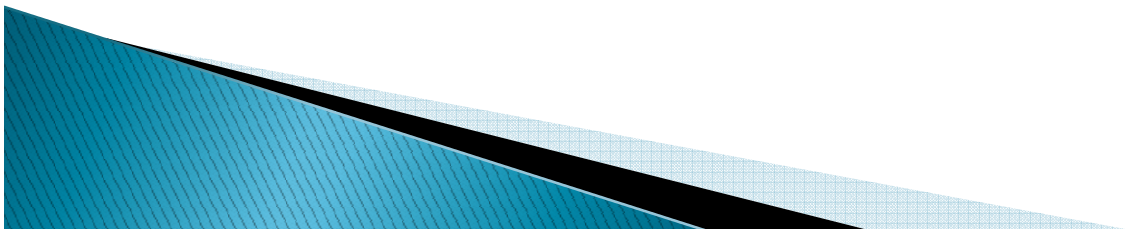


Applications of High-Voltage Direct Current Transmission Technologies

Panel: US Project Case Studies Anbaric Transmission

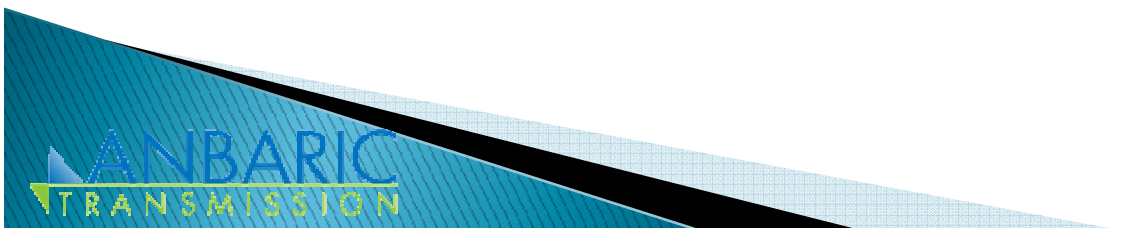
Stephen Conant
SVP, Anbaric Transmission

