



A Best Practices
Training Presentation

U.S. Department of Energy

**Motor Systems Assessment Training,
Including Use of the Motor Systems Tool Suite**



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Department of Energy Information Resources

U.S. DOE Industrial Technologies
Program (ITP) BestPractices Website

www.eere.energy.gov/industry/bestpractices

EERE Information Center (877) 337-3463

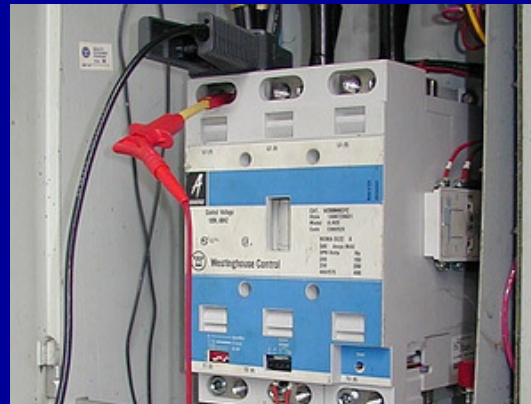
Or www.eere.energy.gov/informationcenter



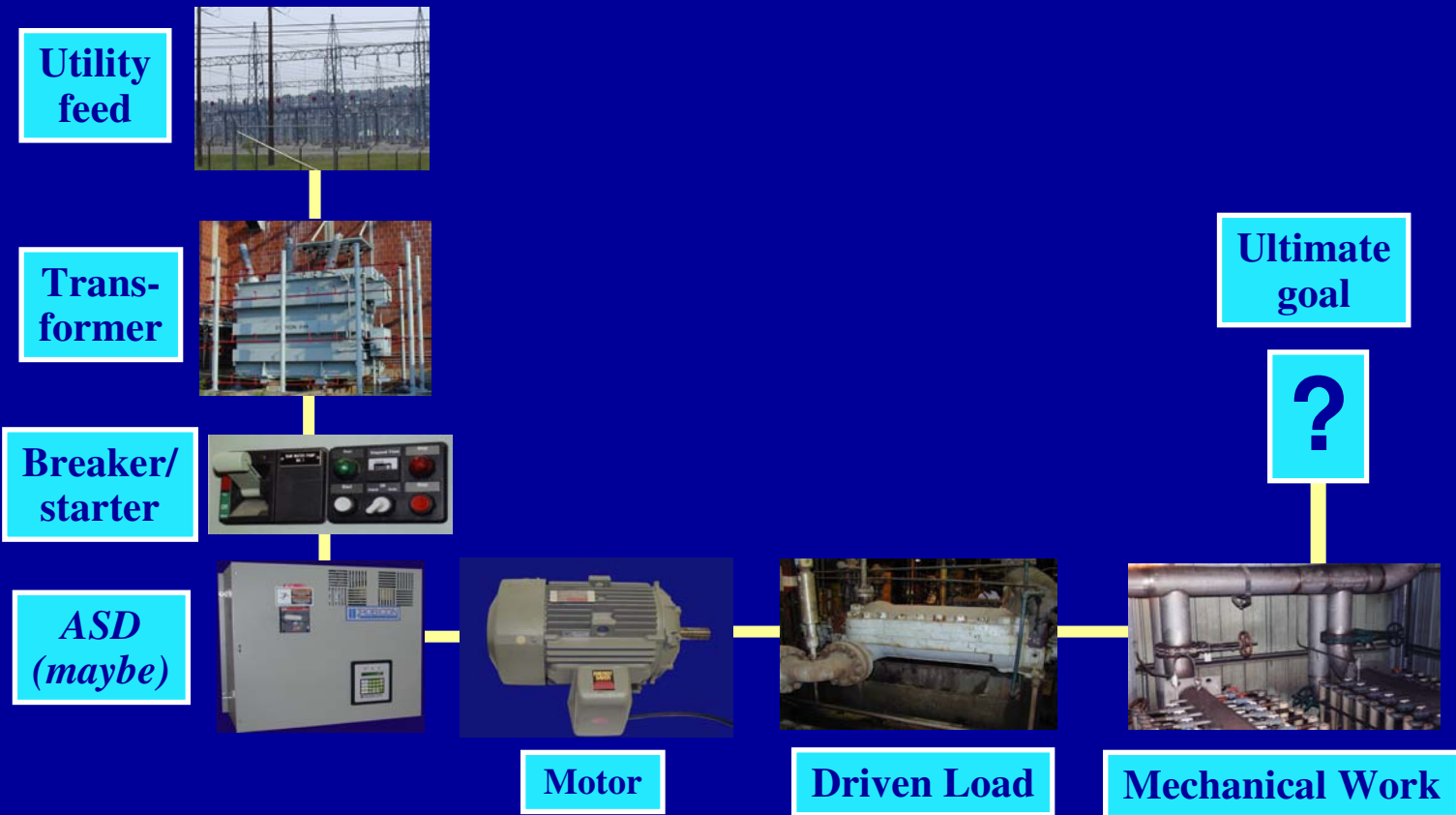
Big Picture Perspectives: Industrial Motor Systems

Industrial motor systems:

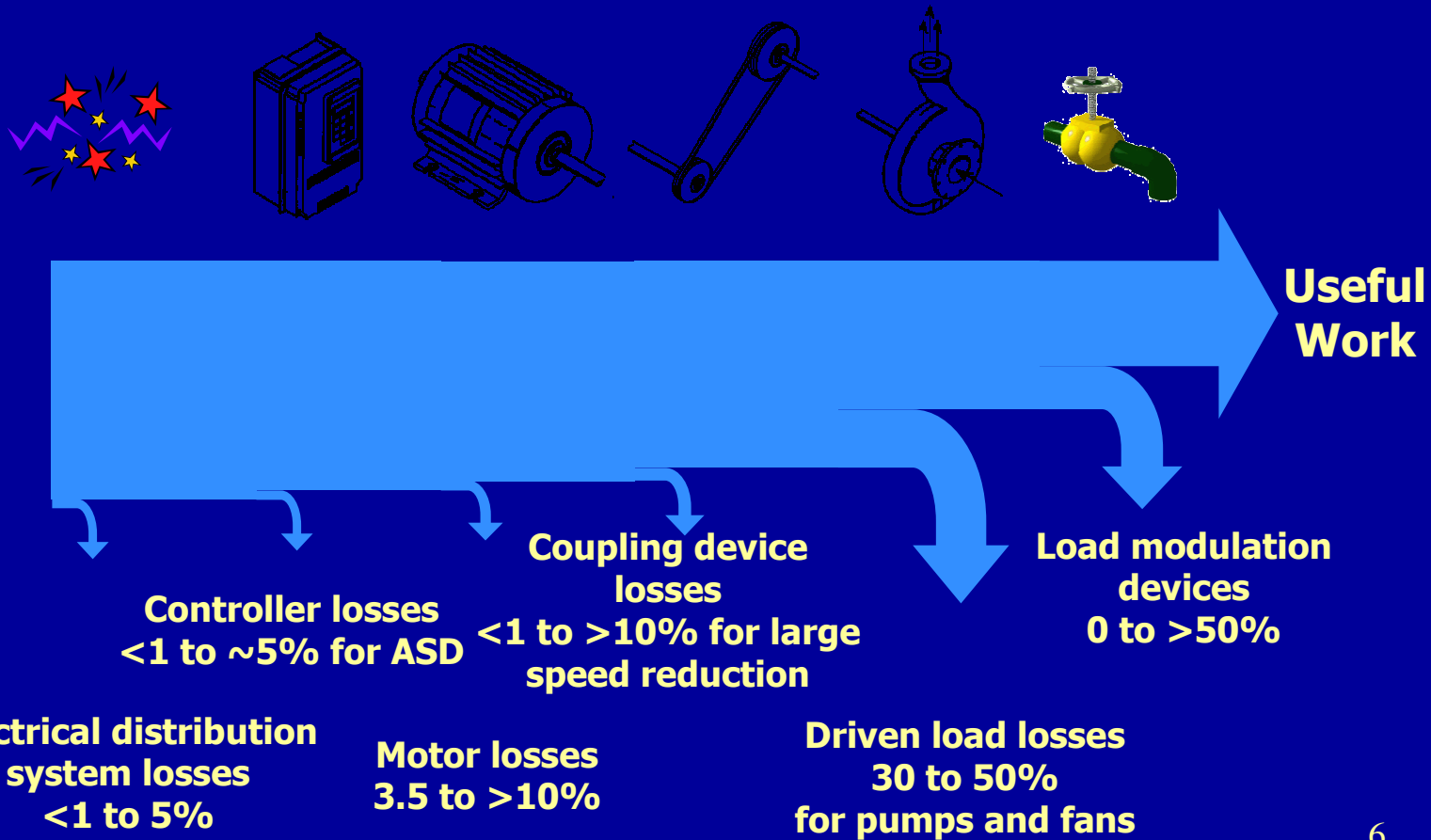
- Are the *single largest electrical end use* category in the American economy
- Account for 23% of U.S. electrical sales.



