Technology Advancement and Infrastructure Development Panel





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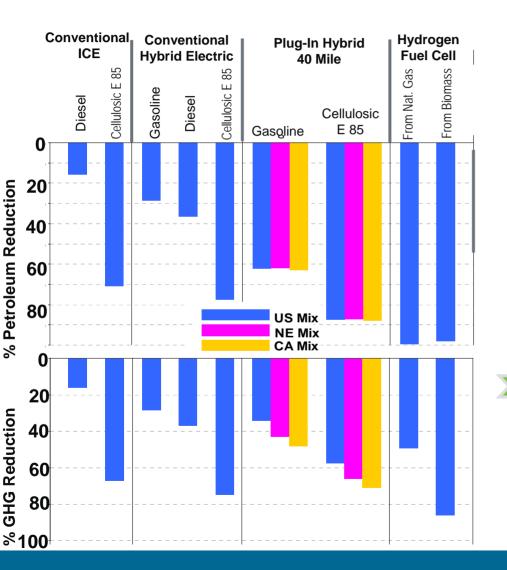
September 29, 2009

U.S. China Electric Vehicles Forum

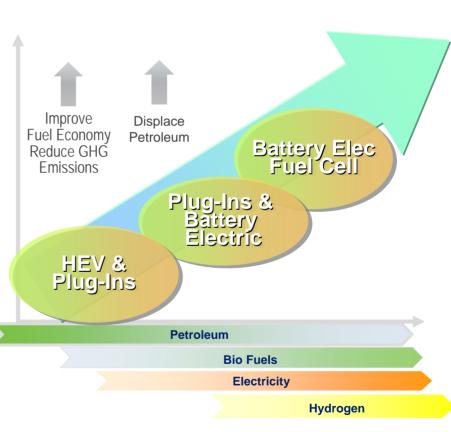
Vehicle Electrification is Key to Reducing Petroleum Dependency and Greenhouse Gas Emissions



Well-to-Wheels Petroleum/GHG Reduction



Vehicle Electrification Progression



Battery Technology



Administration Goal: 1 Million PHEVs by 2015

Annual vehicle battery R&D spending: \$80M

Additional Recovery Act funding of \$1.5 Billion to accelerate the manufacturing and deployment of the next generation of U.S. batteries

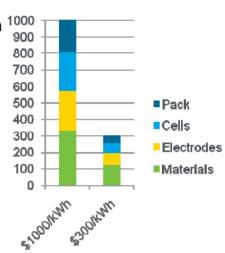
Recovery Act will funding multiple projects in advanced battery components manufacturing

Battery Cost Reduction

- Cell materials & fabrication 1000 represents about 3/4 the cost for PHEV batteries 700
- For significant cost reduction, new materials with increased energy density are needed to reduce:



- cell count, and
- cell/pack hardware



Status and Targets

2009 Status

Status: \$8000-\$12,000

for a PHEV 40-mile

range battery

Status: Current cost of the electric traction system is \$40/kW

Targets

2014 PHEV: Battery that has a 40-mile all-electric range and cost \$3,400 2015 PEEM: Cost for electric traction system no greater than \$12/kW peak by 2015

Battery Chemistry Comparison

Lithium Ion Chemistry	Type 1	Type 2	Type 3	Type 4
Life	(3)	8	(4)	<u>@</u>
Power	<u>@</u>	©	(4)	0
Energy	©	(4)	(4)	8
Abuse tolerance	8	(4)	©	©
Materials cost	<u> </u>	©	8	<u> </u>

Power Electronics and Electric Motors R&D



Power Electronics – Power inverters and converters for electric drivetrains

- Wide Band Gap semiconductors for increased efficiency
- New device packaging and topologies to minimize cost
- Low cost, high temperature capacitors

Electric Motors – Hybrid and Plug-in Hybrid capable designs

- Novel motor concepts to reduce cost
- Research to develop low cost, high performance magnetic materials

Traction Drive Systems – Combined stand-alone drive systems enable all-

electric operation for plug-in hybrids and fuel cell vehicles



Thermal Control – Improving heat transfer and reliability evaluation

- Enables smaller devices through more aggressive cooling technologies
- Predictive thermal
 stress and reliability
 models identify
 design issues

Contact Information



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