April 22, 2013

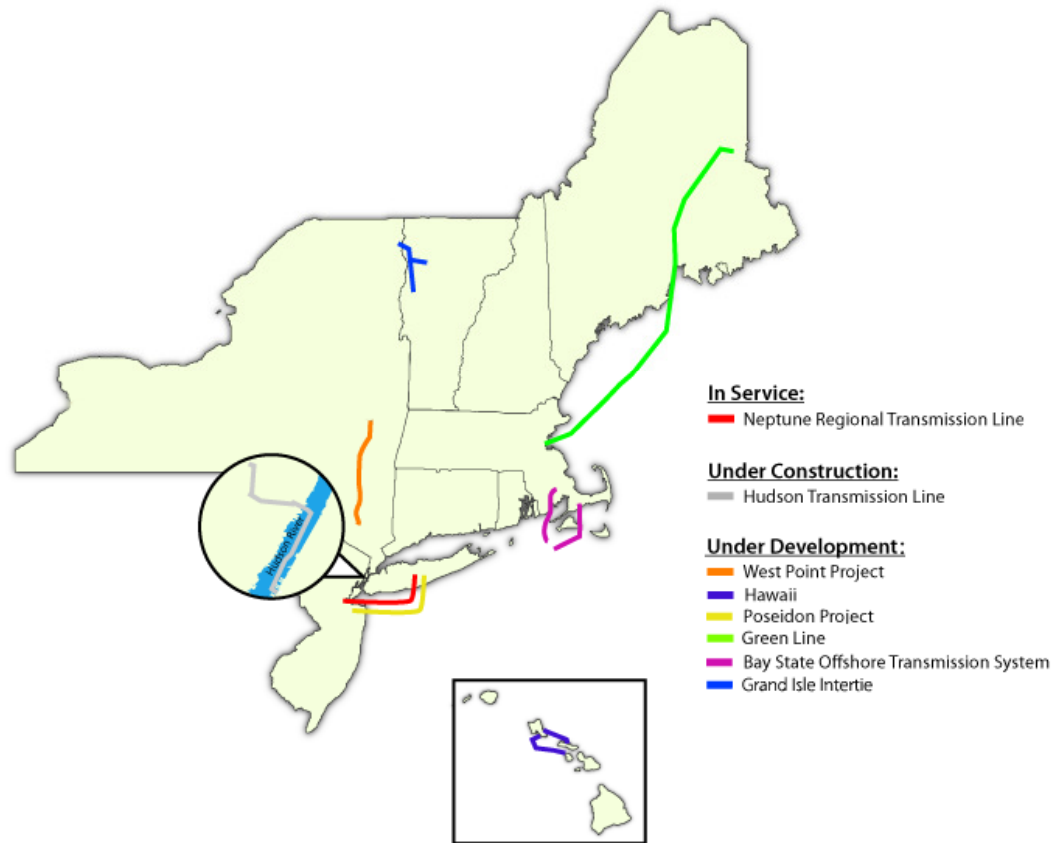


About Anbaric

- ▶ Anbaric Transmission – Independent developer of electric transmission lines in U.S. with German subsidiary (GOTIC) positioned to compete for the development of offshore transmission in Germany
- ▶ Anbaric Microgrids – specialize in early stage development small, medium and large scale microgrid projects
- ▶ Anbaric Transmission in the U.S.
 - Active in 6 to 8 transmission projects in the U.S.
 - Work with a variety of partners and associated project developers – most notably PowerBridge.

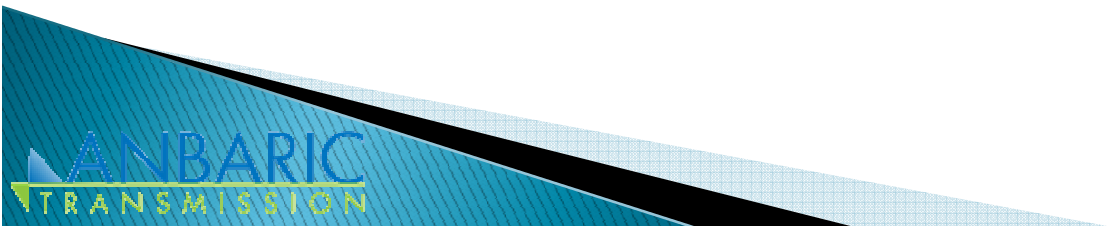


Anbaric Transmission Projects



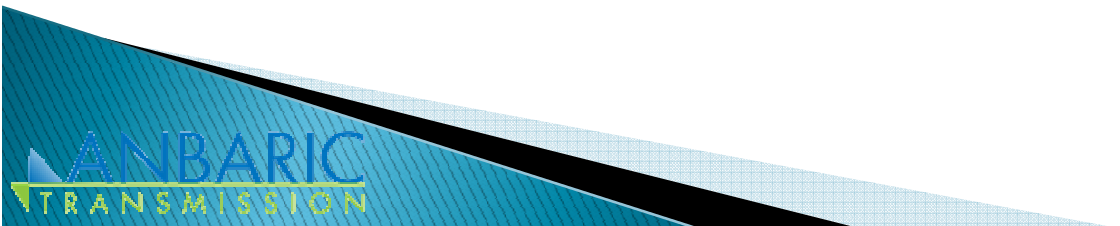
Projects for Today's Discussion

- ▶ Neptune Regional Transmission System
 - Anbaric is an original development partner, in association with the Atlantic Energy Partners... project managed, constructed, and operated by PowerBridge
- ▶ Hudson Transmission Project
 - Developed by Hudson Transmission Partners, a partnership of Anbaric, PowerBridge and Trident Partners.
- ▶ Green Line
 - Project by Anbaric, PowerBridge and The Cianbro Companies



Case Study Discussion Items

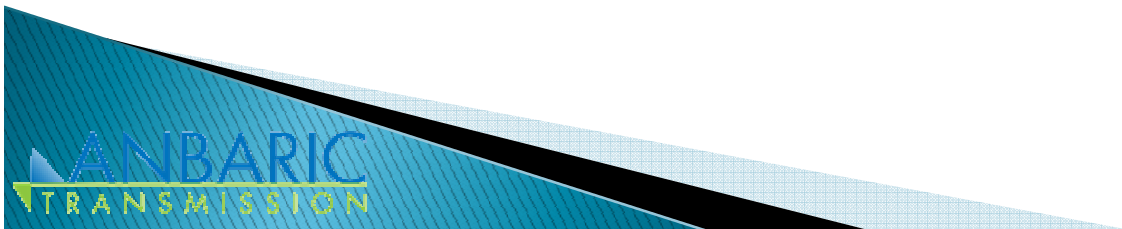
- A. Transmission challenge that led to the proposed HVdc solution
- B. Basic configuration and technology choice
- C. Reasoning behind the decision
- D. Key challenges encountered
- E. Lessons learned



