

November 21, 2017

The Honorable Michael Simpson Chairman, Subcommittee on Energy and Water Development Committee on Appropriations U.S. House of Representatives Washington, DC 20515

Dear Mr. Chairman:

U.S. Senate Report 113-47, which accompanied the Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2014 (S. 1245), includes the following language:

The Committee directs the Department to report on the need for workforce education as a necessary element for the successful and rapid transition of advanced modeling and simulation solutions developed under this program.

This letter is intended to respond to this language.

Need for Workforce Education to Support Transition of Innovative Early-Stage Research in Advanced Grid Modeling and Simulation

Mathematical modeling and control of the electric grid has been an active area of research for decades. Yet, recent availability of faster computation, new and efficient algorithms, and scalable data analytics and modeling approaches show promise for high-payoff, transformational impact. The Advanced Modeling Grid Research Program leverages scientific research in mathematics and computation for application to power system models and software tools, which are used by the utility industry to plan, monitor, and control the electric grid. Advancements will increase the operational efficiency of the electric system, improve reliability and security, enhance resilience, and facilitate coordination across the electricity transmission and distribution systems.

DOE's Role in Building an Interdisciplinary Research Community

- The Future Grid Initiative, led by the Power Systems Engineering Research Center (PSERC), examined the technological and educational challenges of the Smart Sustainable Grid.² The Initiative focused on how to integrate future technologies and renewable generation onto the grid while enhancing grid stability, reliability, and efficiency. It recognized that there is a projected shortage of qualified engineers and technicians in the power system area, a need of these individuals to be educated with a new set of skills and tools, and a critical role for ongoing research efforts to contribute to the development of this workforce by educating students through participation in research projects.³ As part of the project, and in keeping with the education side of PSERC's mission, faculty developed software tools, courses, a virtual library, and training materials to ensure the basis of a workforce well-versed in implementing the future grid. This activity strengthens engagement of leading experts in power systems and energy economics.
- Office of Science's Advanced Scientific Computer Research (ASCR) program supports a project, titled "Multifaceted Mathematics for Complex Energy Systems (M2ACS)," to take a holistic view and develop deep mathematical understanding

¹ "Analytic Research Foundations for the Next-Generation Electric Grid", National Academies – Board on Mathematical Sciences and their Applications, March 2016.

² PSERC is a collaboration between 13 universities and 36 industries. Its core purpose is "Empowering minds to engineer the future electric energy system" through contributions to an efficient, secure, resilient, adaptable, and economic electric power infrastructure.

³ "Workforce Development – Meeting the Educational Challenge of the Smart Sustainable Grid", Power Systems Engineering Research Center (PSERC), 2012.

⁴ M2ACS is led by Argonne National Laboratory (ANL). Research partners include Pacific Northwest National Laboratories (PNNL); Sandia National Laboratory (SNL); University of Chicago; and University of Wisconsin.

- The Algorithms for Modern Power Systems (AMPS) program supports research projects to develop the next generation of mathematical and statistical algorithms for improvement of the security, reliability, and efficiency of the modern power grid. The program is a partnership between the Division of Mathematical Sciences (DMS) at the NSF and OE at DOE. One of the strategic objectives of the effort is to support development of a strong science, technology, engineering, and mathematics (STEM) workforce by investing in building the knowledge that informs improvements in STEM teaching and learning. NSF's mission also calls for the broadening of opportunities and expanding participation of groups, institutions, and geographic regions that are underrepresented in STEM disciplines, which is essential to the health and vitality of science and engineering. This activity strengthens engagement of leading experts in mathematics and statistics, particularly at universities.
- The Center for Ultra-Wide-Area Resilient Electric Energy Transmission Networks (CURENT) leads research towards a nation-wide transmission grid that is fully controlled for better performance. CURENT is an NSF Engineering Research Center that is jointly supported by NSF and DOE. As an integral part of the effort, CURENT is focused on developing a new generation of electric power and energy systems engineering leaders with global perspectives and diverse backgrounds. This activity strengthens engagement of leading experts in power systems, as well as K-12 education and undergraduate outreach as a mechanism for sustaining the workforce pipeline.
- The Grid Science Winter School, led by Los Alamos National Laboratory, is aimed at developing a research community around "Grid Science." The focus emerged based upon identification of theoretical research needs perceived within OE and ARPA-E research activities. Research areas included Analysis, Optimization, Control, and Learning over Physical Networks. The effort is structured in a way to bring together and foster interactions between academic and National Laboratory experts in related research areas and the best students and postdocs in these areas. This interaction is essential to catalyzing innovative approaches to the field of advanced grid modeling and simulation. This activity

⁵ CURENT is led by the University of Tennessee, Knoxville, and is a collaboration between academia, industry, and national laboratories. Other university partners include Northeastern University, Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute, and Tuskegee University.

strengthens engagement of leading experts in power systems, mathematics and operations research, and actively builds research relationships between world-class universities and the National Laboratories.

If you should have any questions concerning this letter or require further information, please have your staff contact Joseph Levin, Office of the Chief Financial Officer, at (202) 586-3098.