A motor SYSTEM is the entire energy delivery process, from electric feed to finished product



Typical Motor System Losses



Industrial Motor System Savings Potential

Industrial motor system energy use can be decreased by 11% to 18% if industries deploy all mature/proven and cost-effective energy efficiency technologies

The total savings potential is 75 to 122 billion kWh/year....Valued at \$3.6 to \$5.8 billion per year at current industrial rates

Source: 1999 Xenergy Study

What is efficiency?

$$\text{Efficiency} = \text{Output} / \text{Input}$$

$$\text{Efficiency} = (\text{Input} - \text{Losses}) / \text{Input}$$

$$\text{Efficiency} = \text{Output} / (\text{Output} + \text{Losses})$$

They're all mathematically equivalent.

NEMA Definitions

“Energy Efficient”

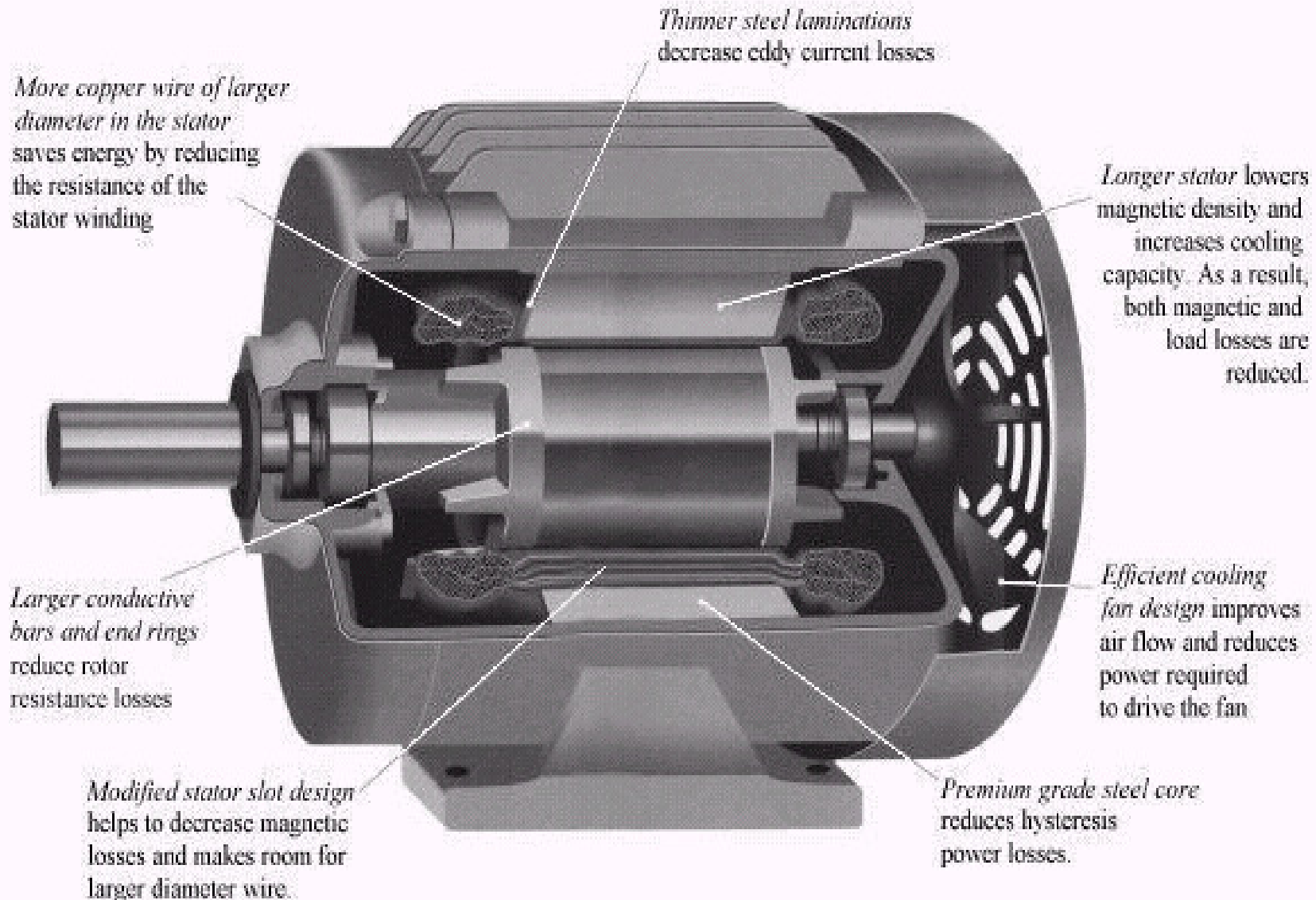
- This covers 3-phase induction motors with efficiencies equal to or exceeding that in table 12-11 of NEMA’s MG 1 standard. It pertains to low voltage (<600V) motors from 2-poles to 8-poles and 1-500 HP.

“NEMA Premium™ Efficient”

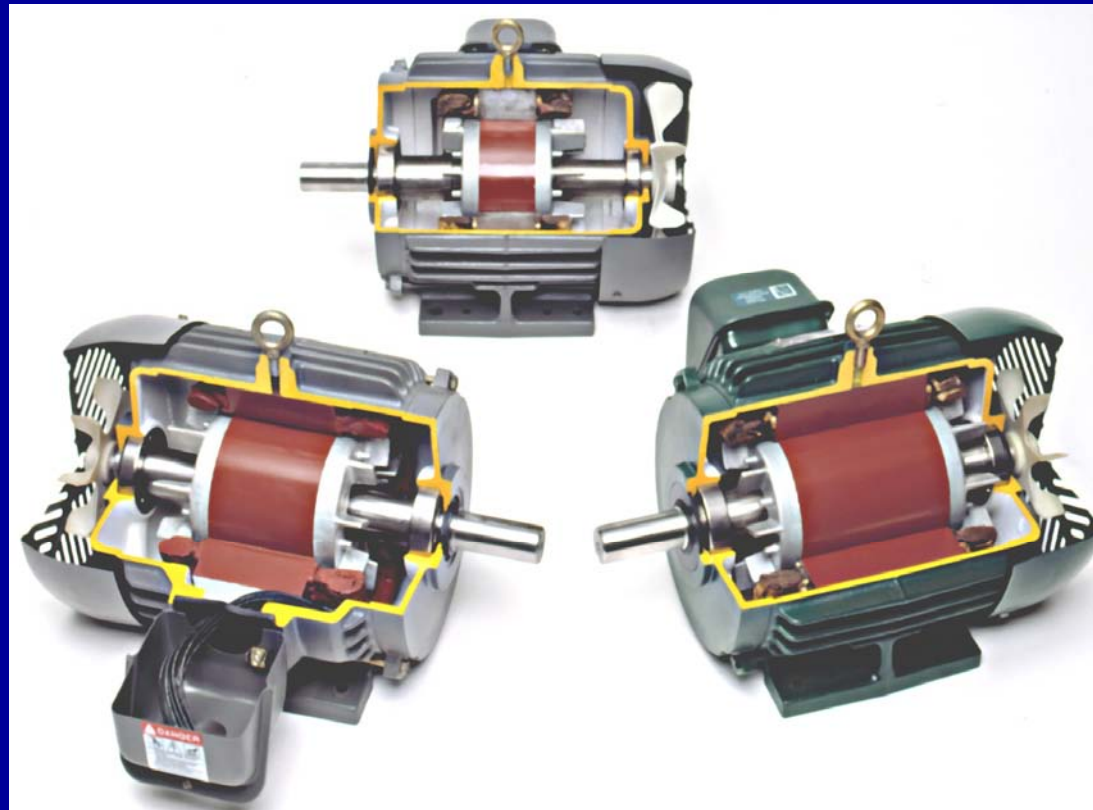
- This covers 3-phase induction motors from 2-poles to 6-poles. It pertains to low voltage motors from 1-500 HP and medium voltage (>600 & <5000V). See <http://www.nema.org/premiummotors>

To Compare all the motor efficiency standards, see <http://www.energy.wsu.edu/ftp-ep/pubs/engineering/motors/EfficiencyStandards.pdf>

WHAT MAKES AN ELECTRIC MOTOR ENERGY EFFICIENT?