Neptune Regional Transmission

▶ Challenges

- Highly congested area
- Visually sensitive areas
- Narrow terrestrial right of way
- Limited/expensive sites
- Regulatory treatment between two control areas – PJM/NYISO



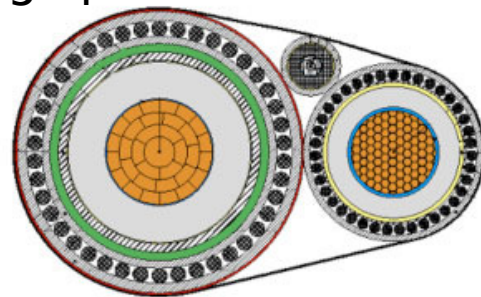
Neptune Regional Transmission

- ▶ Technology and Configuration
 - Siemens conventional HVDC system
 - Prysmian 500kV mass-impregnated cable
 - 660MW transfer capability between direct current converter stations in Sayreville, NJ and North Hempstead, NY
 - 65 mile cable: 50 miles submarine – 15 miles underground

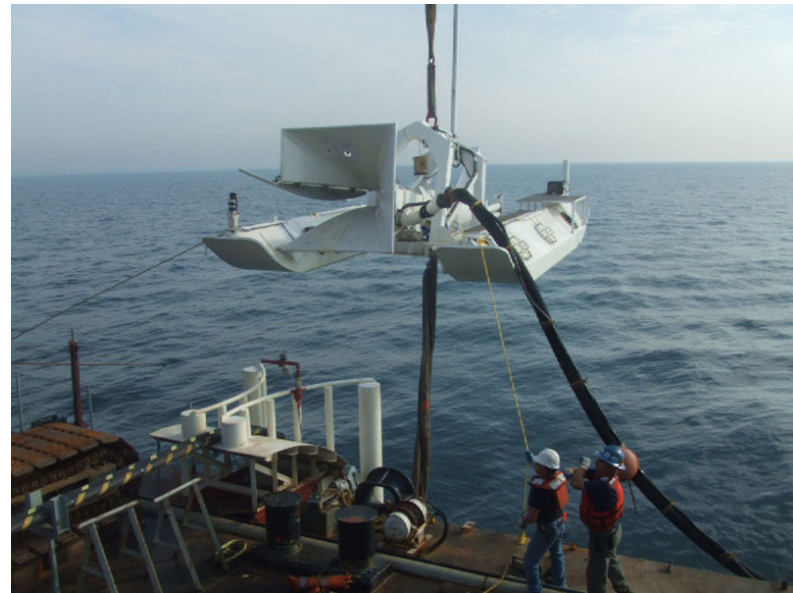
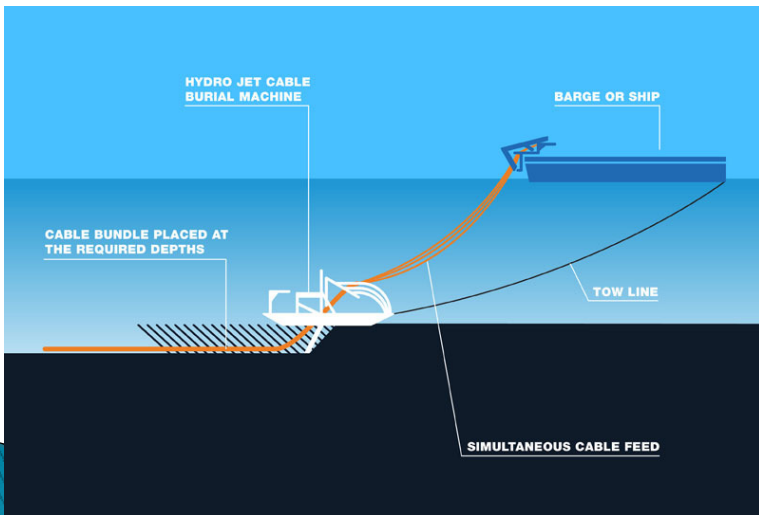
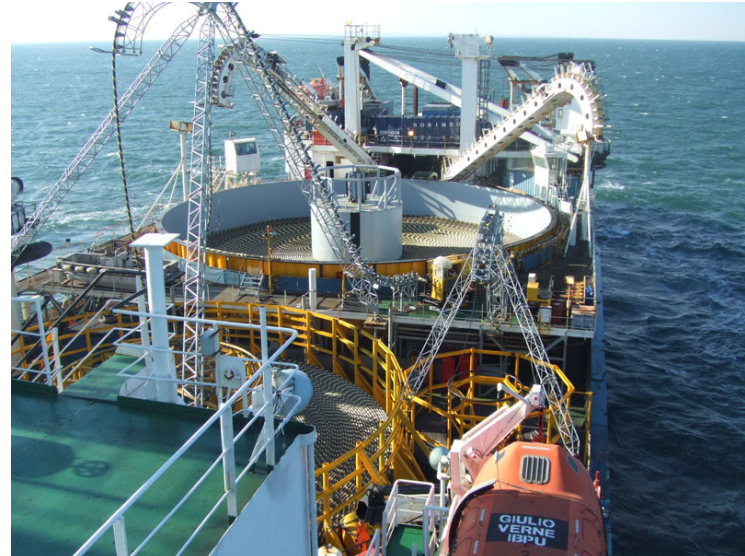