Sincerely,

Bruce J. Walker

Assistant Secretary



November 21, 2017

The Honorable Thad Cochran Chairman Committee on Appropriations United States Senate Washington, DC 20510

Dear Mr. Chairman:

U.S. Senate Report 113-47, which accompanied the Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2014 (S. 1245), includes the following language:

The Committee directs the Department to report on the need for workforce education as a necessary element for the successful and rapid transition of advanced modeling and simulation solutions developed under this program.

This letter is intended to respond to this language.

Need for Workforce Education to Support Transition of Innovative Early-Stage Research in Advanced Grid Modeling and Simulation

Mathematical modeling and control of the electric grid has been an active area of research for decades. Yet, recent availability of faster computation, new and efficient algorithms, and scalable data analytics and modeling approaches show promise for high-payoff, transformational impact. The Advanced Modeling Grid Research Program leverages scientific research in mathematics and computation for application to power system models and software tools, which are used by the utility industry to plan, monitor, and control the electric grid. Advancements will increase the operational efficiency of the electric system, improve reliability and security, enhance resilience, and facilitate coordination across the electricity transmission and distribution systems.

DOE's Role in Building an Interdisciplinary Research Community

- The Future Grid Initiative, led by the Power Systems Engineering Research Center (PSERC), examined the technological and educational challenges of the Smart Sustainable Grid.² The Initiative focused on how to integrate future technologies and renewable generation onto the grid while enhancing grid stability, reliability, and efficiency. It recognized that there is a projected shortage of qualified engineers and technicians in the power system area, a need of these individuals to be educated with a new set of skills and tools, and a critical role for ongoing research efforts to contribute to the development of this workforce by educating students through participation in research projects.³ As part of the project, and in keeping with the education side of PSERC's mission, faculty developed software tools, courses, a virtual library, and training materials to ensure the basis of a workforce well-versed in implementing the future grid. This activity strengthens engagement of leading experts in power systems and energy economics.
- Office of Science's Advanced Scientific Computer Research (ASCR) program supports a project, titled "Multifaceted Mathematics for Complex Energy Systems (M2ACS)," to take a holistic view and develop deep mathematical understanding

¹ "Analytic Research Foundations for the Next-Generation Electric Grid", National Academies – Board on Mathematical Sciences and their Applications, March 2016.

² PSERC is a collaboration between 13 universities and 36 industries. Its core purpose is "Empowering minds to engineer the future electric energy system" through contributions to an efficient, secure, resilient, adaptable, and economic electric power infrastructure.

³ "Workforce Development – Meeting the Educational Challenge of the Smart Sustainable Grid", Power Systems Engineering Research Center (PSERC), 2012.

⁴ M2ACS is led by Argonne National Laboratory (ANL). Research partners include Pacific Northwest National Laboratories (PNNL); Sandia National Laboratory (SNL); University of Chicago; and University of Wisconsin.

- The Algorithms for Modern Power Systems (AMPS) program supports research projects to develop the next generation of mathematical and statistical algorithms for improvement of the security, reliability, and efficiency of the modern power grid. The program is a partnership between the Division of Mathematical Sciences (DMS) at the NSF and OE at DOE. One of the strategic objectives of the effort is to support development of a strong science, technology, engineering, and mathematics (STEM) workforce by investing in building the knowledge that informs improvements in STEM teaching and learning. NSF's mission also calls for the broadening of opportunities and expanding participation of groups, institutions, and geographic regions that are underrepresented in STEM disciplines, which is essential to the health and vitality of science and engineering. This activity strengthens engagement of leading experts in mathematics and statistics, particularly at universities.
- The Center for Ultra-Wide-Area Resilient Electric Energy Transmission Networks (CURENT) leads research towards a nation-wide transmission grid that is fully controlled for better performance. CURENT is an NSF Engineering Research Center that is jointly supported by NSF and DOE. As an integral part of the effort, CURENT is focused on developing a new generation of electric power and energy systems engineering leaders with global perspectives and diverse backgrounds. This activity strengthens engagement of leading experts in power systems, as well as K-12 education and undergraduate outreach as a mechanism for sustaining the workforce pipeline.
- The Grid Science Winter School, led by Los Alamos National Laboratory, is aimed at developing a research community around "Grid Science." The focus emerged based upon identification of theoretical research needs perceived within OE and ARPA-E research activities. Research areas included Analysis, Optimization, Control, and Learning over Physical Networks. The effort is structured in a way to bring together and foster interactions between academic and National Laboratory experts in related research areas and the best students and postdocs in these areas. This interaction is essential to catalyzing innovative approaches to the field of advanced grid modeling and simulation. This activity

_

⁵ CURENT is led by the University of Tennessee, Knoxville, and is a collaboration between academia, industry, and national laboratories. Other university partners include Northeastern University, Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute, and Tuskegee University.

If you should have any questions concerning this letter or require further information, please have your staff contact Joseph Levin, Office of the Chief Financial Officer, at (202) 586-3098.