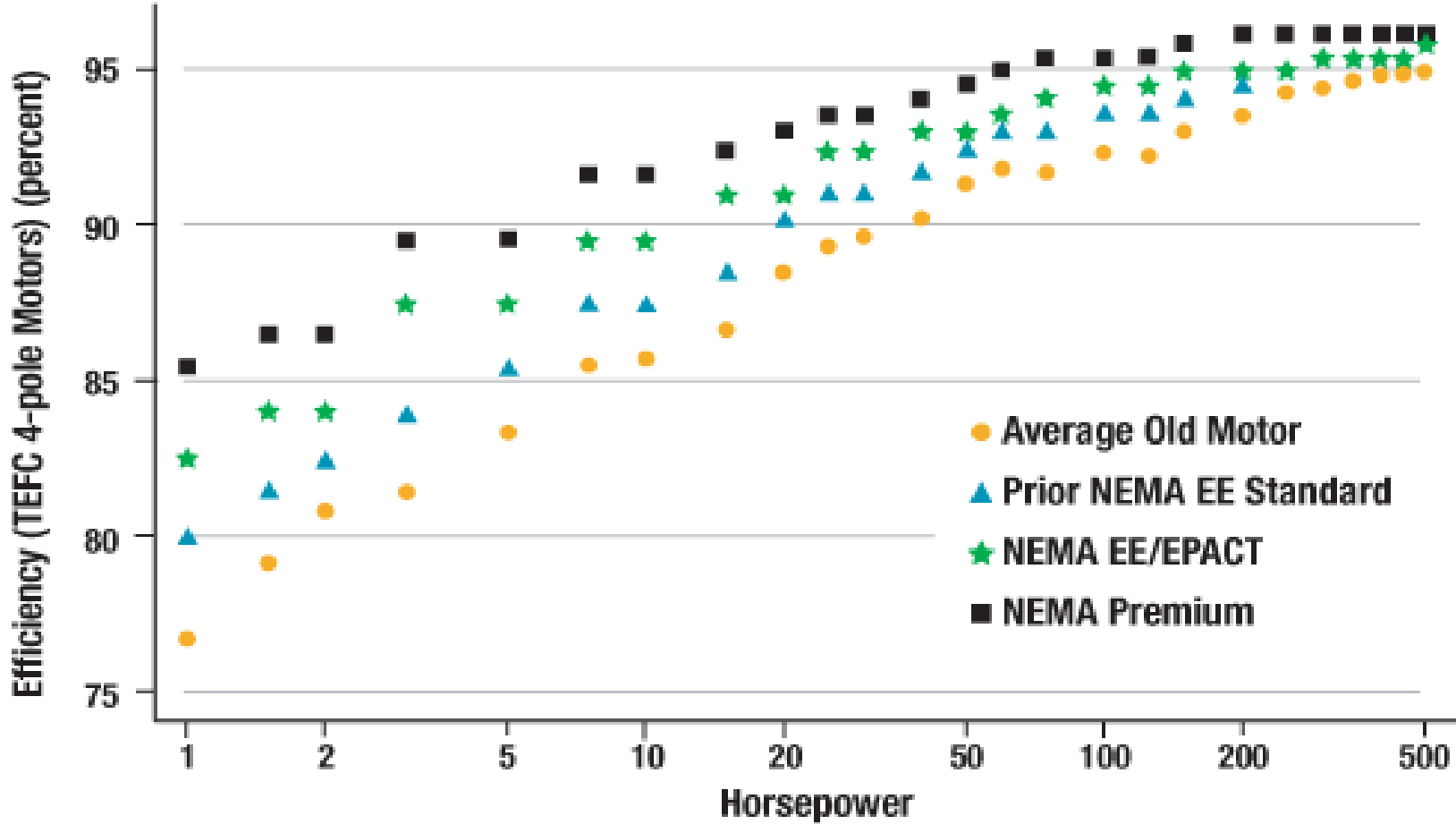
Standard, EE, PE Motors – Amount of Copper, Size of Rotor



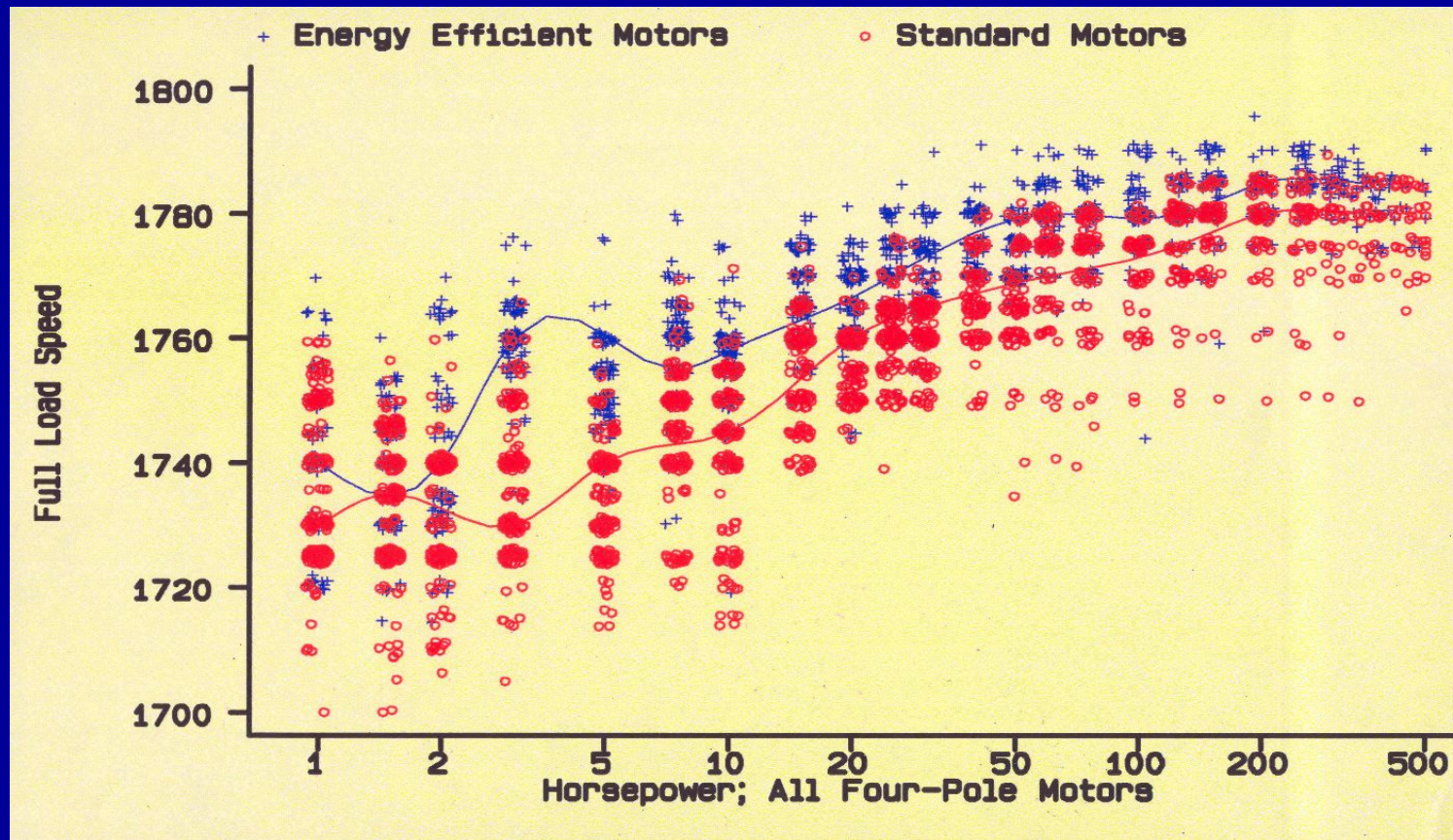
Courtesy: **Toshiba**

Motor Systems Assessment Training

Replacement Results in Big Savings



Efficiency versus full-load speed



Motor Management Planning-- Motor Survey and Screening Techniques



Motor Management Planning

Goals and Benefits:

Provide dollar savings through reduced energy costs

**Minimize energy consumption
(energy use per unit of product)**

Maximize efficiency while reducing downtime

Improve system reliability and productivity

Rule of Thumb for Energy Management

One person-year of effort should be allocated for energy management activities for every \$1 million spent on energy bills annually

After your program has been launched, the level can be set at one person-year for every \$2-\$5 million spent annually

Motor Management Program Building Blocks

- Accurate Motor Inventory Tracking System (or, conduct Motor Survey)**
- New Motor Purchasing Policy: Specify Premium Efficiency**
- Proactive Repair/Replace Policy**
- Strategic Spares Inventory (PEM- Ready)**
- Adopt Best Practices Repair Standards**
- Predictive and Preventive Maintenance Planning**

Information Requirements for Motor Management Planning

*MotorMaster+
Inputs*

- **Understand Utility Rates**
- **Gather Motor Nameplate Data**
- **Establish Motor Operating Profiles**
- **Tune your Electrical Distribution System**
- **Obtain Measurements at Connected Loads**
- **Know Your Load Requirements**

Key Energy Management Activities

Analysis

- Identify Energy Conservation Opportunities
- Evaluate Cost-effectiveness of Capital Improvements
- Prepare a Motor and Motor-Driven Systems Improvement Plan