Prysmian Cable

- ▶ 500kV mass-impregnated cable paper wrapped
- Consists of 3 cables:
 - 1) high-voltage ~ 5" diameter – 500kV carries up to 660MW;
 - 2) medium voltage “return” cable; and
 - 3) fiber-optic for system controls
- In ocean bed – cables bundled and buried 4–6’
- On land – cables in separate conduits and buried 3–4’



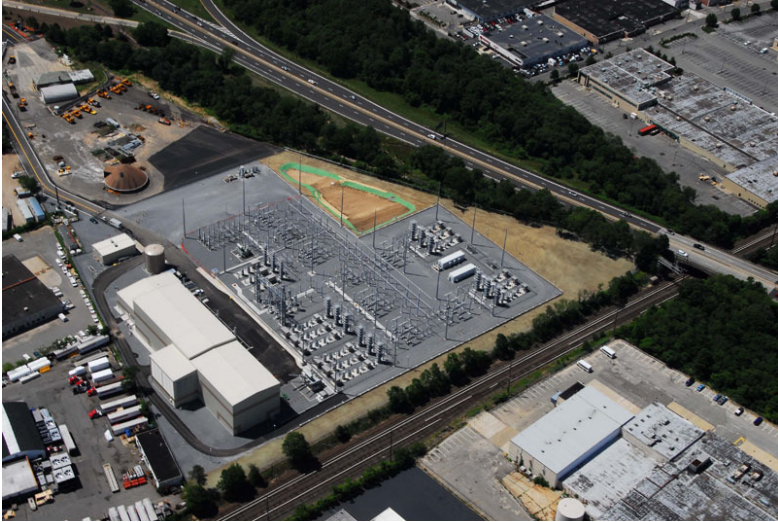
Cable Installation – Submarine



Cable Installation – Terrestrial



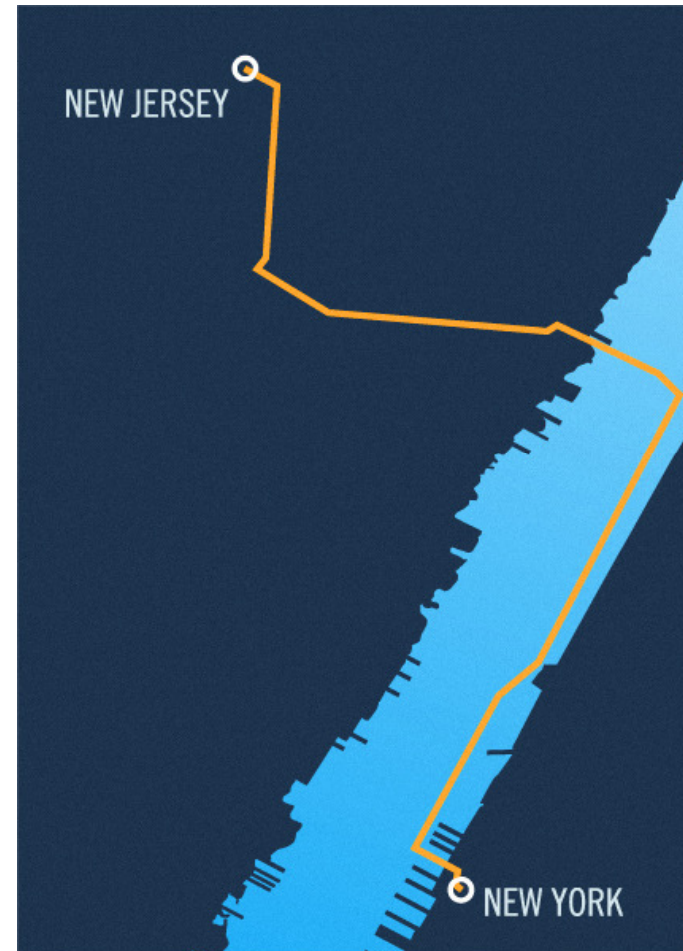
Converter Stations



Hudson Transmission Project

▶ Summary

- 660MW link between PSE&G substation in Ridgefield, NJ and ConEd substation at W.49th St. NYC PJM
- NYPA customer
- Transmission lines entirely underground (via railroad right of way) and underwater (under Hudson River ~ 3miles)
- Construction start May 2011
- Commercial operation mid-2013
- Includes upgrades to the NJ transmission system



Hudson Transmission Project

▶ Technology and Configuration

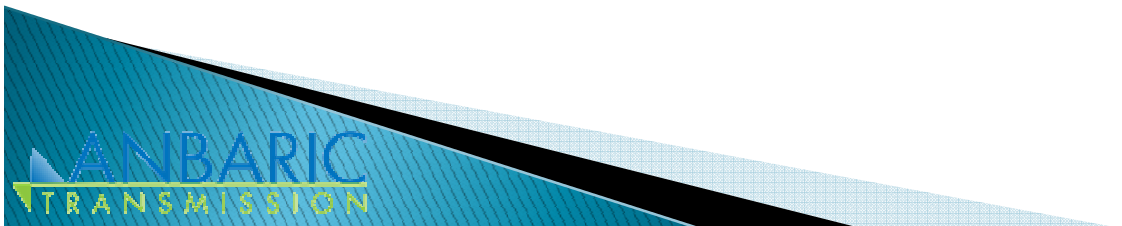
- 230 kV cable from PSE&G substation to
- Back-to-back (AC-DC-AC) converter station
- 345kV underground cable 3 miles to Hudson River
- Transition from upland cable to submarine cable
- Submarine cable buried 10 to 15 feet below Hudson River for 4 miles
- Transition to upland cable to run along West Side Highway from W52nd St. to W49th St.