Sincerely,

Bruce J. Walker Assistant Secretary



November 21, 2017

The Honorable Patrick Leahy Vice Chairman Committee on Appropriations United States Senate Washington, DC 20510

Dear Mr. Vice Chairman:

U.S. Senate Report 113-47, which accompanied the Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2014 (S. 1245), includes the following language:

The Committee directs the Department to report on the need for workforce education as a necessary element for the successful and rapid transition of advanced modeling and simulation solutions developed under this program.

This letter is intended to respond to this language.

Need for Workforce Education to Support Transition of Innovative Early-Stage Research in Advanced Grid Modeling and Simulation

Mathematical modeling and control of the electric grid has been an active area of research for decades. Yet, recent availability of faster computation, new and efficient algorithms, and scalable data analytics and modeling approaches show promise for high-payoff, transformational impact. The Advanced Modeling Grid Research Program leverages scientific research in mathematics and computation for application to power system models and software tools, which are used by the utility industry to plan, monitor, and control the electric grid. Advancements will increase the operational efficiency of the electric system, improve reliability and security, enhance resilience, and facilitate coordination across the electricity transmission and distribution systems.

DOE's Role in Building an Interdisciplinary Research Community

- The Future Grid Initiative, led by the Power Systems Engineering Research Center (PSERC), examined the technological and educational challenges of the Smart Sustainable Grid.² The Initiative focused on how to integrate future technologies and renewable generation onto the grid while enhancing grid stability, reliability, and efficiency. It recognized that there is a projected shortage of qualified engineers and technicians in the power system area, a need of these individuals to be educated with a new set of skills and tools, and a critical role for ongoing research efforts to contribute to the development of this workforce by educating students through participation in research projects.³ As part of the project, and in keeping with the education side of PSERC's mission, faculty developed software tools, courses, a virtual library, and training materials to ensure the basis of a workforce well-versed in implementing the future grid. This activity strengthens engagement of leading experts in power systems and energy economics.
- Office of Science's Advanced Scientific Computer Research (ASCR) program supports a project, titled "Multifaceted Mathematics for Complex Energy Systems (M2ACS)," to take a holistic view and develop deep mathematical understanding

¹ "Analytic Research Foundations for the Next-Generation Electric Grid", National Academies – Board on Mathematical Sciences and their Applications, March 2016.

² PSERC is a collaboration between 13 universities and 36 industries. Its core purpose is "Empowering minds to engineer the future electric energy system" through contributions to an efficient, secure, resilient, adaptable, and economic electric power infrastructure.

³ "Workforce Development – Meeting the Educational Challenge of the Smart Sustainable Grid", Power Systems Engineering Research Center (PSERC), 2012.

⁴ M2ACS is led by Argonne National Laboratory (ANL). Research partners include Pacific Northwest National Laboratories (PNNL); Sandia National Laboratory (SNL); University of Chicago; and University of Wisconsin.

- The Algorithms for Modern Power Systems (AMPS) program supports research projects to develop the next generation of mathematical and statistical algorithms for improvement of the security, reliability, and efficiency of the modern power grid. The program is a partnership between the Division of Mathematical Sciences (DMS) at the NSF and OE at DOE. One of the strategic objectives of the effort is to support development of a strong science, technology, engineering, and mathematics (STEM) workforce by investing in building the knowledge that informs improvements in STEM teaching and learning. NSF's mission also calls for the broadening of opportunities and expanding participation of groups, institutions, and geographic regions that are underrepresented in STEM disciplines, which is essential to the health and vitality of science and engineering. This activity strengthens engagement of leading experts in mathematics and statistics, particularly at universities.
- The Center for Ultra-Wide-Area Resilient Electric Energy Transmission Networks (CURENT) leads research towards a nation-wide transmission grid that is fully controlled for better performance. CURENT is an NSF Engineering Research Center that is jointly supported by NSF and DOE. As an integral part of the effort, CURENT is focused on developing a new generation of electric power and energy systems engineering leaders with global perspectives and diverse backgrounds. This activity strengthens engagement of leading experts in power systems, as well as K-12 education and undergraduate outreach as a mechanism for sustaining the workforce pipeline.
- The Grid Science Winter School, led by Los Alamos National Laboratory, is aimed at developing a research community around "Grid Science." The focus emerged based upon identification of theoretical research needs perceived within OE and ARPA-E research activities. Research areas included Analysis, Optimization, Control, and Learning over Physical Networks. The effort is structured in a way to bring together and foster interactions between academic and National Laboratory experts in related research areas and the best students and postdocs in these areas. This interaction is essential to catalyzing innovative approaches to the field of advanced grid modeling and simulation. This activity

⁵ CURENT is led by the University of Tennessee, Knoxville, and is a collaboration between academia, industry, and national laboratories. Other university partners include Northeastern University, Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute, and Tuskegee University.

If you should have any questions concerning this letter or require further information, please have your staff contact Joseph Levin, Office of the Chief Financial Officer, at (202) 586-3098.