*MotorMaster+
Analysis
Capabilities*

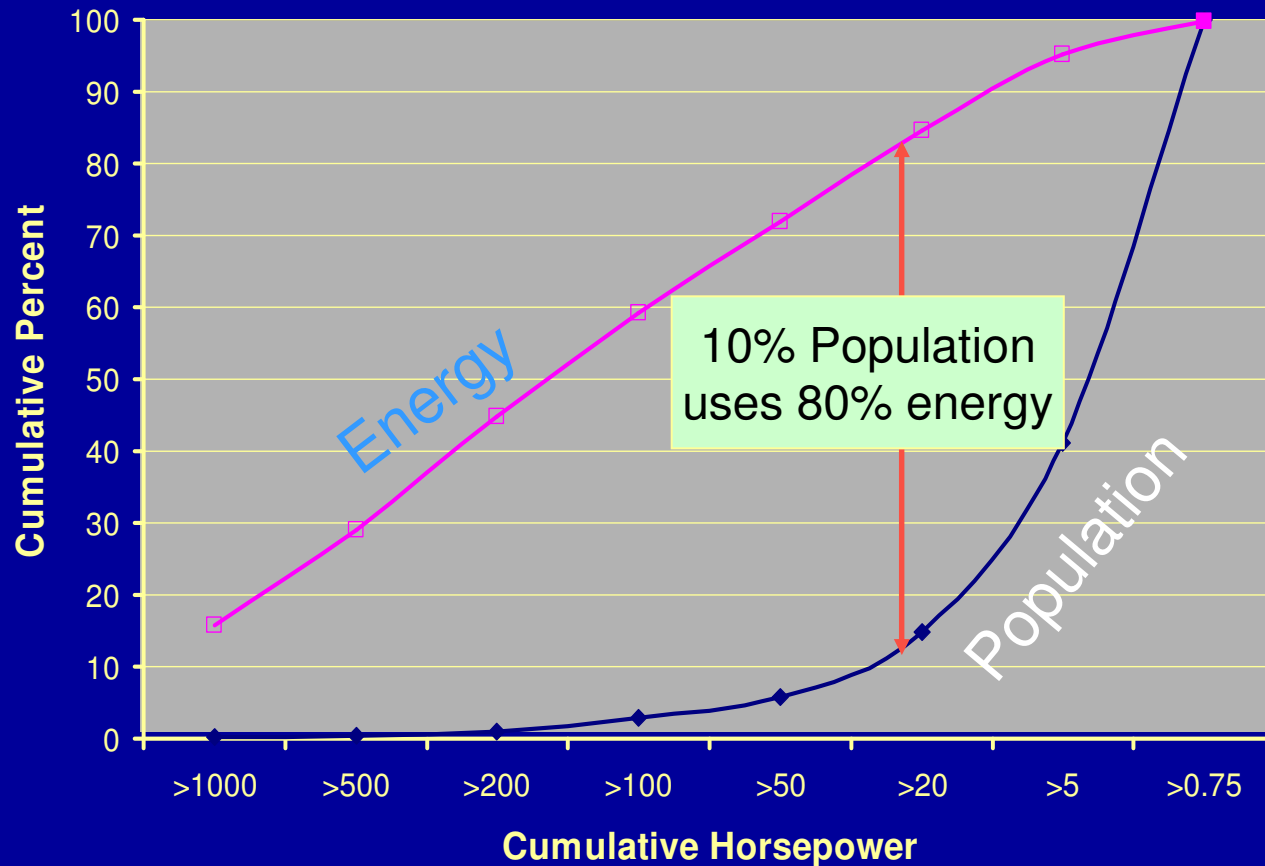
*MotorMaster+
Savings
Tracker*

Implement Measurements and Verify Results

Specifying a Motor

- Horsepower rating (integral hp, 1-500)
- NEMA Design, Metric, Two-speed
- Enclosure type (ODP, TEFC, EXPL)
- Voltage rating
- Synchronous speed
- Special or Definite Purpose
- Frame Size
- Efficiency class

A small fraction of the motor population is responsible for most energy consumption



Note the descending order (left to right)

Additional Inventory Filters

Focus On:

- **Non special or definite purpose motors**
- **Motors with accessible and readable nameplates**
- **Include spares**

Include information on the coupling, driven equipment, and load requirements

Motor Nameplate Information



Frame Type/Size

Voltage

Rated Horsepower

Amps, Rated Load

Time Rating, i.e. Duty

**Maximum ambient
Temperature**

RPM at Rated Load

Insulation Class

Design Letter

Service Factor

Frequency

Number of Phases

**Locked Rotor Code, MG1
Part 10.37 (kVA/hp)**

Efficiency, Rated Load

Other Optional Information

Company - View

File Facilities Help



Exit

Company Database

TMP Mill

Browse

Company Information

Motor Efficiency Data

Facility Ranking

Horsepower	1-3	5	7.5	10	15	20	25	30	40	50	60	75
Premium	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2
Energy Efficient	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	0
Standard	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	14	28

Horsepower	100	125	150	200	250	300	350	400	450	500	Total
Premium	1	5	2	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	15
Energy Efficient	2	0	1	6	3	1	0	0	0	0	18
Standard	24	41	20	20	9	6	4	4	3	4	177

Data Not Current

Recalc

Energy efficient Premium efficiency

% by number 8.6 7.1

% by horsepower 8.7 7.3

% by load served (Incomplete) 0.0

Company - View

File Facilities Help



Company Database Kraft Pulp Mill

Browse

Company Information

Motor Efficiency Data

Facility Ranking

Horsepower	1-3	5	7.5	10	15	20	25	30	40	50	60	75
Premium	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	30	39
Energy Efficient	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	12
Standard	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	15	43

Horsepower	100	125	150	200	250	300	350	400	450	500	Total
Premium	24	7	6	14	7	11	1	0	0	1	140
Energy Efficient	7	13	2	13	1	0	0	0	0	0	55
Standard	22	21	31	21	24	18	10	13	2	7	227

Data Not Current

Recalc

Energy efficient Premium efficiency

% by number 13.0 33.2

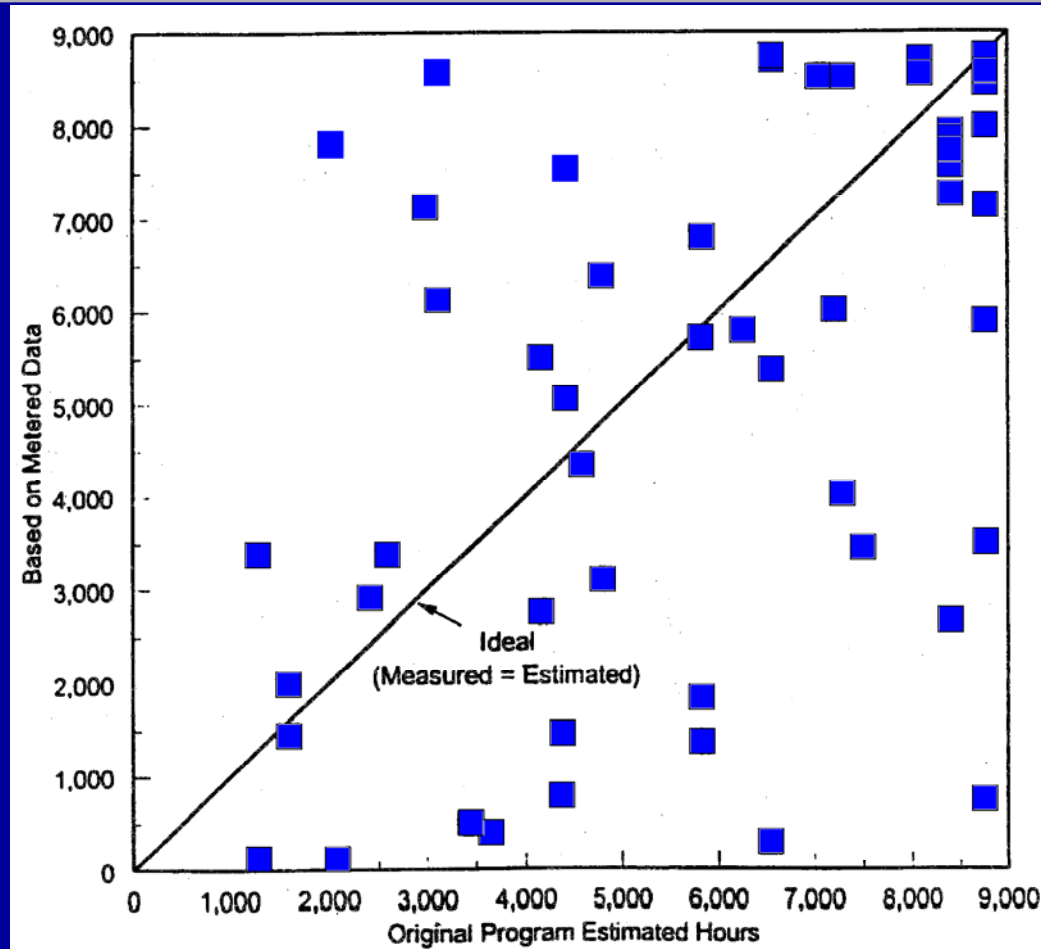
% by horsepower 10.2 26.4

% by load served (Incomplete) 0.0

Estimating Operating Hours

An evaluation of customer-supplied operating hour assumptions in PGE's Drive-Power program found widespread scatter. Measured or true values ranged from 0 to 8,000 hours for an assumed value of 2,000 hours; and from 500 to 8,760 hours for estimates of 6,500 hours

Operator Operating Hour Estimates



Motor Improvement Planning Action Items

Replace critical motors with histories of frequent failures immediately

Develop a new motor purchase policy

Determine which operable motors should be immediately replaced based on cost-effectiveness criteria

Identify which motors should be replaced with Premium Efficiency units when they fail

Establish a PEM-Ready spares inventory

Forget First Cost!