Hudson Transmission Project

▶ Challenges

- No room for converter station in NYC
- Narrow terrestrial right of way
- Limited/expensive sites
- Regulatory treatment between two control areas – PJM/NYISO



Green Line

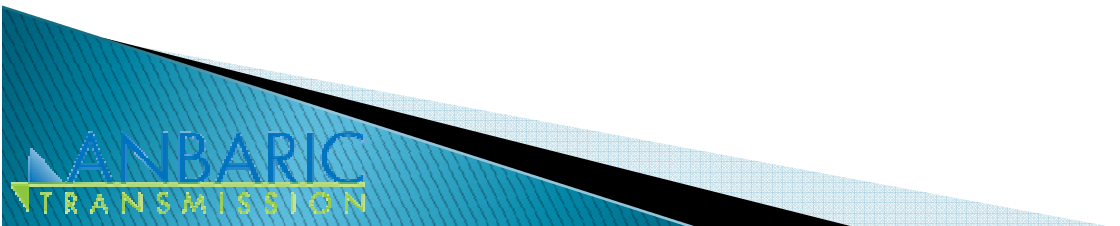
- HVDC transmission system with transfer capability of 800 -1000 MW
- 300+ miles of overhead and submarine conductors between northern Maine and Boston
- 800-1000 MW of wind from northern Maine
- Firming power potential from eastern Canadian resources



Green Line

▶ Challenges

- Length of transmission line
- Combination of OH, UG, and Sub transmission
- Visually sensitive areas
- Narrow terrestrial right of way
- System strength of interconnection locations



Green Line Considerations

- ▶ Transfer capability and conductor sizes
- ▶ Cost and constructability
- ▶ Narrow terrestrial right of way
- ▶ Strength of grid interconnection points
- ▶ Technological advancement with HVDC systems, i.e. compatibility of VSC technology with overhead conductors and the development of DC breakers
- ▶ Submarine cable routing
- ▶ Converter station footprint and appearance

Contact Information

Stephen Conant
Senior Vice President
401 Edgewater Place, Suite 640
Wakefield, MA 01880
Direct: 781-6830708

sconant@anbaricpower.com
www.AnbaricTransmission.com