Sincerely,

Bruce J. Walker Assistant Secretary



November 21, 2017

The Honorable Nita Lowey Ranking Member Committee on Appropriations U.S. House of Representatives Washington, DC 20515

Dear Congresswoman Lowey:

U.S. Senate Report 113-47, which accompanied the Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2014 (S. 1245), includes the following language:

The Committee directs the Department to report on the need for workforce education as a necessary element for the successful and rapid transition of advanced modeling and simulation solutions developed under this program.

This letter is intended to respond to this language.

Need for Workforce Education to Support Transition of Innovative Early-Stage Research in Advanced Grid Modeling and Simulation

Mathematical modeling and control of the electric grid has been an active area of research for decades. Yet, recent availability of faster computation, new and efficient algorithms, and scalable data analytics and modeling approaches show promise for high-payoff, transformational impact. The Advanced Modeling Grid Research Program leverages scientific research in mathematics and computation for application to power system models and software tools, which are used by the utility industry to plan, monitor, and control the electric grid. Advancements will increase the operational efficiency of the electric system, improve reliability and security, enhance resilience, and facilitate coordination across the electricity transmission and distribution systems.

DOE's Role in Building an Interdisciplinary Research Community

- The Future Grid Initiative, led by the Power Systems Engineering Research Center (PSERC), examined the technological and educational challenges of the Smart Sustainable Grid.² The Initiative focused on how to integrate future technologies and renewable generation onto the grid while enhancing grid stability, reliability, and efficiency. It recognized that there is a projected shortage of qualified engineers and technicians in the power system area, a need of these individuals to be educated with a new set of skills and tools, and a critical role for ongoing research efforts to contribute to the development of this workforce by educating students through participation in research projects.³ As part of the project, and in keeping with the education side of PSERC's mission, faculty developed software tools, courses, a virtual library, and training materials to ensure the basis of a workforce well-versed in implementing the future grid. This activity strengthens engagement of leading experts in power systems and energy economics.
- Office of Science's Advanced Scientific Computer Research (ASCR) program supports a project, titled "Multifaceted Mathematics for Complex Energy Systems (M2ACS)," to take a holistic view and develop deep mathematical understanding

¹ "Analytic Research Foundations for the Next-Generation Electric Grid", National Academies – Board on Mathematical Sciences and their Applications, March 2016.

² PSERC is a collaboration between 13 universities and 36 industries. Its core purpose is "Empowering minds to engineer the future electric energy system" through contributions to an efficient, secure, resilient, adaptable, and economic electric power infrastructure.

³ "Workforce Development – Meeting the Educational Challenge of the Smart Sustainable Grid", Power Systems Engineering Research Center (PSERC), 2012.

⁴ M2ACS is led by Argonne National Laboratory (ANL). Research partners include Pacific Northwest National Laboratories (PNNL); Sandia National Laboratory (SNL); University of Chicago; and University of Wisconsin.

- The Algorithms for Modern Power Systems (AMPS) program supports research projects to develop the next generation of mathematical and statistical algorithms for improvement of the security, reliability, and efficiency of the modern power grid. The program is a partnership between the Division of Mathematical Sciences (DMS) at the NSF and OE at DOE. One of the strategic objectives of the effort is to support development of a strong science, technology, engineering, and mathematics (STEM) workforce by investing in building the knowledge that informs improvements in STEM teaching and learning. NSF's mission also calls for the broadening of opportunities and expanding participation of groups, institutions, and geographic regions that are underrepresented in STEM disciplines, which is essential to the health and vitality of science and engineering. This activity strengthens engagement of leading experts in mathematics and statistics, particularly at universities.
- The Center for Ultra-Wide-Area Resilient Electric Energy Transmission Networks (CURENT) leads research towards a nation-wide transmission grid that is fully controlled for better performance. CURENT is an NSF Engineering Research Center that is jointly supported by NSF and DOE. As an integral part of the effort, CURENT is focused on developing a new generation of electric power and energy systems engineering leaders with global perspectives and diverse backgrounds. This activity strengthens engagement of leading experts in power systems, as well as K-12 education and undergraduate outreach as a mechanism for sustaining the workforce pipeline.
- The Grid Science Winter School, led by Los Alamos National Laboratory, is aimed at developing a research community around "Grid Science." The focus emerged based upon identification of theoretical research needs perceived within OE and ARPA-E research activities. Research areas included Analysis, Optimization, Control, and Learning over Physical Networks. The effort is structured in a way to bring together and foster interactions between academic and National Laboratory experts in related research areas and the best students and postdocs in these areas. This interaction is essential to catalyzing innovative approaches to the field of advanced grid modeling and simulation. This activity

⁵ CURENT is led by the University of Tennessee, Knoxville, and is a collaboration between academia, industry, and national laboratories. Other university partners include Northeastern University, Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute, and Tuskegee University.

If you should have any questions concerning this letter or require further information, please have your staff contact Joseph Levin, Office of the Chief Financial Officer, at (202) 586-3098.

Sincerely

Bruce J. Walker Assistant Secretary



November 21, 2017

The Honorable Rodney P. Frelinghuysen Chairman Committee on Appropriations U.S. House of Representatives Washington, DC 20515

Dear Mr. Chairman:

U.S. Senate Report 113-47, which accompanied the Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2014 (S. 1245), includes the following language:

The Committee directs the Department to report on the need for workforce education as a necessary element for the successful and rapid transition of advanced modeling and simulation solutions developed under this program.