100 HP TEFC EPACT motor costs ~ \$6,256

It costs \$38,985 to operate per year!

(or 623% of first cost)

@ \$.054/kWh & \$4.87/kW, 8150 hrs/yr, 100% load

Now consider a car: First cost ~ \$25,000

**Even at \$3.00/gal, annual fuel costs are only about
\$1,500 or 6% of first costs**

@ 12,500 miles/year, 25 mpg

Equivalent Rates of Use

If the new car used energy at the same ratio of first cost to annual operating cost as the motor:

---It would have to be driven about 216,375 miles or 348,220 km every two months, or

---Gasoline would have to be priced at \$311.58/gal (or \$82.30/liter)

Annual Savings from Specifying New *NEMA Premium™* Efficiency Motors

Horsepower	Full-load Motor Efficiency (%)		Annual Savings from Use of a NEMA Premium™ Efficiency Motor	
	Energy Efficient Motor	NEMA Premium™ Efficiency Motor	Annual Energy Savings, kWh/year	Annual Dollar Savings, \$/year
10	89.5	91.7	1,200	\$60
25	92.4	93.6	1,550	80
50	93.0	94.5	3,820	190
100	94.5	95.4	4,470	225
200	95.0	96.2	11,755	590

Note: Based on purchase of an 1,800 RPM, Totally Enclosed Fan-Cooled motor with 8,000 hours per year of operation, 75% load, and an electrical rate of \$0.05/kWh.

Contingency planning - making the change when a failure occurs

The alternatives evaluation picture changes dramatically when failures occur

Changes that couldn't be justified when the system was functional may very well be after failure

The alternative may actually be less costly than simple repair/replacement of the existing component

Turn Misfortune to Advantage

A motor failure can provide a good opportunity to tune up other aspects of the system:

Downsize motor where appropriate.

- **Evaluate driven load speed with respect to new motor; change sheaves size if warranted. Remember pump and fan drive power can vary at the cube of speed or even greater.**
- **Consider upgrade to an ASD and inverter duty motor.**



Repair versus Replace: You Need to Consider...

First cost of repair and new purchase.

Efficiency of existing and proposed new motor.

Urgency and availability of each alternative.

Possible modifications to the mounting.

Annual hours of operation.

Cost of down time and repairs from a possible early failure in either scenario.

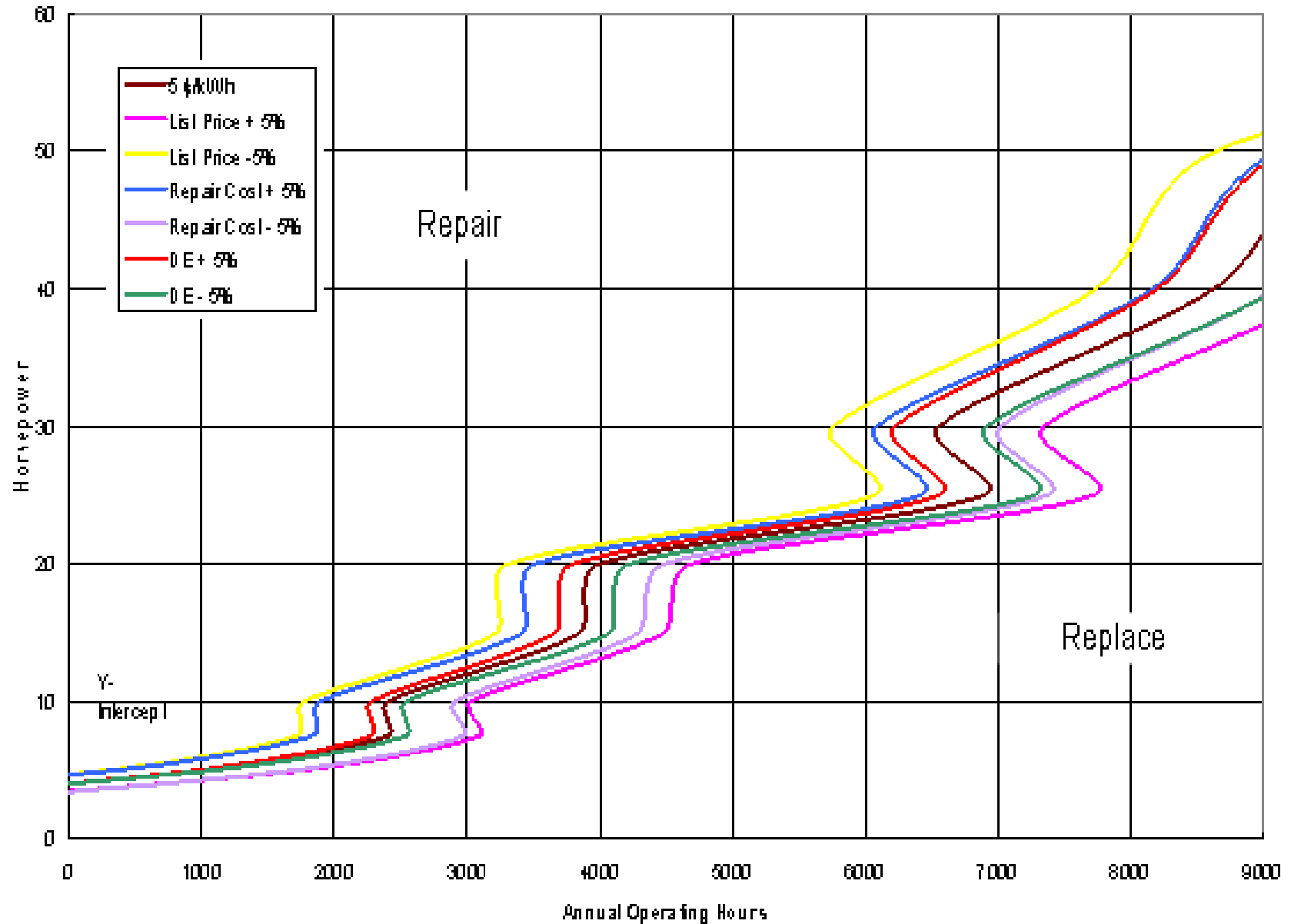
Utility incentives

Replace versus Repair Existing Standard Efficiency Motors

Horsepower	Motor efficiency (%)		Annual Savings from Use of a NEMA Premium™ Efficiency Motor	
	Standard Efficiency Motor	NEMA Premium™ Efficiency Motor	Annual Energy Savings, kWh/year	Annual Dollar Savings, \$/year
10	85.7	91.7	3,445	\$170
25	88.9	93.6	6,305	315
50	91.1	94.5	8,725	435
100	91.7	95.4	18,820	940
200	92.8	96.2	34,910	1,745

