# Historical Transmission Congestion Study Northwest Power Pool Paths 

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## Transmission Use has elements that are Seen and Unseen

- Seen (with work)
- Firm Rights
- Schedules (some)
- Flow
- Unseen (may be impossible to spot)
- Internal Network Use (usually)
- Use as Option (Both NT and PtP)
- Seasonal Needs
- Weather Driven Changes
» High/Low Water
» Hot/Cold temps
- Access to market to buy and sell energy
- Fuel Hedge
- Access to Contingency Reserves
- Replacement Reserves
" Only Scheduled the hour after outage on
- Emergency Purchases
- Seldom used (we hope)
- Operational Reserves
- Seldom flow
- may not be scheduled (from own network resources internal to own system)


## Major Transmission Paths out of Montana and Wyoming



## Montana \& Wyoming Paths compared to Resources

Transmission out of region
About $\mathbf{7 2 0 0}$ MW Total


Existing Resources in region About 8700 MW Total


Current System is fully utilized - New Resources need new transmission

## Montana \& Wyoming

Resource Potential is Huge, but how to move?
Source - http://wwind.nrel.gov/public/WWVIS/maps/nequad wind.pd
http://www.eia.doe.gov/cneaf/coal/reserves/chapter1.html\#fig1

Montana \& Wyoming Wind sites


Montana \& Wyoming Coal Fields


## Montana to the Northwest - WECC Path 8

- East to West limit is rated at 2200 MW
- Two 500 kV lines built for Colstrip with seven lower voltage elements and a remedial action scheme
- Low Loads in Eastern Montana
- 2500 MW Thermal
- 300 MW Hydro
- 150 MW Wind and Growing fast
- Major Wind, Coal and Lignite additions are possible to the east


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## Bridger West - WECC path 19

East to West limit is rated at 2200 MW Three 345 kV lines and a remedial action scheme

Tied to the Jim Bridger Plant - 2120 MW of mine-mouth coal

Over 600 MW Wind (and growing) and 1000 MW Coal are on PacifiCorp's, system to the east
Major Wind and Coal additions are possible to the east

WYOMING



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## AC Intertie - COI or WECC path 66

- North to South 4800 MW
- South to North 3675 MW
- Three 500 kV lines and a remedial action scheme
- Seasonal Exchanges
- California Summer while Northwest Winter Peaking
- California was thermal and built for summer peak loads
- Northwest was hydro based and built for annual energy
- Became a market hub
- Option for Economy Energy
- Option for Emergency Energy



## Tot 2C - WECC path 35

- North to South 300 MW
- South to North 300 MW
- Single 345 kV line
- Long line (Sigurd-Harry Allen is about 250 miles)
- Load Service in the middle



## PacifiCorp's Energy Gateway Project

http://www.oasis.pacificorp.com/oasis/ppw/energygateway.html