This letter is intended to respond to this language.

Need for Workforce Education to Support Transition of Innovative Early-Stage Research in Advanced Grid Modeling and Simulation

Mathematical modeling and control of the electric grid has been an active area of research for decades. Yet, recent availability of faster computation, new and efficient algorithms, and scalable data analytics and modeling approaches show promise for high-payoff, transformational impact. The Advanced Modeling Grid Research Program leverages scientific research in mathematics and computation for application to power system models and software tools, which are used by the utility industry to plan, monitor, and control the electric grid. Advancements will increase the operational efficiency of the electric system, improve reliability and security, enhance resilience, and facilitate coordination across the electricity transmission and distribution systems.

DOE's Role in Building an Interdisciplinary Research Community

- The Future Grid Initiative, led by the Power Systems Engineering Research Center (PSERC), examined the technological and educational challenges of the Smart Sustainable Grid.² The Initiative focused on how to integrate future technologies and renewable generation onto the grid while enhancing grid stability, reliability, and efficiency. It recognized that there is a projected shortage of qualified engineers and technicians in the power system area, a need of these individuals to be educated with a new set of skills and tools, and a critical role for ongoing research efforts to contribute to the development of this workforce by educating students through participation in research projects.³ As part of the project, and in keeping with the education side of PSERC's mission, faculty developed software tools, courses, a virtual library, and training materials to ensure the basis of a workforce well-versed in implementing the future grid. This activity strengthens engagement of leading experts in power systems and energy economics.
- Office of Science's Advanced Scientific Computer Research (ASCR) program supports a project, titled "Multifaceted Mathematics for Complex Energy Systems (M2ACS)"⁴, to take a holistic view and develop deep mathematical understanding

¹ "Analytic Research Foundations for the Next-Generation Electric Grid", National Academies – Board on Mathematical Sciences and their Applications, March 2016.

² PSERC is a collaboration between 13 universities and 36 industries. Its core purpose is "Empowering minds to engineer the future electric energy system" through contributions to an efficient, secure, resilient, adaptable, and economic electric power infrastructure.

³ "Workforce Development – Meeting the Educational Challenge of the Smart Sustainable Grid", Power Systems Engineering Research Center (PSERC), 2012.

⁴ M2ACS is led by Argonne National Laboratory (ANL). Research partners include Pacific Northwest National Laboratories (PNNL); Sandia National Laboratory (SNL); University of Chicago; and University of Wisconsin.

- The Algorithms for Modern Power Systems (AMPS) program supports research projects to develop the next generation of mathematical and statistical algorithms for improvement of the security, reliability, and efficiency of the modern power grid. The program is a partnership between the Division of Mathematical Sciences (DMS) at the NSF and OE at DOE. One of the strategic objectives of the effort is to support development of a strong science, technology, engineering, and mathematics (STEM) workforce by investing in building the knowledge that informs improvements in STEM teaching and learning. NSF's mission also calls for the broadening of opportunities and expanding participation of groups, institutions, and geographic regions that are underrepresented in STEM disciplines, which is essential to the health and vitality of science and engineering. This activity strengthens engagement of leading experts in mathematics and statistics, particularly at universities.
- The Center for Ultra-Wide-Area Resilient Electric Energy Transmission Networks (CURENT) leads research towards a nation-wide transmission grid that is fully controlled for better performance. CURENT is an NSF Engineering Research Center that is jointly supported by NSF and DOE. As an integral part of the effort, CURENT is focused on developing a new generation of electric power and energy systems engineering leaders with global perspectives and diverse backgrounds. This activity strengthens engagement of leading experts in power systems, as well as K-12 education and undergraduate outreach as a mechanism for sustaining the workforce pipeline.
- The Grid Science Winter School, led by Los Alamos National Laboratory, is aimed at developing a research community around "Grid Science." The focus emerged based upon identification of theoretical research needs perceived within OE and ARPA-E research activities. Research areas included Analysis, Optimization, Control, and Learning over Physical Networks. The effort is structured in a way to bring together and foster interactions between academic and National Laboratory experts in related research areas and the best students and postdocs in these areas. This interaction is essential to catalyzing innovative approaches to the field of advanced grid modeling and simulation. This activity

-

⁵ CURENT is led by the University of Tennessee, Knoxville, and is a collaboration between academia, industry, and national laboratories. Other university partners include Northeastern University, Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute, and Tuskegee University.

If you should have any questions concerning this letter or require further information, please have your staff contact Joseph Levin, Office of the Chief Financial Officer, at (202) 586-3098.

Sincerely

Bruce J. Walker Assistant Secretary



November 21, 2017

The Honorable Dianne Feinstein
Ranking Member, Subcommittee on Energy and
Water Development
Committee on Appropriations
United States Senate
Washington, DC 20510

Dear Senator Feinstein:

U.S. Senate Report 113-47, which accompanied the Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2014 (S. 1245), includes the following language:

The Committee directs the Department to report on the need for workforce education as a necessary element for the successful and rapid transition of advanced modeling and simulation solutions developed under this program.