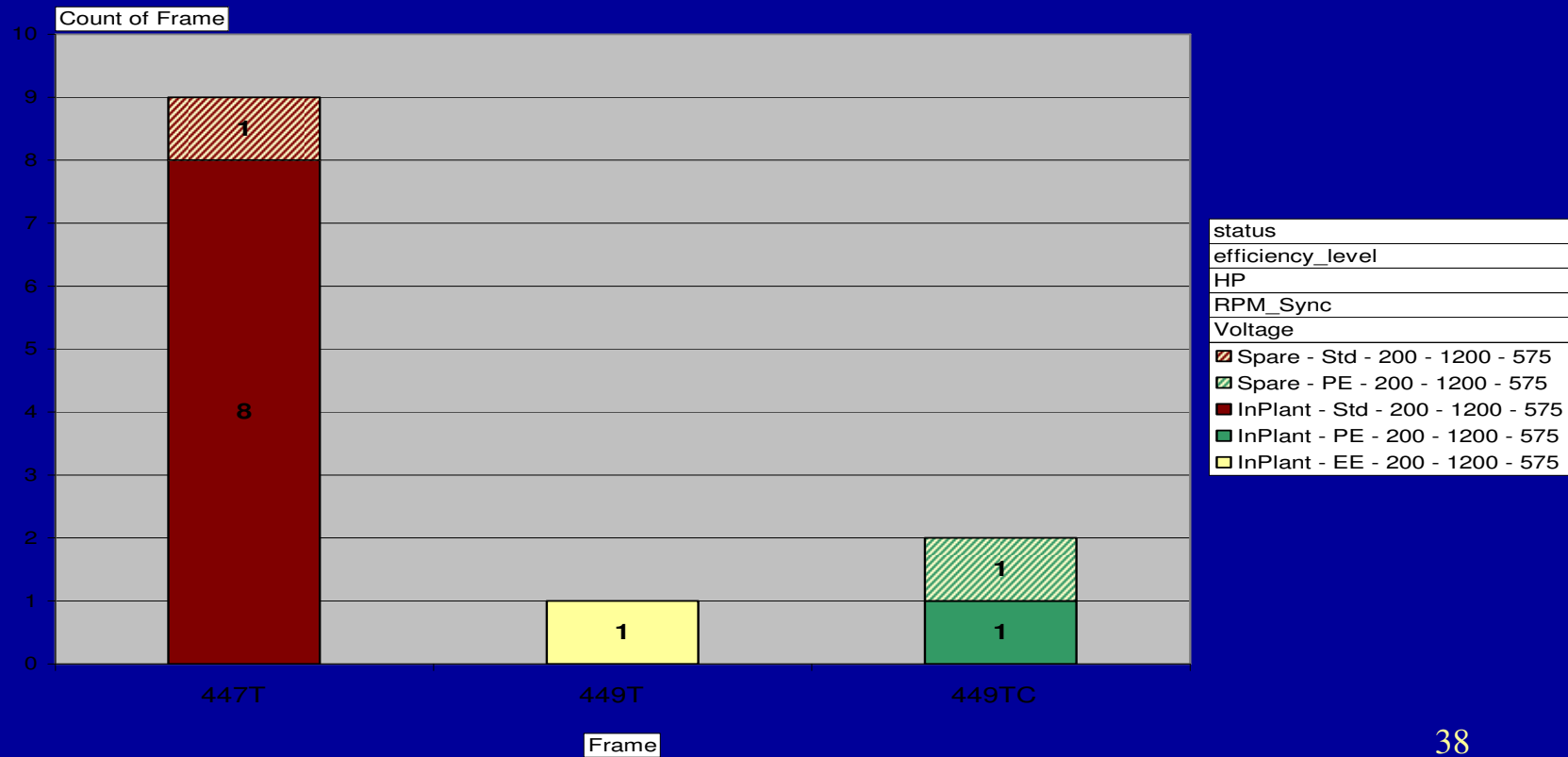
Note: Based on purchase of an 1,800 RPM, Totally Enclosed Fan-Cooled motor with 8,000 hours per year of operation, 75% load, and an electrical rate of \$0.05/kWh.

Breakpoint HP Replacement with TEFC Nema Premium Efficiency Motor

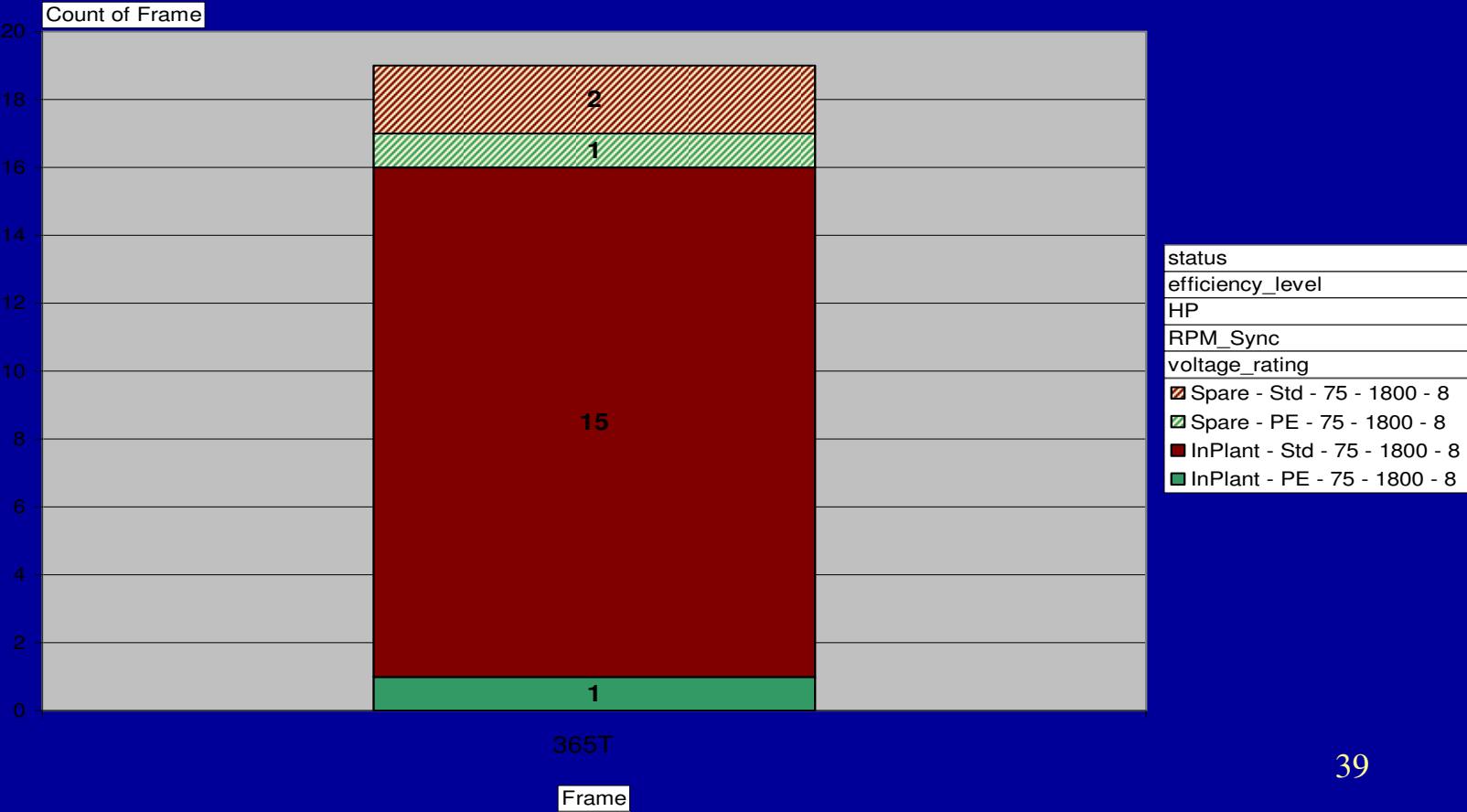


Coverage Charts tell a Story

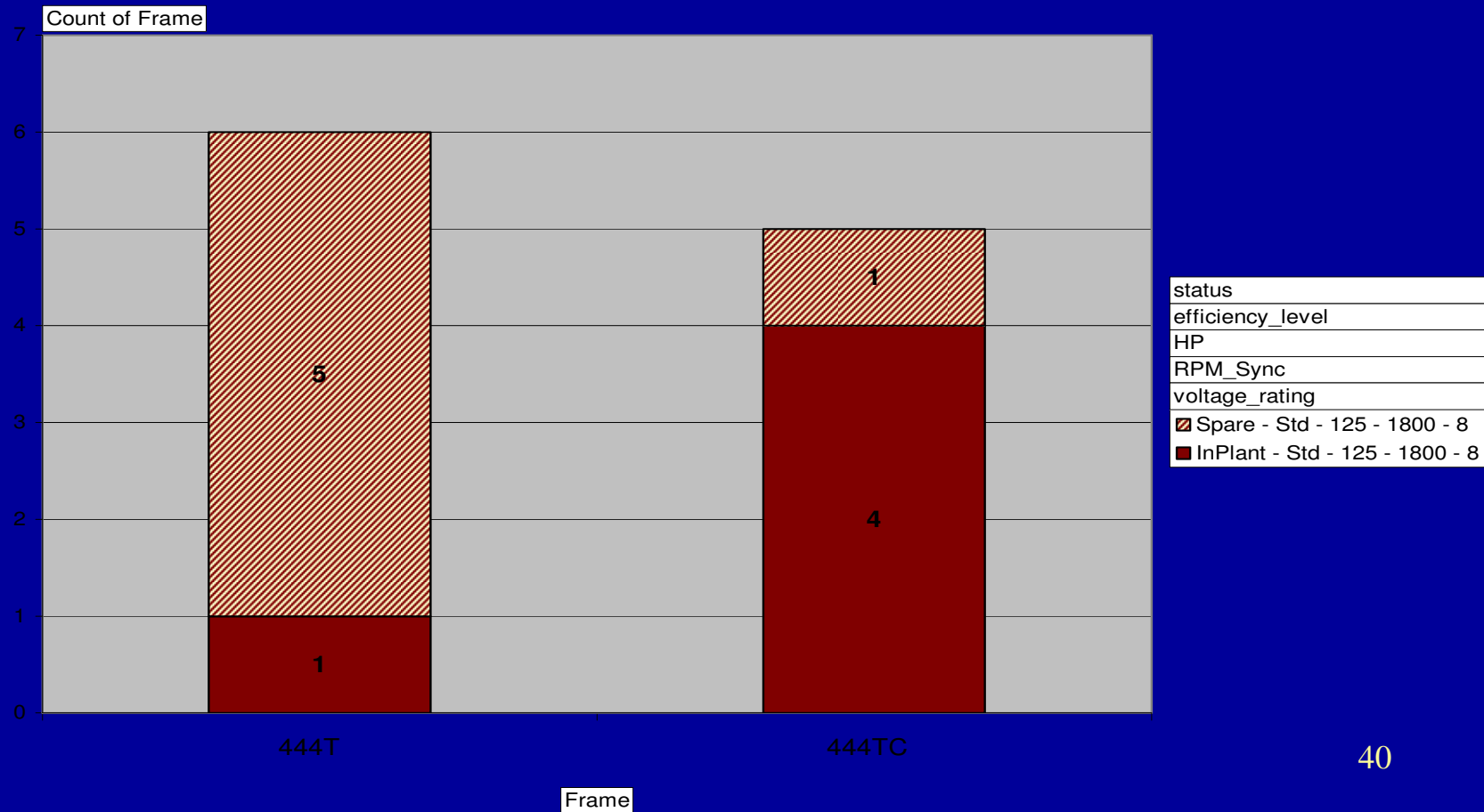
(for 200 hp 1200 RPM Motors)



