 | 171,498 | 23,988 | \$40,139 |
| | | Percent Change from Preliminary Results | | | -3.3% | 26.6% | 60.4% |

Step 1: match operation hours and setpoints to actual

Step 2: Compare to code in Energy Model - identifying savings

Utility rates increased significantly vs. modeled costs.

Clarification: both comparisons are based on comparison between our building and 2012 IECC comparison.

Major M&V Calibration changes:

Building Schedule (6 am-10pm, 7 days) operating schedule is less, resulting less savings (and lower energy costs)

Final Design Changes

Temperature Control Sequence

High Efficiency Water Heater

Power savings is lower. Due to actual pump use, differing schedule.

gas savings increased because: higher efficiency HW heater not originally modeled, High efficiency DX AHU's updated control scheme (better than original modeling) supply air temperature reset (less VAV reheat).



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Given that the building was turned over for full operation in March of 2022, the calibration process is based on only six months utility data, from March 2022 to August 2022. The following graphs show the result of the calibration process for electricity usage. The bar chart represents the output from the energy model. The dotted black line represents electricity utility bill data and the solid black line represents total electricity usage for the building (utility bill data + solar PV generation).

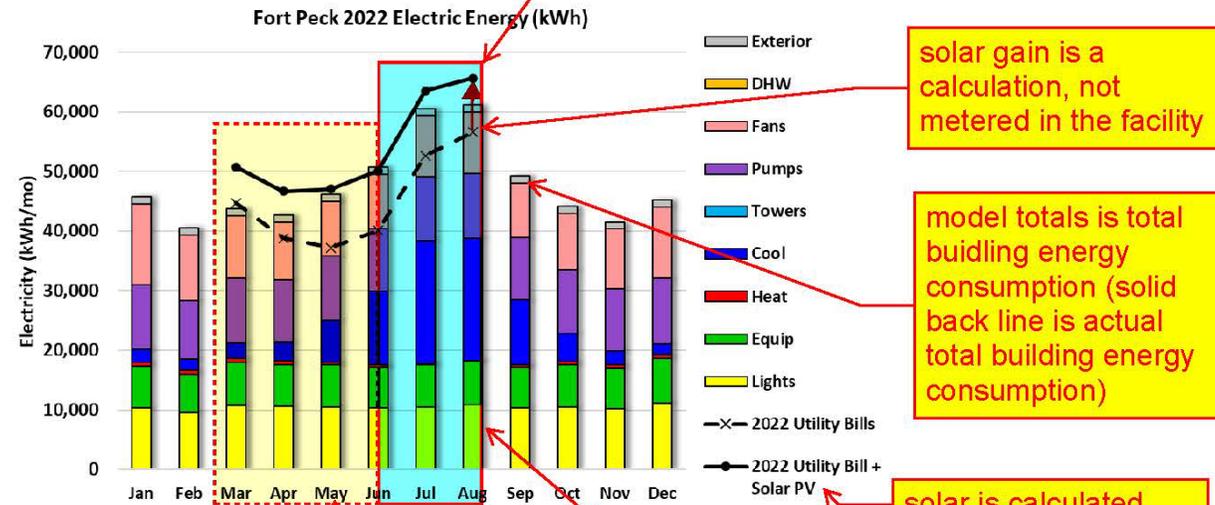


Figure 3: 2022 Electricity Calibration

The natural gas calibration is shown in the following graph. As noticed below, the energy model is currently underpredicting natural gas energy usage during the winter months. Further investigation is required to understand the difference in actual natural gas usage and the output from the energy model.