This letter is intended to respond to this language.

Need for Workforce Education to Support Transition of Innovative Early-Stage Research in Advanced Grid Modeling and Simulation

Mathematical modeling and control of the electric grid has been an active area of research for decades. Yet, recent availability of faster computation, new and efficient algorithms, and scalable data analytics and modeling approaches show promise for high-payoff, transformational impact. The Advanced Modeling Grid Research Program leverages scientific research in mathematics and computation for application to power system models and software tools, which are used by the utility industry to plan, monitor, and control the electric grid. Advancements will increase the operational efficiency of the electric system, improve reliability and security, enhance resilience, and facilitate coordination across the electricity transmission and distribution systems.

DOE's Role in Building an Interdisciplinary Research Community

- The Future Grid Initiative, led by the Power Systems Engineering Research Center (PSERC), examined the technological and educational challenges of the Smart Sustainable Grid.² The Initiative focused on how to integrate future technologies and renewable generation onto the grid while enhancing grid stability, reliability, and efficiency. It recognized that there is a projected shortage of qualified engineers and technicians in the power system area, a need of these individuals to be educated with a new set of skills and tools, and a critical role for ongoing research efforts to contribute to the development of this workforce by educating students through participation in research projects.³ As part of the project, and in keeping with the education side of PSERC's mission, faculty developed software tools, courses, a virtual library, and training materials to ensure the basis of a workforce well-versed in implementing the future grid. This activity strengthens engagement of leading experts in power systems and energy economics.
- Office of Science's Advanced Scientific Computer Research (ASCR) program supports a project, titled "Multifaceted Mathematics for Complex Energy Systems (M2ACS)," to take a holistic view and develop deep mathematical understanding

¹ "Analytic Research Foundations for the Next-Generation Electric Grid", National Academies – Board on Mathematical Sciences and their Applications, March 2016.

² PSERC is a collaboration between 13 universities and 36 industries. Its core purpose is "Empowering minds to engineer the future electric energy system" through contributions to an efficient, secure, resilient, adaptable, and economic electric power infrastructure.

³ "Workforce Development – Meeting the Educational Challenge of the Smart Sustainable Grid", Power Systems Engineering Research Center (PSERC), 2012.

⁴ M2ACS is led by Argonne National Laboratory (ANL). Research partners include Pacific Northwest National Laboratories (PNNL); Sandia National Laboratory (SNL); University of Chicago; and University of Wisconsin.

- The Algorithms for Modern Power Systems (AMPS) program supports research projects to develop the next generation of mathematical and statistical algorithms for improvement of the security, reliability, and efficiency of the modern power grid. The program is a partnership between the Division of Mathematical Sciences (DMS) at the NSF and OE at DOE. One of the strategic objectives of the effort is to support development of a strong science, technology, engineering, and mathematics (STEM) workforce by investing in building the knowledge that informs improvements in STEM teaching and learning. NSF's mission also calls for the broadening of opportunities and expanding participation of groups, institutions, and geographic regions that are underrepresented in STEM disciplines, which is essential to the health and vitality of science and engineering. This activity strengthens engagement of leading experts in mathematics and statistics, particularly at universities.
- The Center for Ultra-Wide-Area Resilient Electric Energy Transmission Networks (CURENT) leads research towards a nation-wide transmission grid that is fully controlled for better performance. CURENT is an NSF Engineering Research Center that is jointly supported by NSF and DOE. As an integral part of the effort, CURENT is focused on developing a new generation of electric power and energy systems engineering leaders with global perspectives and diverse backgrounds. This activity strengthens engagement of leading experts in power systems, as well as K-12 education and undergraduate outreach as a mechanism for sustaining the workforce pipeline.
- The Grid Science Winter School, led by Los Alamos National Laboratory, is aimed at developing a research community around "Grid Science." The focus emerged based upon identification of theoretical research needs perceived within OE and ARPA-E research activities. Research areas included Analysis, Optimization, Control, and Learning over Physical Networks. The effort is structured in a way to bring together and foster interactions between academic and National Laboratory experts in related research areas and the best students and postdocs in these areas. This interaction is essential to catalyzing innovative

⁵ CURENT is led by the University of Tennessee, Knoxville, and is a collaboration between academia, industry, and national laboratories. Other university partners include Northeastern University, Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute, and Tuskegee University.

If you should have any questions concerning this letter or require further information, please have your staff contact Joseph Levin, Office of the Chief Financial Officer, at (202) 586-3098.

Sincerely,

Bruce J. Walker Assistant Secretary



November 21, 2017

The Honorable Lamar Alexander Chairman, Subcommittee on Energy and Water Development Committee on Appropriations United States Senate Washington, DC 20510

Dear Mr. Chairman:

U.S. Senate Report 113-47, which accompanied the Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2014 (S. 1245), includes the following language:

The Committee directs the Department to report on the need for workforce education as a necessary element for the successful and rapid transition of advanced modeling and simulation solutions developed under this program.

This letter is intended to respond to this language.