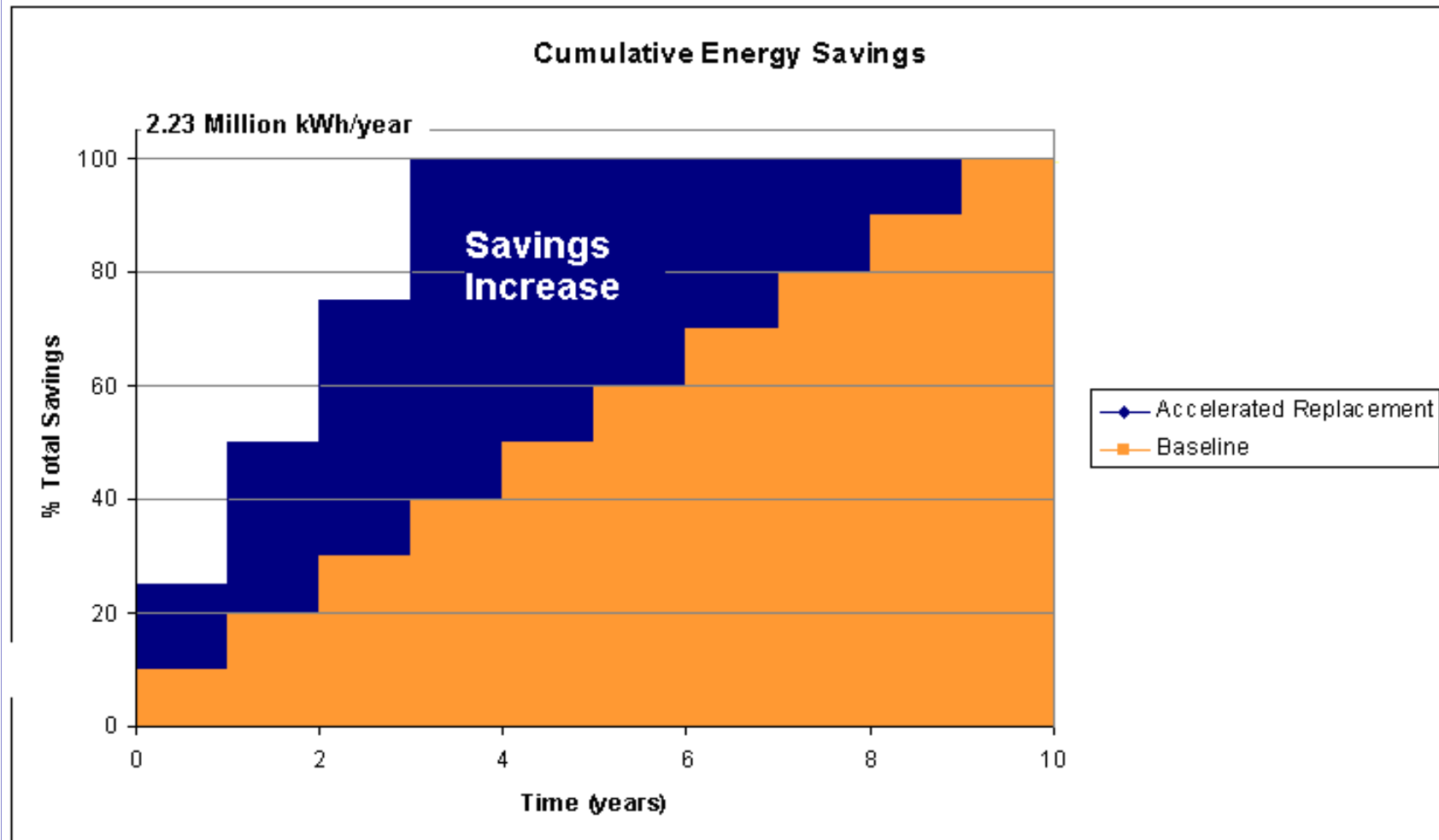
A Strategic Spares Inventory (for 75 hp 1800 RPM Motors)



Excess Number of Spares? (125 hp 1800 RPM)



Accelerated Motor Replacement



Motor Improvement Plan

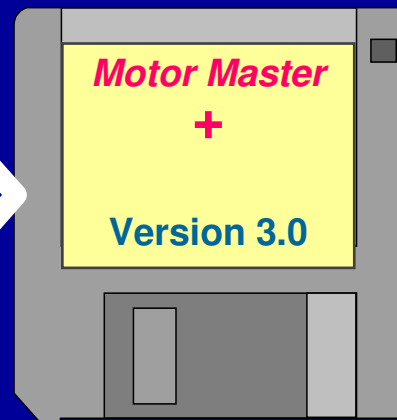
Old Motor	New Motor
Motor # 1	Replace <u>W / EE</u> When Failed
Motor # 2	Downsize / Replace <u>W / EE</u> When Failed
Motor # 3	Immediate Replacement <u>W / EE</u>
Motor # 4	Replace <u>W/Standard</u> or Repair When Failed
Motor # 5	Investigate ASD Potential

MotorMaster +



Summary

- **Motor nameplate**
- **Type of load**
- **Operating hours**
- **Field data**
(Amps, Volts, Watts, PF, RPM)
- **Utility rates**
- **Utility rebates**
- **Repair or replace?**
- **Savings Tracking**
- **Batch Analysis**



What is MotorMaster+?

Decision Support Software

**Motor Price and
Performance Database**

Motor Selection Tool

**Energy Savings
Analysis**

Inventory Management

Maintenance Logs

Energy Management

Energy Accounting

**Utility Motor Rebate
Support**

Life Cycle Costing

**Tracks Energy Savings
and Emissions
Reductions**

Motor Manufacturers' Price and Performance Database

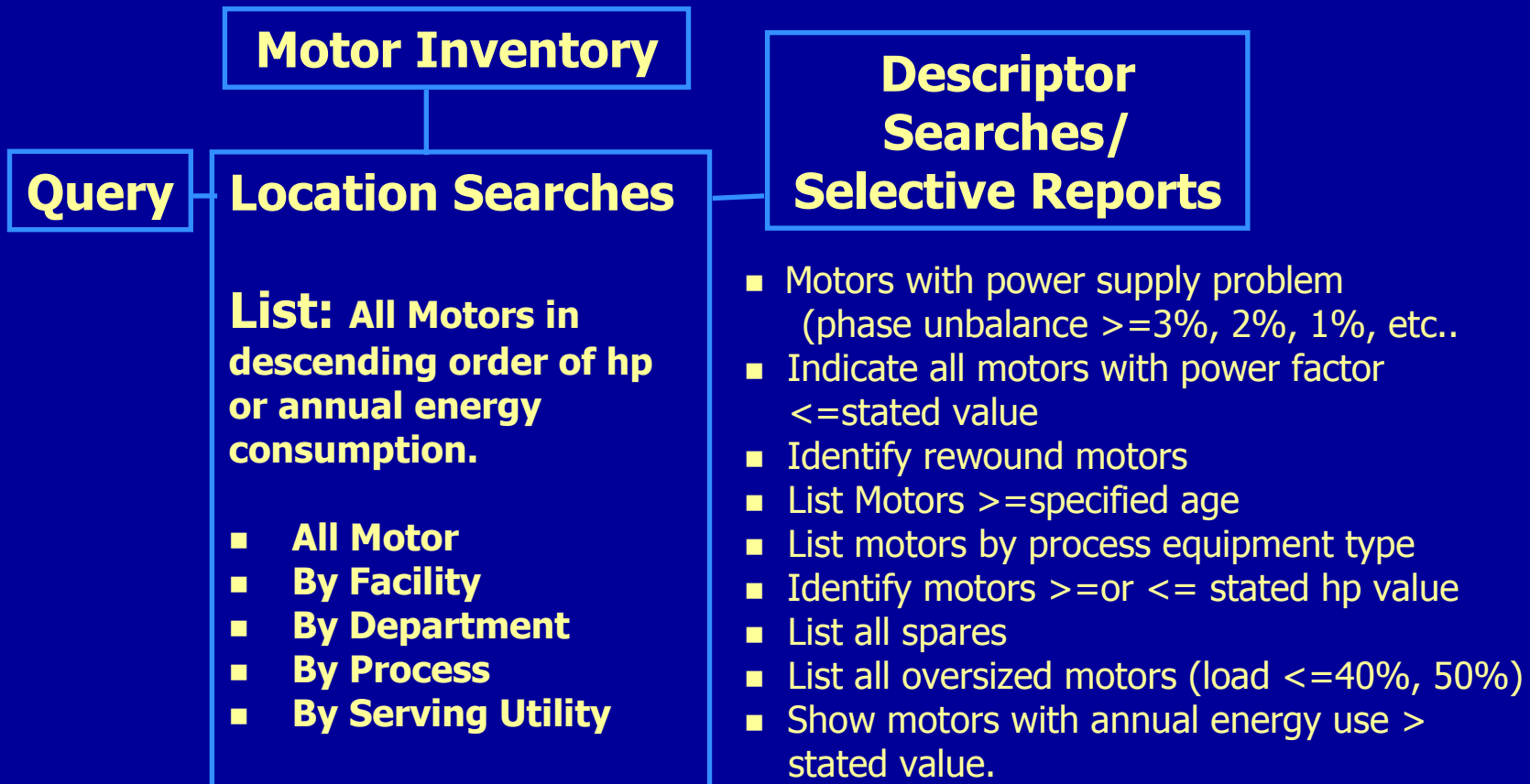
Electronic catalog with data for over 27,000 motors