mostly building move in and start up

time when building was in operation

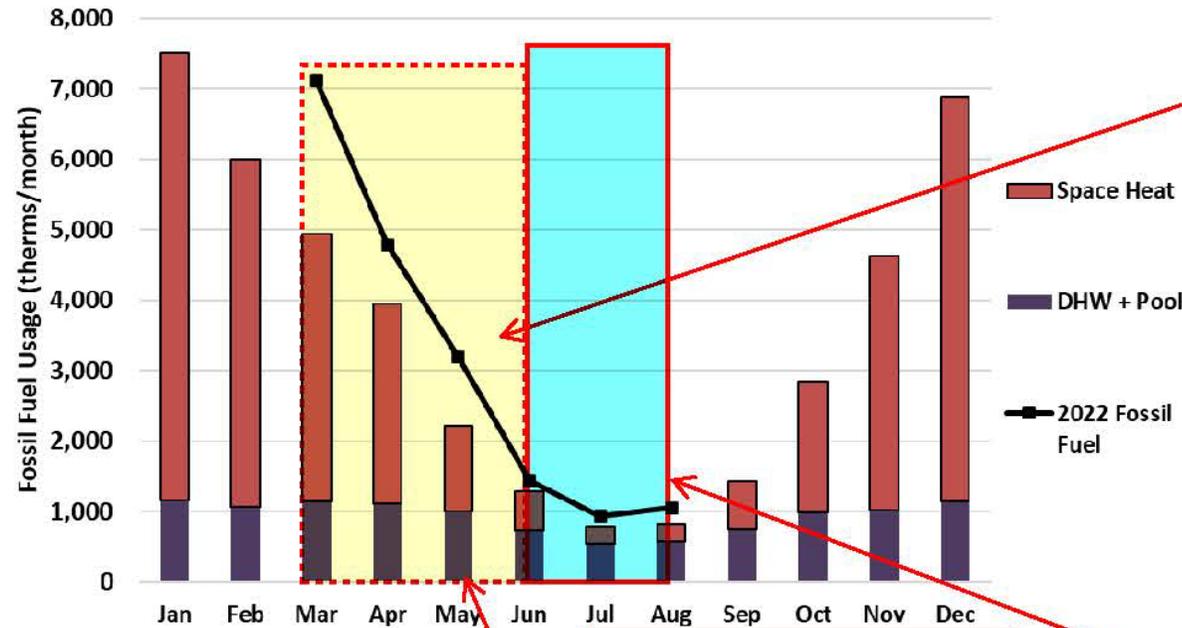


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Fort Peck 2022 Fossil Fuel Consumption (therms)



tough to make any determinations as to accuracy with so little winter data.

Figure 4: 2022 Natural Gas Calibration

mostly building move in and start up

time when building was in operation

Based on this calibration, the Fort Peck Wellness Center annual energy output is expected to be **571,514 kWh per year** and **43,095 therms per year**, resulting in an **EUI of 120.4 kbtu/SF/year**. The solar PV system would be expected to output **74,488 kWh per year**, offsetting **13%** of the total electricity consumption for the building.