Need for Workforce Education to Support Transition of Innovative Early-Stage Research in Advanced Grid Modeling and Simulation

Mathematical modeling and control of the electric grid has been an active area of research for decades. Yet, recent availability of faster computation, new and efficient algorithms, and scalable data analytics and modeling approaches show promise for high-payoff, transformational impact. The Advanced Modeling Grid Research Program leverages scientific research in mathematics and computation for application to power system models and software tools, which are used by the utility industry to plan, monitor, and control the electric grid. Advancements will increase the operational efficiency of the electric system, improve reliability and security, enhance resilience, and facilitate coordination across the electricity transmission and distribution systems.

2

The Committee on Analytical Research Foundations for the Next-Generation Electric Grid at the National Academies recommended that this research be best approached by a community that is truly multidisciplinary. In particular, while the coordination of power grid research efforts at the National Laboratories and with industry is important, the Committee noted a need for engagement of experts from fields other than power engineering to join the research effort, such as knowledge of mathematics, statistics, operations research, economics, and computation. Having this multi-disciplinary workforce engaged in advanced modeling research contributes to robust and meaningful solutions to real-world challenges, and thus enhances the rapidity of successful transition to industry. Furthermore, engagement across the workforce pipeline from students to engineering leaders strengthens the platform for research innovation.

DOE's Role in Building an Interdisciplinary Research Community

- The Future Grid Initiative, led by the Power Systems Engineering Research Center (PSERC), examined the technological and educational challenges of the Smart Sustainable Grid.² The Initiative focused on how to integrate future technologies and renewable generation onto the grid while enhancing grid stability, reliability, and efficiency. It recognized that there is a projected shortage of qualified engineers and technicians in the power system area, a need of these individuals to be educated with a new set of skills and tools, and a critical role for ongoing research efforts to contribute to the development of this workforce by educating students through participation in research projects.³ As part of the project, and in keeping with the education side of PSERC's mission, faculty developed software tools, courses, a virtual library, and training materials to ensure the basis of a workforce well-versed in implementing the future grid. This activity strengthens engagement of leading experts in power systems and energy economics.
- Office of Science's Advanced Scientific Computer Research (ASCR) program supports a project, titled "Multifaceted Mathematics for Complex Energy Systems (M2ACS)," to take a holistic view and develop deep mathematical understanding

¹ "Analytic Research Foundations for the Next-Generation Electric Grid", National Academies – Board on Mathematical Sciences and their Applications, March 2016.

² PSERC is a collaboration between 13 universities and 36 industries. Its core purpose is "Empowering minds to engineer the future electric energy system" through contributions to an efficient, secure, resilient, adaptable, and economic electric power infrastructure.

³ "Workforce Development – Meeting the Educational Challenge of the Smart Sustainable Grid", Power Systems Engineering Research Center (PSERC), 2012.

⁴ M2ACS is led by Argonne National Laboratory (ANL). Research partners include Pacific Northwest National Laboratories (PNNL); Sandia National Laboratory (SNL); University of Chicago; and University of Wisconsin.

- The Algorithms for Modern Power Systems (AMPS) program supports research projects to develop the next generation of mathematical and statistical algorithms for improvement of the security, reliability, and efficiency of the modern power grid. The program is a partnership between the Division of Mathematical Sciences (DMS) at the NSF and OE at DOE. One of the strategic objectives of the effort is to support development of a strong science, technology, engineering, and mathematics (STEM) workforce by investing in building the knowledge that informs improvements in STEM teaching and learning. NSF's mission also calls for the broadening of opportunities and expanding participation of groups, institutions, and geographic regions that are underrepresented in STEM disciplines, which is essential to the health and vitality of science and engineering. This activity strengthens engagement of leading experts in mathematics and statistics, particularly at universities.
- The Center for Ultra-Wide-Area Resilient Electric Energy Transmission Networks (CURENT) leads research towards a nation-wide transmission grid that is fully controlled for better performance. CURENT is an NSF Engineering Research Center that is jointly supported by NSF and DOE. As an integral part of the effort, CURENT is focused on developing a new generation of electric power and energy systems engineering leaders with global perspectives and diverse backgrounds. This activity strengthens engagement of leading experts in power systems, as well as K-12 education and undergraduate outreach as a mechanism for sustaining the workforce pipeline.
- The Grid Science Winter School, led by Los Alamos National Laboratory, is aimed at developing a research community around "Grid Science." The focus emerged based upon identification of theoretical research needs perceived within OE and ARPA-E research activities. Research areas included Analysis, Optimization, Control, and Learning over Physical Networks. The effort is structured in a way to bring together and foster interactions between academic and National Laboratory experts in related research areas and the best students and postdocs in these areas. This interaction is essential to catalyzing innovative

⁵ CURENT is led by the University of Tennessee, Knoxville, and is a collaboration between academia, industry, and national laboratories. Other university partners include Northeastern University, Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute, and Tuskegee University.

If you should have any questions concerning this letter or require further information, please have your staff contact Joseph Levin, Office of the Chief Financial Officer, at (202) 586-3098.