NEMA A-D, IEC (Metric), Two-Speed

General and Definite Purpose (U-Frame, IEEE 841, Washdown, Severe-Duty, Inverter-Duty, Close-Coupled Pump)

Updated approximately every two years

Inventory Management Capabilities



Inventory Management

Track spare and in-service motors.

Store nameplate, operating profile, field measurement, and load-related information.

Automatic motor load and efficiency estimation features.

Can copy catalog or inventory motors.

Possible to import existing motor databases into the Inventory module.

Motor Efficiency Determination

Laboratory: IEEE 112B Basis for NEMA Nominal Efficiency; Nameplate per MG1 Table 12-10

MotorMaster+ Methods

- **ORMEL96 - Calculates Part Load Efficiency from Measured Slip plus Nameplate Data**
- **kW - Calculates Load; Looks up Part-load Efficiency**
- **Slip - Calculates Load; Looks up Part-load Efficiency**
- **Amp - Calculates Load; Looks up Part-load Efficiency**

Failed Motor Efficiency Upgrade

Motor Comparison

File Savings

New **Rewind** Replace Existing

Savings ? Exit

	Rewound <Avg Std Efficiency>	Energy-Efficient <Avg Energy-Efficient>
Utility	Puget Power	Puget Power
Rate Schedule	Schedule 24 - General	Schedule 24 - General
Facility	Consolidated Foodstuff	Consolidated Foodstuff
Energy price (\$/kWh)	0.06097	0.06097
Demand charge (\$/kW)		
No rebate program in effect		
Motor Description and Features		
Size/Speed	200 hp 1200 RPM	200 hp 1200 RPM
Enclosure/Voltage	TEFC 460 Volts	TEFC 460 Volts
Hours use/yr	8760	8760
Load (%)	75.0	75.0
Efficiency (%)	92.2	95.4
Rewind Effic Loss (%)	1.0	
Dealer discount (%)		25.0
Price (\$)	2860 (rewind)	12363
Motor Rebate (\$)		
Peak Months	12	12

C:\MMPLUS3\MMSAMPLE.MDB Version 3.02.02 (11/14/2000) 90% free Mon, Apr 8, 2002 4:06 pm

From user-editable default table.

Functional Motor Efficiency Upgrade

Motor Comparison

File Savings Help

New Rewind Replace Existing

Savings ? Exit

	Existing <Avg Std Efficiency>	Energy-Efficient <Avg Energy-Efficient>
Motor Description and Features		
Size/Speed	200 hp 1200 RPM	200 hp 1200 RPM
Enclosure/Voltage	TEFC 460 Volts	TEFC 460 Volts
Hours use/yr	8760	8760
Load (%)	75.0	75.0
Efficiency (%)	93.2	95.4
Full load RPM		
Old Motor Effic Loss		
Dealer discount (%)		25.0
Purchase Price (\$)		12363
Installation Cost (\$)		155
Motor Rebate (\$)		
Peak Months	12	12

Utility
Puget Power

Rate Schedule
Schedule 24 - General

Facility
Consolidated Foodstuff

Energy price (\$/kWh) 0.06097

Demand charge (\$/kW)

No rebate program in effect

Inventory Catalog Copy Values

Consider discounts, rebates, and other economic factors

Motor Comparison

File Savings Help

New Rewind Replace Existing

Savings ? Exit

Utility
Puget Power

Rate Schedule
Schedule 25 - Small De

Facility
<none>

Energy price (\$/kWh) 0.0605
Demand charge (\$/kW) 5.35

No rebate program in effect (* user-defined)

Perform comparison calculations and view results

Motor Description and Features	Rewound <Avg Std Efficiency>	Energy-Efficient <Avg Energy-Efficient>
Size/Speed	200 hp 1200 RPM	200 hp 1200 RPM
Enclosure/Voltage	TEFC 460 Volts	TEFC 460 Volts
Hours use/yr	8760	8760
Load (%)	85.0	85.0
Efficiency (%)	91.9	95.4
Rewind Effic Loss (%)	1.0	
Dealer discount (%)		25.0
Price (\$)	2860 (rewind)	12363
Motor Rebate (\$)		2200
Peak Months	12	12

LifeCycle lets you apply IRR or make other more precise life cycle economic considerations.

Energy Savings

File LifeCycle Help

LifeCycle ? Exit

Motor premium (\$)		7,303
Energy use (kWh/yr)	1,208,523	1,164,527
Energy cost (\$/yr)	73,116	70,454
Demand chg (\$/yr)	8,857	8,535
Energy savings (kWh/yr)	43,996	\$ 2662
Demand savings (kW)	5.0	\$ 322
Total savings		\$ 2984
Simple payback		2.44 yrs

52

Adding Utility Rate Schedules

Can accommodate two seasons (generally Summer and Winter)

Enter demand charges (\$/kW-mo) for each season

Enter energy charges for each season.

Can handle up to three energy charge “tailblocks”.

Enter any number of utilities and rate schedules.

Assign at Facility Level.

Life Cycle Cost Analysis

Computes the after-tax return-on-investment in an energy efficiency measure.

Displays cash flows, net present value, and the benefit-to-cost ratio.

Linked to Compare and Batch Analysis modules.

Savings Tracker

Uses “before” and “after” measured values to validate energy and dollar savings from conservation and efficiency improvements.

Motor and driven-equipment Energy Action records are aggregated with total savings indicated.

May create a Greenhouse Gas Emissions Reduction report (EIA 1605 EZ).

Energy Management using Batch Analysis

Use Batch Analysis to determine which in-plant motors are candidates for immediate replacement with a new Premium Efficiency motor.

Identify which motors should be replaced at their time of failure.

Know which motors should be repaired and returned to service when they fail.

Batch Analysis Capability

Replacing Groups of Inefficient Motors

- **MotorMaster+'s Batch Analysis can accept inputs from the Inventory module, automatically conduct analyses, and then summarizes dollar and energy savings due to changing out all motors (in a given plant, department, etc.) or only those motors with simple paybacks below a target value.**

Batch Analysis Choices

Motor Changeout Choices. The analyst can replace existing motors with a particular brand of motor or identify the “best available” replacement motor. This motor yields the most rapid simple payback on investment.

Batch Upgrade Capability. This feature allows the user to specify only severe-duty, NEMA Premium or IEEE 841 replacement motors.

Optimization and Auto Sizing Routine

Identify the “best available” motor. The MotorMaster+ batch analysis will select the “best” replacement motor based on:

- full and part-load efficiency values (bin)
- discounted list price
- centrifugal load speed/slip relationships.

The package of “best” replacement motors provides the quickest overall payback on investment.

Underloaded Motors

Consideration of Oversized and Underloaded Motors. A motor is considered oversized if it constantly operates at less than 40% of full load. Compares' Auto Downsizing analysis will automatically consider replacement motors of the same size as well as smaller motors.

MotorMaster+ will not allow loads on potential replacement motors to exceed 85%.

How to obtain MotorMaster+

**Download from the
U.S. Dept. of Energy's ITP website at:
[http://www1.eere.energy.gov/industry/
bestpractices/software.html#mm](http://www1.eere.energy.gov/industry/bestpractices/software.html#mm)**



**Additional industrial efficiency resources
are available at:**

<http://www1.eere.energy.gov/industry/>