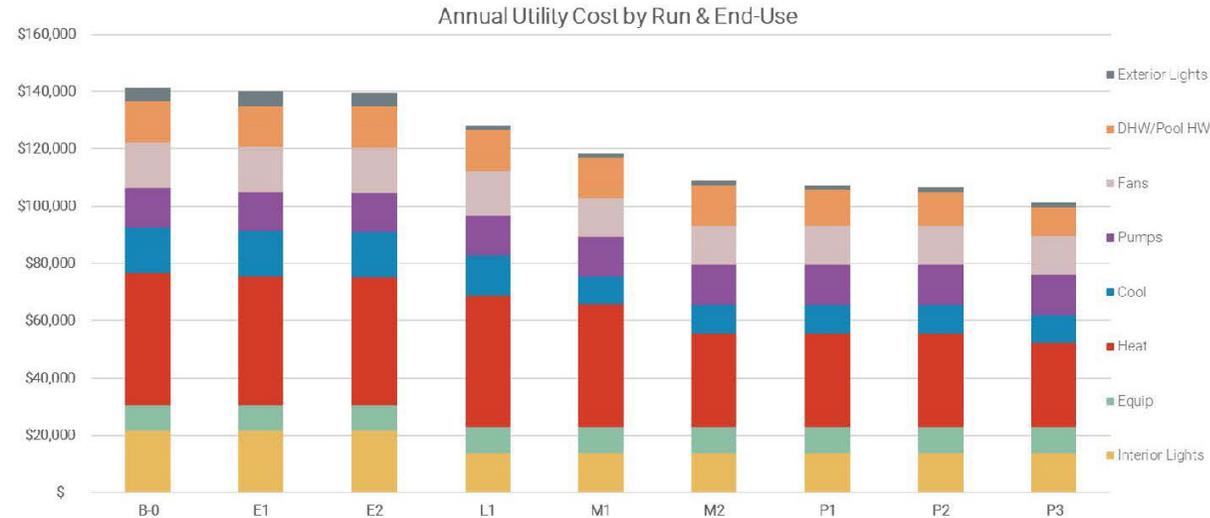


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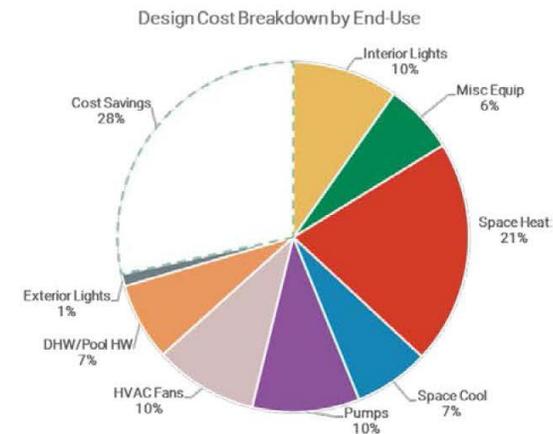
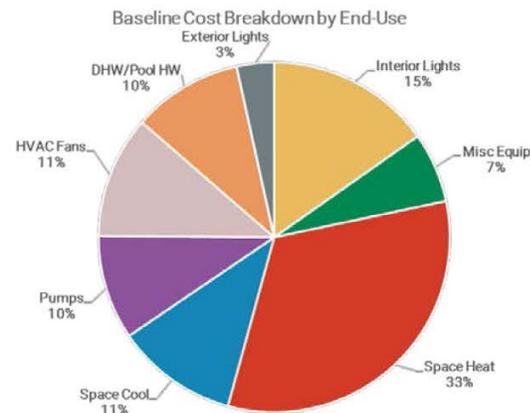
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The following graph shows annual utility costs by end-use for each energy measure.



The following pie charts show the cost breakdown by end-use between the baseline (IECC 2012 model) and the calibrated design energy model.



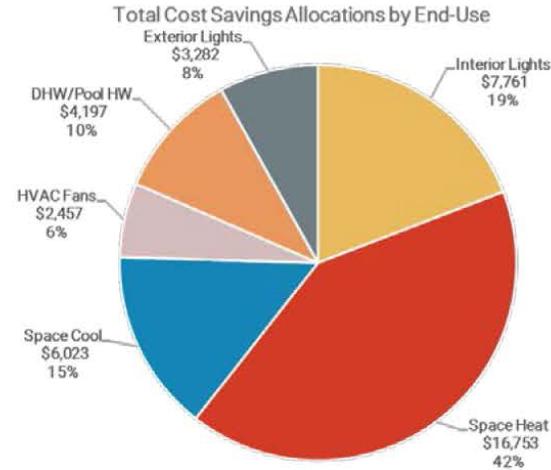


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The following pie charts show the total cost savings broken down and allocated to each end-use. Based on this pie chart, 42% of the total cost savings are from reductions in space heating energy usage. This is to be expected as space heating comprises 33% of the total energy cost for the facility.



Overall, utility cost savings increased from ~\$25,000 to \$40,000 per year and overall energy savings increased by ~19%.

| # | Energy Conservation Measure | Preliminary Savings | | | Actual Savings | | |
|----------------------|---|---------------------|---------------|-----------------|----------------|---------------|-----------------|
| | | Electricity | Natural Gas | Cost | Electricity | Natural Gas | Cost |
| | | (kWh/year) | (therms/year) | (\$/year) | (kWh/year) | (therms/year) | (\$/year) |
| E1 | R-31.6 Metal Exterior Wall | 2,171 | 1,140 | \$841 | 2,225 | 1,331 | \$1,474 |
| E2 | Design Window GT | 690 | 523 | \$362 | 803 | 233 | \$308 |
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| P2 | High Efficiency DHW Heater | | Not Modeled | | 0 | 1,009 | \$908 |
| P3 | Dehumidification Heat Recovery for Pool Heating | 560 | 9,764 | \$5,805 | 1,369 | 5,785 | \$5,320 |
| Total Savings | | 177,377 | 18,951 | \$25,017 | 171,498 | 23,988 | \$40,139 |