Sincerely,

Bruce J. Walker

Assistant Secretary



November 21, 2017

The Honorable Marcy Kaptur
Ranking Member, Subcommittee on Energy
and Water Development
Committee on Appropriations
U.S. House of Representatives
Washington, DC 20515

Dear Congresswoman Kaptur:

U.S. Senate Report 113-47, which accompanied the Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2014 (S. 1245), includes the following language:

The Committee directs the Department to report on the need for workforce education as a necessary element for the successful and rapid transition of advanced modeling and simulation solutions developed under this program.

This letter is intended to respond to this language.

Need for Workforce Education to Support Transition of Innovative Early-Stage Research in Advanced Grid Modeling and Simulation

Mathematical modeling and control of the electric grid has been an active area of research for decades. Yet, recent availability of faster computation, new and efficient algorithms, and scalable data analytics and modeling approaches show promise for high-payoff, transformational impact. The Advanced Modeling Grid Research Program leverages scientific research in mathematics and computation for application to power system models and software tools, which are used by the utility industry to plan, monitor, and control the electric grid. Advancements will increase the operational efficiency of the electric system, improve reliability and security, enhance resilience, and facilitate coordination across the electricity transmission and distribution systems.

DOE's Role in Building an Interdisciplinary Research Community

- The Future Grid Initiative, led by the Power Systems Engineering Research Center (PSERC), examined the technological and educational challenges of the Smart Sustainable Grid.² The Initiative focused on how to integrate future technologies and renewable generation onto the grid while enhancing grid stability, reliability, and efficiency. It recognized that there is a projected shortage of qualified engineers and technicians in the power system area, a need of these individuals to be educated with a new set of skills and tools, and a critical role for ongoing research efforts to contribute to the development of this workforce by educating students through participation in research projects.³ As part of the project, and in keeping with the education side of PSERC's mission, faculty developed software tools, courses, a virtual library, and training materials to ensure the basis of a workforce well-versed in implementing the future grid. This activity strengthens engagement of leading experts in power systems and energy economics.
- Office of Science's Advanced Scientific Computer Research (ASCR) program supports a project, titled "Multifaceted Mathematics for Complex Energy Systems (M2ACS)," to take a holistic view and develop deep mathematical understanding

¹ "Analytic Research Foundations for the Next-Generation Electric Grid", National Academies – Board on Mathematical Sciences and their Applications, March 2016.

² PSERC is a collaboration between 13 universities and 36 industries. Its core purpose is "Empowering minds to engineer the future electric energy system" through contributions to an efficient, secure, resilient, adaptable, and economic electric power infrastructure.

³ "Workforce Development – Meeting the Educational Challenge of the Smart Sustainable Grid", Power Systems Engineering Research Center (PSERC), 2012.

⁴ M2ACS is led by Argonne National Laboratory (ANL). Research partners include Pacific Northwest National Laboratories (PNNL); Sandia National Laboratory (SNL); University of Chicago; and University of Wisconsin.

- The Algorithms for Modern Power Systems (AMPS) program supports research projects to develop the next generation of mathematical and statistical algorithms for improvement of the security, reliability, and efficiency of the modern power grid. The program is a partnership between the Division of Mathematical Sciences (DMS) at the NSF and OE at DOE. One of the strategic objectives of the effort is to support development of a strong science, technology, engineering, and mathematics (STEM) workforce by investing in building the knowledge that informs improvements in STEM teaching and learning. NSF's mission also calls for the broadening of opportunities and expanding participation of groups, institutions, and geographic regions that are underrepresented in STEM disciplines, which is essential to the health and vitality of science and engineering. This activity strengthens engagement of leading experts in mathematics and statistics, particularly at universities.
- The Center for Ultra-Wide-Area Resilient Electric Energy Transmission Networks (CURENT) leads research towards a nation-wide transmission grid that is fully controlled for better performance. CURENT is an NSF Engineering Research Center that is jointly supported by NSF and DOE. As an integral part of the effort, CURENT is focused on developing a new generation of electric power and energy systems engineering leaders with global perspectives and diverse backgrounds. This activity strengthens engagement of leading experts in power systems, as well as K-12 education and undergraduate outreach as a mechanism for sustaining the workforce pipeline.
- The Grid Science Winter School, led by Los Alamos National Laboratory, is aimed at developing a research community around "Grid Science." The focus emerged based upon identification of theoretical research needs perceived within OE and ARPA-E research activities. Research areas included Analysis, Optimization, Control, and Learning over Physical Networks. The effort is structured in a way to bring together and foster interactions between academic and National Laboratory experts in related research areas and the best students and postdocs in these areas. This interaction is essential to catalyzing innovative

⁵ CURENT is led by the University of Tennessee, Knoxville, and is a collaboration between academia, industry, and national laboratories. Other university partners include Northeastern University, Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute, and Tuskegee University.

If you should have any questions concerning this letter or require further information, please have your staff contact Joseph Levin, Office of the Chief Financial Officer, at (202) 586-3098.

Sincerely,

Bruce J. Walker

Assistant Secretary Office of Electricity Delivery and Energy Reliability