Q

QUESTIONS
& ANSWERS

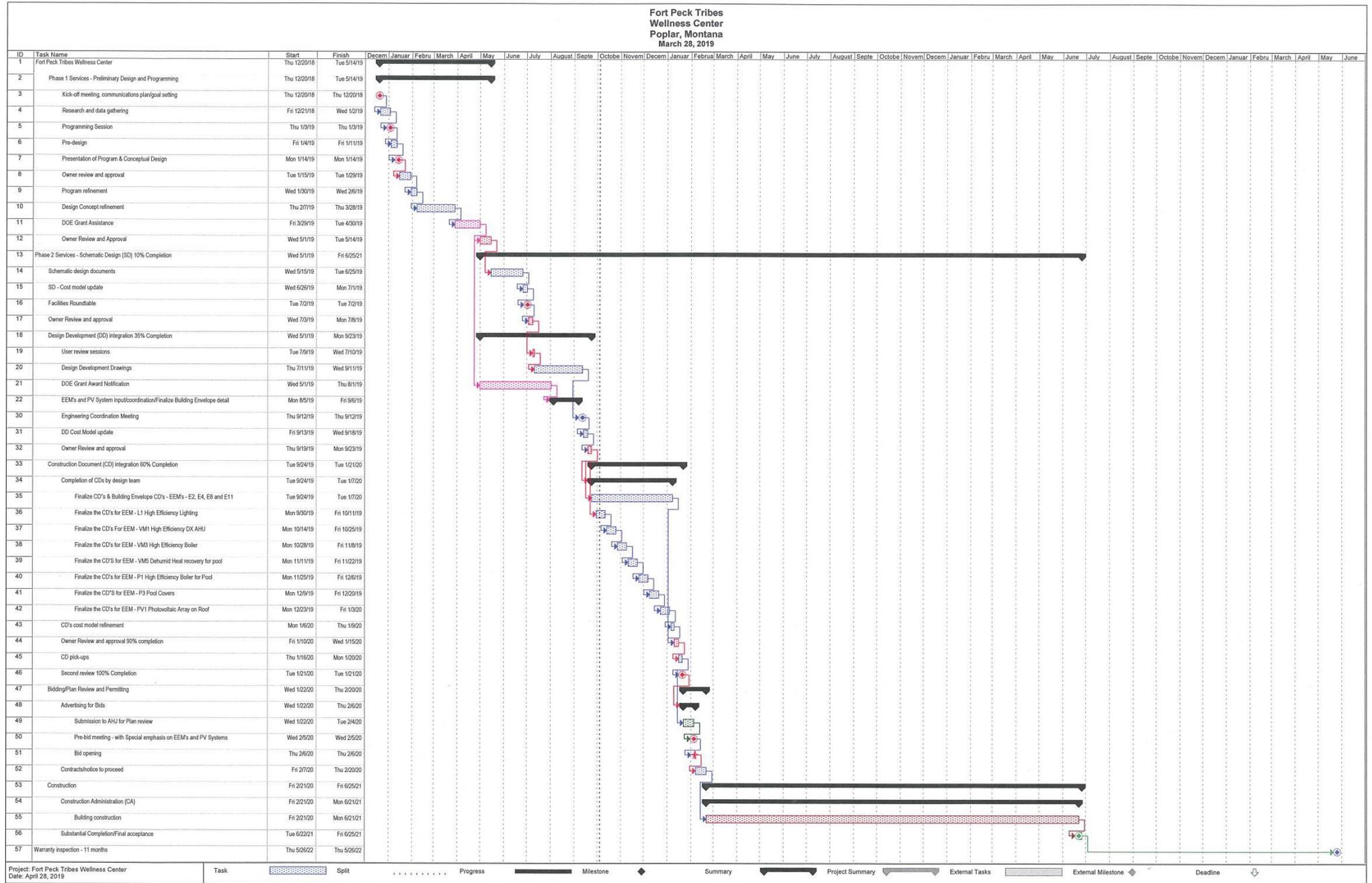
Assiniboine & Sioux Tribes of
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 HEALTH PROMOTION
DISEASE PREVENTION
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